

本地生產總值 Gross Domestic Product

2019 年第 3 季
Third Quarter 2019



香港特別行政區 政府統計處
Census and Statistics Department
Hong Kong Special Administrative Region



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概況

2019年第3季按開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值

本地生產總值在2019年第3季較上年同期實質下跌2.9%，而第2季則上升0.4%。

經季節性調整而作相連季度比較的本地生產總值，在2019年第3季較第2季實質下跌3.2%。

按本地生產總值各個主要組成部分分析，私人消費開支在2019年第3季與上年同期比較實質下跌3.4%，而第2季則上升1.3%。

按國民經濟核算定義計算的政府消費開支，繼2019年第2季上升4.0%後，在第3季與上年同期比較實質上升5.9%。

本地固定資本形成總額，在2019年第3季與上年同期比較實質顯著下跌16.3%，而第2季的跌幅為10.8%。

本地固定資本形成總額中，投放在機器、設備及知識產權產品的開支在2019年第3季與上年同期比較實質大幅下跌26.6%，較第2季12.1%的跌幅為大。

另一方面，本地固定資本形成總額內的樓宇及建造開支繼2019年第2季下跌9.3%後，在第3季較上年同期實質下跌5.7%。在這類別內，私營及公營部門的樓宇及建造開支在2019年第3季分別實質下跌6.7%及3.5%。

同期，貨品出口總額與上年同期比較錄得7.1%的實質跌幅，而2019年第2季的跌幅為5.4%。貨品進口在2019年第3季實質下跌11.2%，而第2季則下跌6.7%。

服務輸出繼2019年第2季下跌1.1%後，第3季與上年同期比較實質下跌13.8%。服務輸入在2019年第3季實質下跌4.0%，而第2季則上升1.3%。

用作概括量度整體通貨膨脹的本地生產總值內含平減物價指數，在2019年第3季較上年同期上升2.5%，而第2季的升幅為2.9%。

General Observations

GDP by expenditure component for the third quarter of 2019

In the third quarter of 2019, the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) decreased by 2.9% in real terms from a year earlier, compared with the increase of 0.4% in the second quarter.

On a seasonally adjusted quarter-to-quarter comparison basis, GDP decreased by 3.2% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019 when compared with the second quarter.

Analysed by major GDP component, private consumption expenditure decreased by 3.4% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019 from a year earlier, as against the 1.3% growth in the second quarter.

Government consumption expenditure measured in national accounts terms grew by 5.9% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, after the increase of 4.0% in the second quarter.

Gross domestic fixed capital formation (GDFCF) decreased significantly by 16.3% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019 from a year earlier, compared with the decrease of 10.8% in the second quarter.

Within the total GDFCF, expenditure on machinery, equipment and intellectual property products decreased notably by 26.6% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019 from a year earlier, larger than the decline of 12.1% in the second quarter.

On the other hand, expenditure on building and construction in GDFCF dropped by 5.7% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019 from a year earlier, after the decline of 9.3% in the second quarter. Within this category, expenditure on building and construction in respect of private and public sectors decreased by 6.7% and 3.5% respectively in real terms in the third quarter of 2019.

Over the same period, total exports of goods recorded a decrease of 7.1% in real terms from a year earlier, compared with the decrease of 5.4% in the second quarter of 2019. Imports of goods fell by 11.2% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019, compared with the decline of 6.7% in the second quarter.

Exports of services decreased by 13.8% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019 from a year earlier, following the decline of 1.1% in the second quarter. Imports of services decreased by 4.0% in real terms in the third quarter of 2019, as against the increase of 1.3% in the second quarter.

The implicit price deflator of GDP, as a broad measure of overall inflation in the economy, increased by 2.5% in the third quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, compared with the increase of 2.9% in the second quarter.

與上一期季刊發布的數字比較，經納入最新資料後，2019年第2季的本地生產總值按年實質升幅由0.5%修訂至0.4%。至於與在2019年10月31日公布的預先估計數字比較，2019年第3季的本地生產總值的按年實質跌幅維持在2.9%，而經季節性調整作相連季度比較的實質跌幅亦維持在3.2%。

2019年第2季按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值

在2019年9月下旬已發布的2019年第2季以環比物量計算按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值初步數字，在獲得更多數據後已作出修訂。

修訂數字顯示所有服務活動合計的淨產值在2019年第2季實質上升1.3%，而第1季的升幅為1.9%。

按組成服務行業分析及與上年同期比較，進出口貿易、批發及零售業的淨產值，繼2019年第1季與上年同期比較實質下跌0.8%後，在第2季下跌3.7%。這主要是由於隨着環球經濟增長偏軟、美國與內地在貿易爭議摩擦升溫，連帶亞洲的製造業和貿易活動放緩，外部需求在第二季收縮。

金融及保險業的淨產值，在2019年第2季與上年同期比較實質上升3.7%，而第1季的升幅為3.0%。季內股票交投活動大致保持活躍，而集資活動亦有相對改善，令該行業的淨產值持續增長。

住宿服務（包括酒店、賓館、旅舍及其他提供短期住宿服務的機構單位）及膳食服務業的淨產值，在2019年第2季與上年同期比較實質下跌1.3%，而第1季則上升2.8%。

運輸、倉庫、郵政及速遞服務業的淨產值，繼2019年第1季與上年同期比較實質上升2.4%後，在第2季上升2.0%。

資訊及通訊業的淨產值，在2019年第2季與上年同期比較實質上升6.1%，而第1季的升幅為4.8%。

As compared with the figures published in the last quarterly report, after incorporation of the latest information available, the year-on-year growth rate of GDP in real terms for the second quarter of 2019 was revised from 0.5% to 0.4%. As compared with the advance estimates released on 31 October 2019, the year-on-year percentage change of GDP in real terms for the third quarter of 2019 remained at the decrease of 2.9%; whereas on a seasonally adjusted quarter-to-quarter comparison basis, the decrease in real terms also remained at 3.2%.

GDP by economic activity for the second quarter of 2019

The preliminary figures of chain volume measures of GDP by economic activity for the second quarter of 2019, which had already been released in late September 2019, were subsequently revised as more data became available.

The revised figures showed that net output in respect of all the services activities taken together increased by 1.3% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, compared with the 1.9% increase in the first quarter of 2019.

Analysed by constituent services sector and on a year-on-year comparison, net output in the import and export, wholesale and retail trades sector dropped by 3.7% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 from a year earlier, after the decrease of 0.8% in the first quarter. This was mainly attributable to the contraction of external demand in the second quarter amid softening global economic growth, intensifying US-Mainland trade tensions and the resultant slowdown in manufacturing and trading activities in Asia.

Net output in the financing and insurance sector increased by 3.7% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, compared with the 3.0% rise in the first quarter. Stock trading activities stayed generally active and fund raising activities showed relative improvement during the quarter, leading to a continuous growth of net output in this sector.

Net output in the accommodation services (covering hotels, guesthouses, boarding houses and other establishments providing short term accommodation) and food services sector decreased by 1.3% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, as against the increase of 2.8% in the first quarter.

Net output in the transportation, storage, postal and courier services sector increased by 2.0% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, following the growth of 2.4% in the first quarter.

Net output in the information and communications sector increased by 6.1% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, compared with the growth of 4.8% in the first quarter.

地產、專業及商用服務業的淨產值，在2019年第2季與上年同期比較實質上升1.6%，與第1季1.7%的升幅相若。

公共行政、社會及個人服務業的淨產值，在2019年第2季與上年同期比較實質上升3.3%，與第1季3.4%的升幅相若。

就服務行業以外的其他行業而言，本地製造業的淨產值，在2019年第2季與上年同期比較實質上升0.4%，而第1季的升幅為1.4%。

電力、燃氣和自來水供應及廢棄物管理業的淨產值，繼2019年第1季與上年同期比較實質下跌0.5%後，在第2季下跌1.3%。

建造業的淨產值，繼2019年第1季與上年同期比較實質下跌2.6%後，在第2季下跌9.0%。

2018年按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值 (以當時價格計算)

以當時價格計算按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值統計數字，主要是根據按年經濟統計調查所得的數據編製而成，於分析不同經濟活動對整體本地生產總值的貢獻十分有用。

2018年以當時價格計算按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值初步數字顯示，進出口貿易、批發及零售業佔本地生產總值最大比重(21.3%)。其次是金融及保險業(19.9%)和公共行政、社會及個人服務業(18.4%)。

2019年第2季的本地居民總收入

在2019年9月中旬發布的2019年第2季的本地居民總收入初步數字，亦根據修訂後的本地生產總值作出相應修訂。

在2019年第2季，以當時市價計算的本地居民總收入較上年同期上升3.7%至7,591億元，而2019年第1季的升幅為3.5%。

以當時市價計算，2019年第2季的本地居民總收入較本地生產總值多出610億元，顯示有相等數額的對外初次收入淨流入，相當於該季本地生產總值的8.7%。

扣除價格變動的影響後，2019年第2季的實質本地居民總收入較上年同期上升0.7%。

Net output in the real estate, professional and business services sector rose by 1.6% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, similar to the growth of 1.7% in the first quarter.

Net output in the public administration, social and personal services sector recorded an increase of 3.3% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, similar to the growth of 3.4% in the first quarter.

As for sectors other than the services sectors, net output in the local manufacturing sector rose by 0.4% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier, compared with the growth of 1.4% in the first quarter.

Net output in the electricity, gas and water supply, and waste management sector dropped by 1.3% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 from a year earlier, after the decrease of 0.5% in the first quarter.

Net output in the construction sector decreased by 9.0% in real terms in the second quarter of 2019 from a year earlier, following the decrease of 2.6% in the first quarter.

GDP by economic activity at current prices for 2018

Statistics on GDP by economic activity at current prices, which are compiled mainly based on data collected from the annual economic surveys, are useful for analysis of the contribution of different economic activities to the total GDP.

The preliminary figures of GDP by economic activity at current prices for 2018 showed that the import and export, wholesale and retail trades sector accounted for the largest share (21.3%) of the GDP, followed by the financing and insurance sector (19.9%), and the public administration, social and personal services sector (18.4%).

GNI for the second quarter of 2019

The preliminary figures of Gross National Income (GNI) for the second quarter of 2019, which were released in mid-September 2019, were also revised accordingly based on the revised GDP estimates.

In the second quarter of 2019, GNI increased by 3.7% over a year earlier to \$759.1 billion at current market prices, compared with the 3.5% increase in the first quarter of 2019.

Measured at current market prices, the value of GNI was larger than GDP by \$61.0 billion in the second quarter of 2019, representing a net external primary income inflow of the same amount, and equivalent to 8.7% of GDP in that quarter.

After netting out the effect of price changes, real GNI increased by 0.7% in the second quarter of 2019 over a year earlier.

2019年第2季的香港初次收入總流入較上年同期上升4.1%至4,782億元，相當於該季本地生產總值的68.5%。就初次收入總流入的主要組成部分而言，直接投資收益、證券投資收益、其他投資收益及儲備資產收益分別較上年同期上升0.8%、8.0%、8.9%及17.3%。

2019年第2季的初次收入總流出較上年同期上升3.6%至4,172億元，相當於該季本地生產總值的59.8%。就初次收入總流出的主要組成部分而言，直接投資收益、證券投資收益及其他投資收益分別較上年同期上升2.5%、5.7%及9.2%。

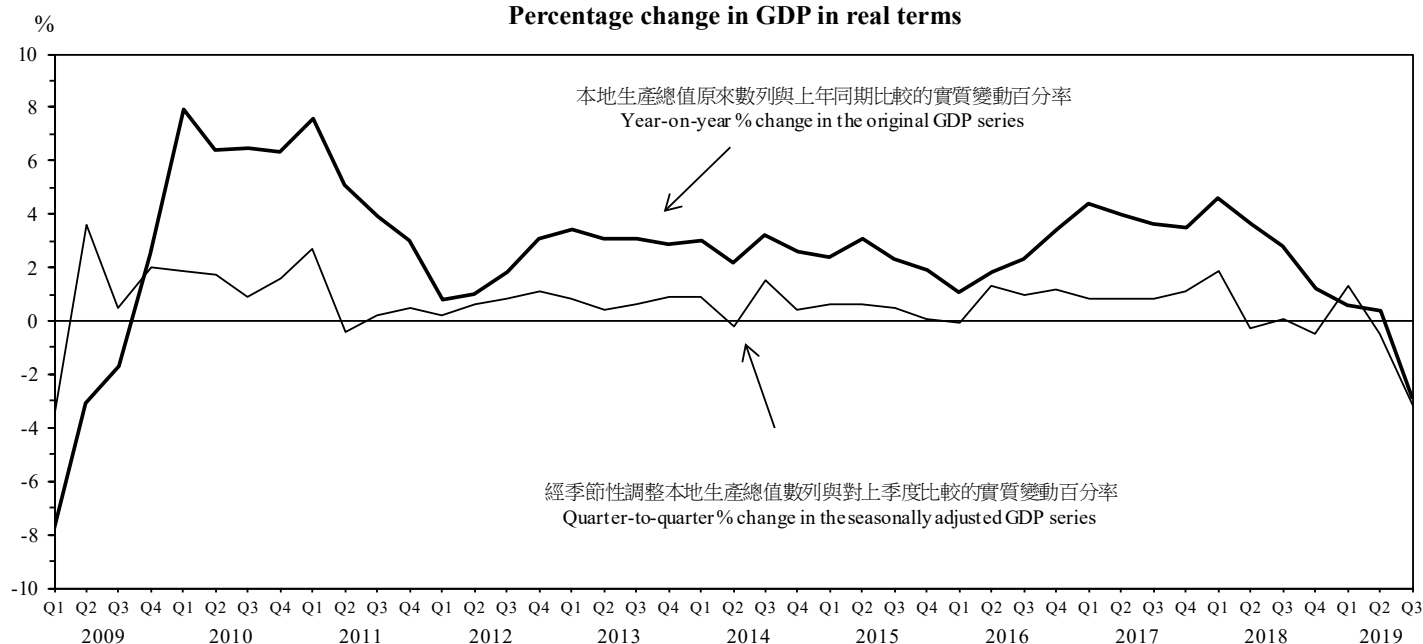
把總流入和總流出一併計算，2019年第2季的對外初次收入淨流入為610億元，而2019年第1季的收入淨流入為230億元。

Total primary income inflow into Hong Kong, estimated at \$478.2 billion in the second quarter of 2019 and equivalent to 68.5% of GDP in that quarter, increased by 4.1% over a year earlier. As for the major components of total primary income inflow, direct investment income (DII), portfolio investment income (PII), other investment income (OII) and income on reserve assets increased by 0.8%, 8.0%, 8.9% and 17.3% respectively over a year earlier.

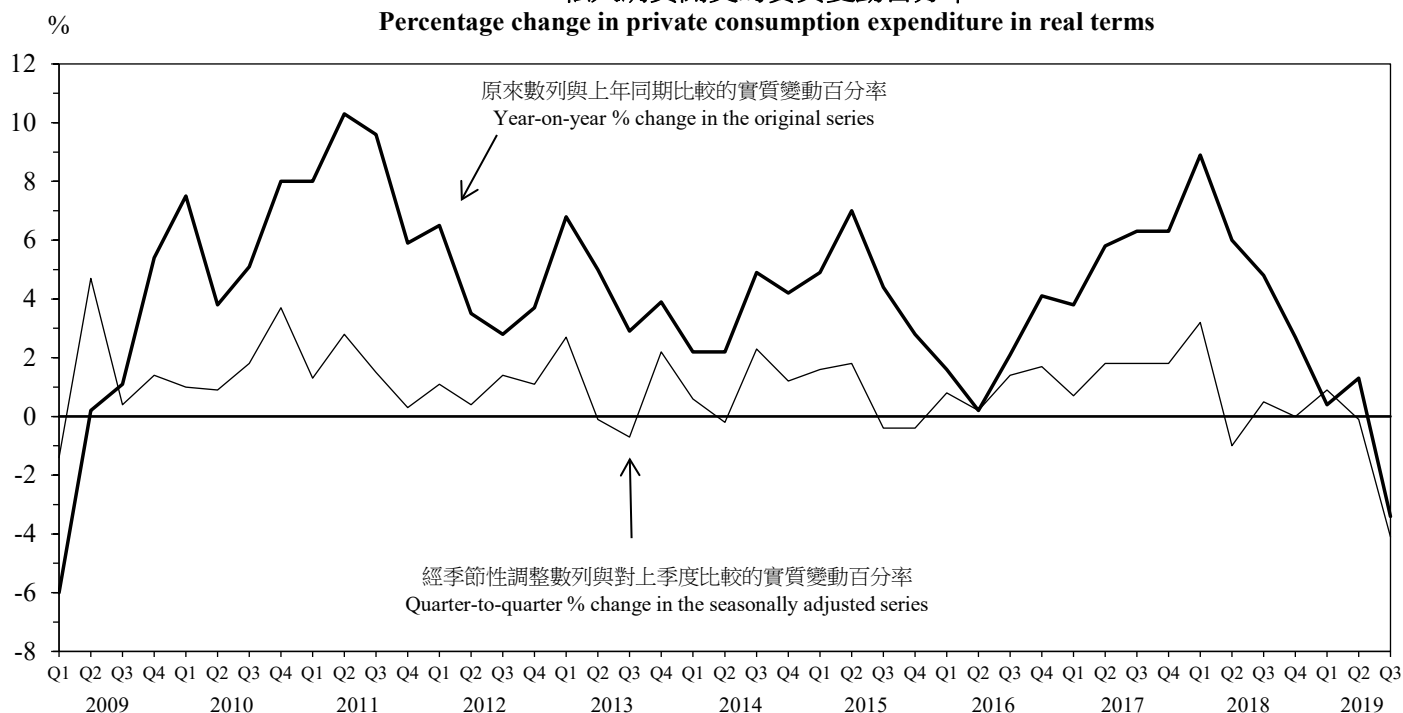
Total primary income outflow, estimated at \$417.2 billion in the second quarter of 2019 and equivalent to 59.8% of GDP in that quarter, increased by 3.6% over a year earlier. Regarding the major components of total primary income outflow, DII, PII and OII increased by 2.5%, 5.7% and 9.2% respectively over a year earlier.

Taking the inflow and outflow together, a net external primary income inflow of \$61.0 billion was recorded in the second quarter of 2019, compared with the net income inflow of \$23.0 billion in the first quarter of 2019.

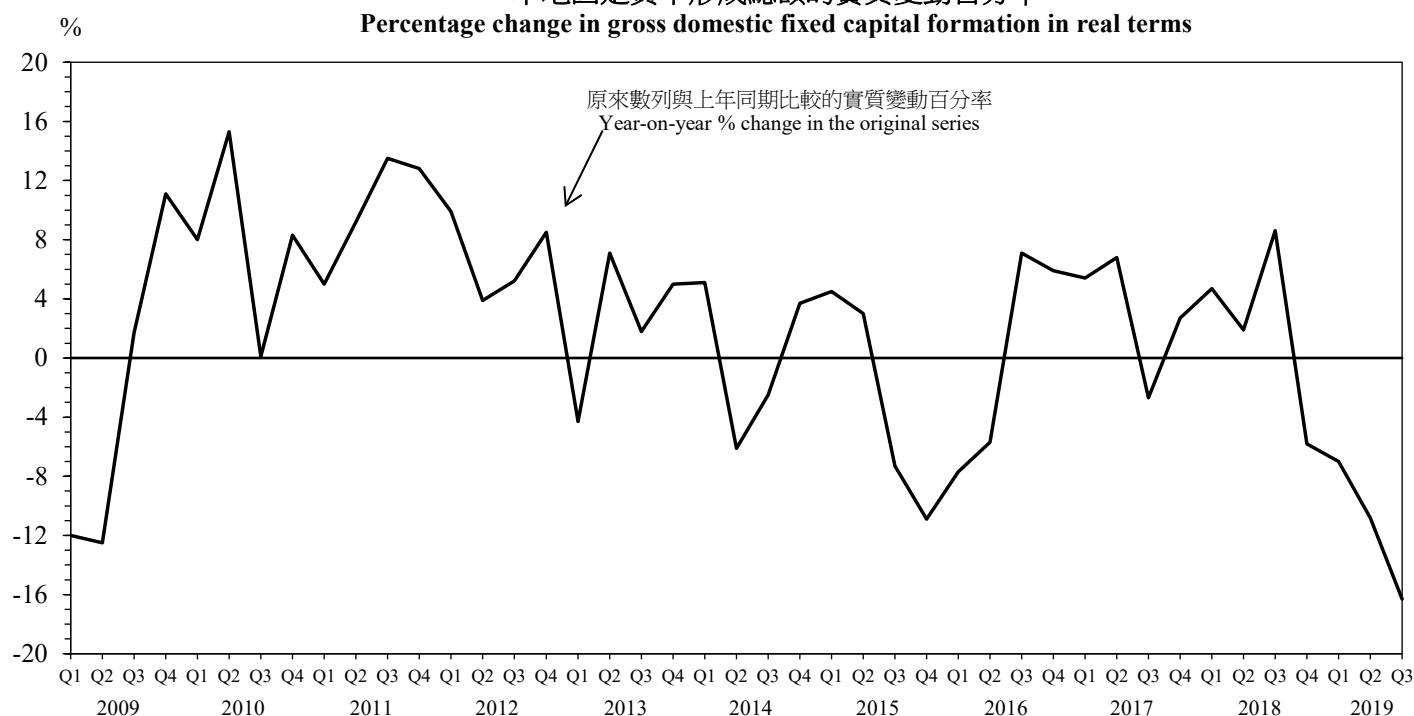
本地生產總值的實質變動百分率
Percentage change in GDP in real terms



私人消費開支的實質變動百分率
Percentage change in private consumption expenditure in real terms



本地固定資本形成總額的實質變動百分率
Percentage change in gross domestic fixed capital formation in real terms

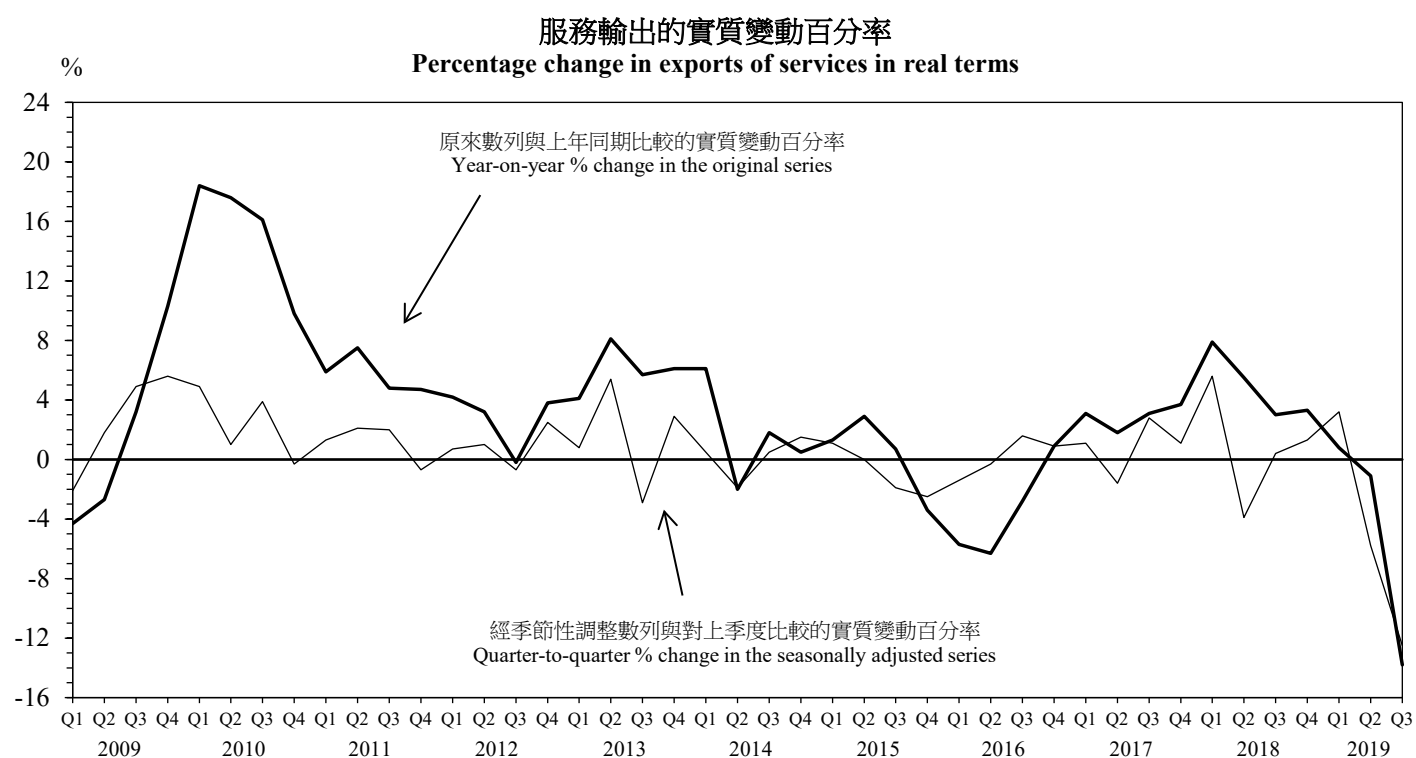
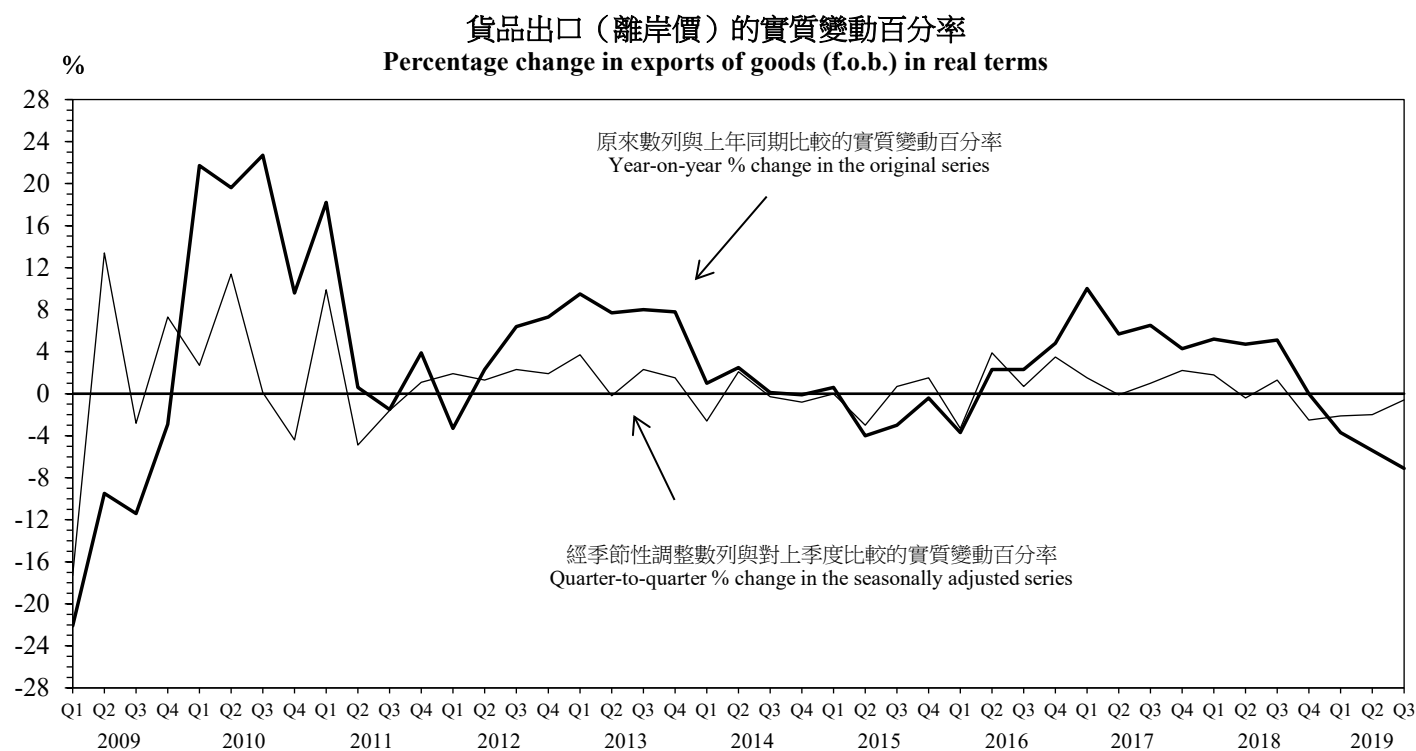


註釋：經季節性調整的本地固定資本形成總額數列並無製備，因為該開支組成部分並無顯示明顯的季節性模式。

Note: Seasonally adjusted figures are not compiled for gross domestic fixed capital formation as no clear seasonal pattern is displayed in this expenditure component.

貨品與服務貿易 *

Trade in goods and services *



* 數列是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。

* Series are compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchanting under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*.

貨品進口（離岸價）的實質變動百分率
Percentage change in imports of goods (f.o.b.) in real terms



服務輸入的實質變動百分率
Percentage change in imports of services in real terms

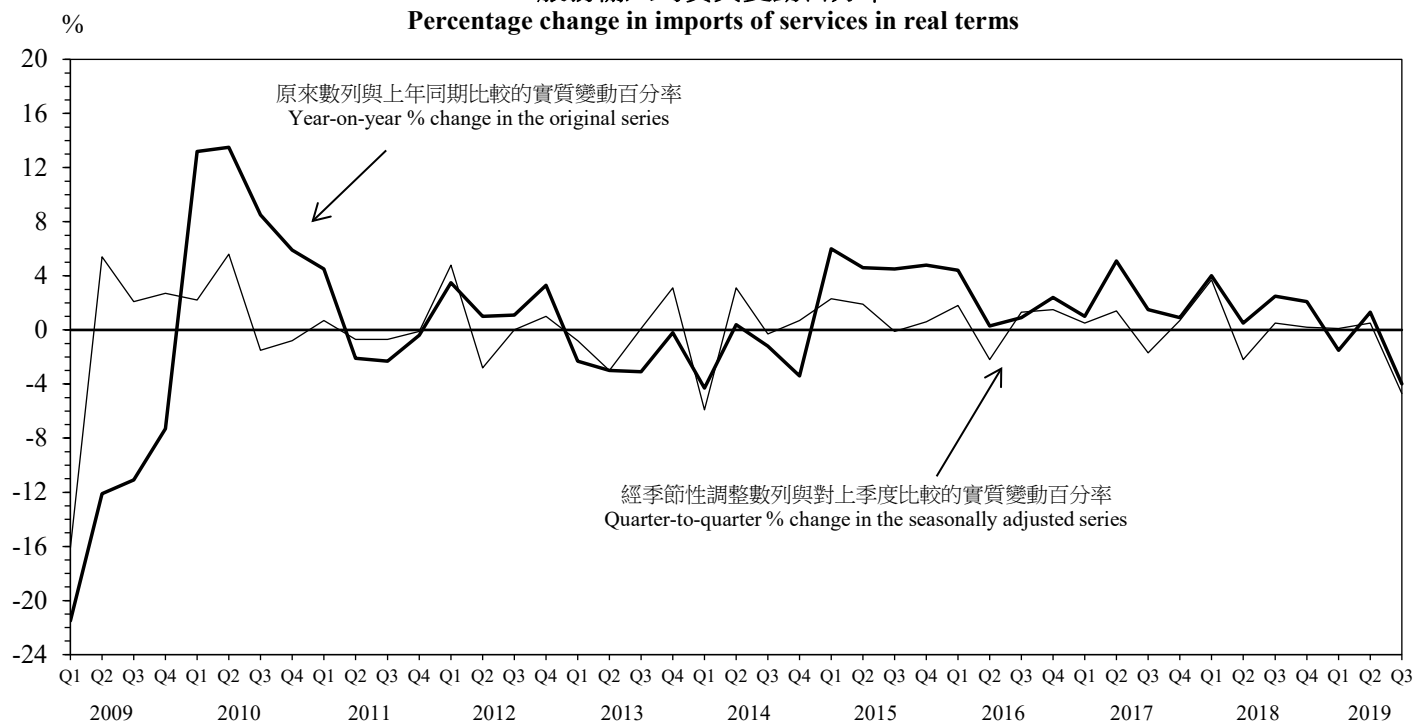


表 1 本地生產總值、本地生產總值內含平減物價指數
及按人口平均計算的本地生產總值

Table 1 GDP, implicit price deflator of GDP and per capita GDP

年 季 Year Quarter	本地生產總值 —以當時市價計算		本地生產總值 —以2017年 環比物量計算		本地生產總值 內含平減 物價指數		按人口平均計算的 本地生產總值 [#] —以當時市價計算		按人口平均計算的 本地生產總值 [#] —以2017年 環比物量計算	
	GDP at current market prices		GDP in chained (2017) dollars		Implicit price deflator of GDP		Per capita GDP [#] at current market prices		Per capita GDP [#] in chained (2017) dollars	
	(百萬港元) (HK\$ million)		(百萬港元) (HK\$ million)		(2017年=100) (Year 2017=100)		(港元) (HK\$)		(港元) (HK\$)	
2009	1,659,245	(-2.8)	2,032,629	(-2.5)	81.6	(-0.4)	237,960	(-3.0)	291,508	(-2.7)
2010	1,776,332	(7.1)	2,170,189	(6.8)	81.9	(0.3)	252,887	(6.3)	308,959	(6.0)
2011	1,934,430	(8.9)	2,274,677	(4.8)	85.0	(3.9)	273,549	(8.2)	321,664	(4.1)
2012	2,037,059	(5.3)	2,313,353	(1.7)	88.1	(3.5)	284,899	(4.1)	323,541	(0.6)
2013	2,138,305	(5.0)	2,385,103	(3.1)	89.7	(1.8)	297,860	(4.5)	332,238	(2.7)
2014	2,260,005	(5.7)	2,450,989	(2.8)	92.2	(2.9)	312,609	(5.0)	339,026	(2.0)
2015	2,398,280	(6.1)	2,509,513	(2.4)	95.6	(3.6)	328,924	(5.2)	344,179	(1.5)
2016	2,490,617	(3.9)	2,564,130	(2.2)	97.1	(1.6)	339,478	(3.2)	349,498	(1.5)
2017 ^r	2,662,836	(6.9)	2,662,836	(3.8)	100.0	(3.0)	360,247	(6.1)	360,247	(3.1)
2018 ^r	2,842,883	(6.8)	2,742,787	(3.0)	103.6	(3.6)	381,544	(5.9)	368,110	(2.2)
2014	1	535,907	(5.2)	593,242	(3.0)	90.3	(2.1)	-	-	-
	2	526,194	(6.9)	579,115	(2.2)	90.9	(4.6)	-	-	-
	3	580,793	(5.4)	624,414	(3.2)	93.0	(2.1)	-	-	-
	4	617,111	(5.4)	654,218	(2.6)	94.3	(2.7)	-	-	-
2015	1	572,160	(6.8)	607,203	(2.4)	94.2	(4.3)	-	-	-
	2	565,750	(7.5)	597,014	(3.1)	94.8	(4.3)	-	-	-
	3	614,251	(5.8)	638,648	(2.3)	96.2	(3.4)	-	-	-
	4	646,119	(4.7)	666,648	(1.9)	96.9	(2.7)	-	-	-
2016	1	590,556	(3.2)	614,165	(1.1)	96.2	(2.0)	-	-	-
	2	585,135	(3.4)	607,780	(1.8)	96.3	(1.6)	-	-	-
	3	636,393	(3.6)	653,096	(2.3)	97.4	(1.3)	-	-	-
	4	678,533	(5.0)	689,089	(3.4)	98.5	(1.6)	-	-	-
2017	1 ^r	632,128	(7.0)	641,053	(4.4)	98.6	(2.5)	-	-	-
	2 ^r	629,105	(7.5)	631,800	(4.0)	99.6	(3.4)	-	-	-
	3 ^r	680,303	(6.9)	676,801	(3.6)	100.5	(3.2)	-	-	-
	4 ^r	721,300	(6.3)	713,182	(3.5)	101.1	(2.7)	-	-	-
2018	1 ^r	686,367	(8.6)	670,819	(4.6)	102.3	(3.8)	-	-	-
	2 ^r	675,260	(7.3)	654,271	(3.6)	103.2	(3.7)	-	-	-
	3 ^r	726,352	(6.8)	696,011	(2.8)	104.4	(3.8)	-	-	-
	4 ^r	754,904	(4.7)	721,686	(1.2)	104.6	(3.4)	-	-	-
2019	1 ^r	712,514	(3.8)	674,829	(0.6)	105.6	(3.2)	-	-	-
	2 ^r	698,044	(3.4)	657,134	(0.4)	106.2	(2.9)	-	-	-
	3 ^r	722,831	(-0.5)	676,060	(-2.9)	106.9	(2.5)	-	-	-

括號內數字表示按年變動百分率。

請參閱註釋第3段。

- 不適用

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

Figures in brackets refer to year-on-year percentage change.

Please see paragraph 3 of the explanatory notes.

- Not applicable

r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 2 經季節性調整的實質本地生產總值
及本地生產總值內含平減物價指數[#]
- 與對上季度比較的變動百分率 -

Table 2 Seasonally adjusted GDP in real terms
and implicit price deflator of GDP[#]
- Percentage change over the preceding quarter -

									%
年 季		本地 生產總值	私人 消費開支	政府 消費開支	貨品出口* (離岸價)	服務輸出*	貨品進口* (離岸價)	服務輸入*	本地生產總值 內含平減 物價指數
Year	Quarter	Gross Domestic Product	Private consumption expenditure	Government consumption expenditure	Exports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Exports of services*	Imports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Imports of services*	Implicit price deflator of GDP
2010	1	1.9	1.0	1.0	2.7	4.9	4.8	2.2	0.5
	2	1.7	0.9	1.2	11.4	1.0	6.1	5.6	-2.3
	3	0.9	1.8	0.9	0.1	3.9	0.3	-1.5	2.2
	4	1.6	3.7	-0.4	-4.4	-0.3	-2.2	-0.8	0.3
2011	1	2.7	1.3	1.3	9.9	1.3	9.2	0.7	1.9
	2	-0.4	2.8	§	-4.9	2.1	-3.1	-0.7	1.1
	3	0.2	1.5	0.9	-1.6	2.0	-0.4	-0.7	0.6
	4	0.5	0.3	1.1	1.1	-0.7	1.0	-0.1	0.3
2012	1	0.2	1.1	1.5	1.9	0.7	1.8	4.8	1.6
	2	0.6	0.4	0.3	1.3	1.0	1.3	-2.8	0.4
	3	0.8	1.4	0.8	2.3	-0.7	2.9	§	1.3
	4	1.1	1.1	0.7	1.9	2.5	2.2	1.0	0.4
2013	1	0.8	2.7	0.5	3.7	0.8	4.1	-0.8	-0.3
	2	0.4	-0.1	1.4	-0.2	5.4	0.6	-3.0	-0.8
	3	0.6	-0.7	0.1	2.3	-2.9	2.6	0.1	3.1
	4	0.9	2.2	0.4	1.5	2.9	1.4	3.1	0.5
2014	1	0.9	0.6	0.7	-2.6	0.5	-2.1	-5.9	-0.5
	2	-0.2	-0.2	1.2	2.1	-1.9	1.1	3.1	1.2
	3	1.5	2.3	1.4	-0.3	0.5	0.1	-0.3	0.9
	4	0.4	1.2	0.4	-0.8	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.1
2015	1	0.6	1.6	1.1	§	1.1	-1.7	2.3	1.1
	2	0.6	1.8	0.6	-3.0	§	-2.8	1.9	1.0
	3	0.5	-0.4	0.5	0.7	-1.9	-0.6	-0.1	0.3
	4	0.1	-0.4	1.1	1.5	-2.5	1.7	0.6	0.5
2016	1	-0.1	0.8	1.1	-3.3	-1.4	-4.2	1.8	0.3
	2	1.3	0.2	0.9	3.9	-0.3	4.1	-2.2	0.3
	3	1.0	1.4	0.6	0.7	1.6	1.7	1.3	0.3
	4	1.2	1.7	0.6	3.5	0.9	3.3	1.5	0.9
2017	1 ^r	0.8	0.7	0.3	1.5	1.1	1.0	0.5	0.9
	2 ^r	0.8	1.8	1.1	-0.1	-1.6	0.2	1.4	1.1
	3 ^r	0.8	1.8	1.6	1.0	2.8	1.8	-1.7	0.3
	4 ^r	1.1	1.8	-0.2	2.2	1.1	2.9	0.7	0.6
2018	1 ^r	1.9	3.2	1.7	1.8	5.6	1.6	3.7	1.8
	2 ^r	-0.3	-1.0	1.1	-0.4	-3.9	-0.2	-2.2	0.8
	3 ^r	0.1	0.5	0.6	1.3	0.4	3.1	0.5	0.6
	4 ^r	-0.5	§	1.3	-2.5	1.3	-4.7	0.2	0.3
2019	1 ^r	1.3	0.9	1.4	-2.1	3.2	-2.3	0.1	1.4
	2 ^r	-0.5	-0.1	0.6	-2.0	-5.8	-2.8	0.5	0.5
	3 ^r	-3.2	-4.1	2.5	-0.6	-12.5	-1.9	-4.7	0.3

[#] 請參閱註釋第34至37段。

* 數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

[#] Please see paragraphs 34 to 37 of the explanatory notes for details.

* Figures are compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchanting under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

§ Change within ±0.05%

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 3 各組成部分在本地生產總值的按年實質變動百分率中所佔的比率[#]

Table 3 Component contribution to year-on-year rate of change in real terms of GDP[#]

年 季	本地 生產總值	私人 消費開支	政府 消費開支	本地固定資 本形成總額	存貨增減	貨品出口* (離岸價)	服務輸出*	貨品進口* (離岸價)	服務輸入*
Year Quarter	Gross Domestic Product	Private consumption expenditure	Government consumption expenditure	Gross domestic fixed capital formation	Changes in inventories	Exports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Exports of services*	Imports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Imports of services*
	變動百分率 % change	百分點 % point	百分點 % point	百分點 % point	百分點 % point	百分點 % point	百分點 % point	百分點 % point	百分點 % point
2009	-2.5	0.1	0.2	-0.7	0.9	-18.2	0.5	10.4	4.3
2010	6.8	3.7	0.3	1.6	0.9	26.7	4.6	-28.2	-2.9
2011	4.8	5.2	0.2	2.2	-1.5	7.9	2.0	-11.2	0.1
2012	1.7	2.6	0.3	1.6	-0.8	5.8	1.0	-8.2	-0.7
2013	3.1	3.0	0.2	0.7	0.1	14.6	2.2	-18.4	0.6
2014	2.8	2.2	0.3	§	0.4	1.5	0.6	-2.9	0.6
2015	2.4	3.2	0.3	-0.7	-1.2	-3.0	0.1	5.0	-1.3
2016	2.2	1.3	0.3	§	0.9	2.5	-1.2	-1.2	-0.5
2017 ^r	3.8	3.7	0.3	0.6	0.5	10.1	0.9	-11.7	-0.5
2018 ^r	3.0	3.7	0.4	0.4	-0.1	5.8	1.5	-8.1	-0.5
2014 1	3.0	1.5	0.3	1.1	-0.1	1.7	2.4	-5.0	1.2
2	2.2	1.5	0.2	-1.6	2.7	4.7	-0.8	-4.4	-0.1
3	3.2	3.0	0.3	-0.6	-0.7	0.3	0.7	-0.1	0.3
4	2.6	2.7	0.3	0.9	-0.1	-0.2	0.2	-2.1	0.9
2015 1	2.4	3.3	0.4	1.0	-2.0	1.0	0.5	-0.4	-1.5
2	3.1	4.9	0.3	0.7	-2.5	-7.2	1.0	6.9	-1.2
3	2.3	2.8	0.3	-1.7	-0.6	-5.5	0.3	7.9	-1.2
4	1.9	1.8	0.3	-2.7	0.1	-0.7	-1.2	5.5	-1.2
2016 1	1.1	1.1	0.3	-1.7	0.5	-5.8	-2.1	9.9	-1.0
2	1.8	0.1	0.4	-1.4	1.9	3.7	-2.1	-0.6	-0.1
3	2.3	1.3	0.3	1.5	1.2	3.8	-1.0	-4.6	-0.2
4	3.4	2.7	0.3	1.3	0.1	7.9	0.3	-8.6	-0.6
2017 1 ^r	4.4	2.5	0.2	1.1	1.1	14.4	1.0	-15.7	-0.2
2 ^r	4.0	4.0	0.3	1.5	0.2	9.0	0.5	-10.4	-1.2
3 ^r	3.6	4.0	0.4	-0.6	-0.1	10.4	1.0	-11.1	-0.4
4 ^r	3.5	4.1	0.3	0.6	0.7	6.9	1.1	-10.0	-0.2
2018 1 ^r	4.6	5.9	0.4	1.0	-1.2	7.7	2.5	-10.8	-0.9
2 ^r	3.6	4.2	0.4	0.4	0.1	7.5	1.6	-10.6	-0.1
3 ^r	2.8	3.1	0.3	1.8	1.7	8.3	0.9	-12.7	-0.6
4 ^r	1.2	1.8	0.4	-1.3	-1.2	0.1	1.0	0.9	-0.5
2019 1 ^r	0.6	0.3	0.5	-1.5	-0.5	-5.6	0.3	6.8	0.3
2 ^r	0.4	0.9	0.4	-2.4	-0.8	-8.6	-0.3	11.6	-0.3
3 ^r	-2.9	-2.2	0.6	-3.5	-1.9	-11.9	-4.3	19.5	0.9

由於進位關係，個別項目的數字加起來未必與總數相等。

請參閱註釋第38段。

* 數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

§ 所佔比率在±0.05個百分點之內

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Please see paragraph 38 of the explanatory notes.

* Figures are compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchanting under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

§ Contribution within ±0.05% point

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表4 按主要開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值
(甲) 以當時市價計算

Table 4 GDP by major expenditure component
(a) At current market prices

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季	本地 生產總值	私人 消費開支	政府 消費開支	本地固定資 本形成總額 Gross domestic fixed capital formation	存貨增減	貨品出口* (離岸價)	服務輸出*	減: Less:	
								貨品進口* (離岸價)	服務輸入*
Year Quarter	Gross Domestic Product	Private consumption expenditure	Government consumption expenditure		Changes in inventories	Exports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Exports of services*	Imports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Imports of services*
2009	1,659,245	1,013,615	152,512	339,552	22,941	2,454,394	501,303	2,351,386	473,686
2010	1,776,332	1,090,234	157,371	386,852	37,522	3,021,492	625,719	2,995,928	546,930
2011	1,934,430	1,224,402	168,517	455,294	11,739	3,406,765	710,716	3,464,968	578,035
2012	2,037,059	1,314,969	185,310	517,411	-3,662	3,632,957	764,026	3,779,686	594,266
2013	2,138,305	1,413,058	198,572	515,516	-1,673	3,926,059	812,640	4,142,651	583,216
2014	2,260,005	1,502,768	214,216	530,916	7,473	3,986,769	829,085	4,237,700	573,522
2015	2,398,280	1,593,091	231,263	537,205	-20,580	3,889,225	808,948	4,066,527	574,345
2016	2,490,617	1,649,941	247,973	535,216	447	3,892,886	764,839	4,022,579	578,106
2017 ^r	2,662,836	1,785,499	261,474	575,991	10,973	4,212,774	812,937	4,391,306	605,506
2018 ^r	2,842,883	1,942,606	280,980	611,616	5,939	4,461,275	891,367	4,715,580	635,320
2014 1	535,907	362,196	54,332	119,571	5,688	891,867	213,209	975,252	135,704
2	526,194	375,516	51,354	126,517	5,997	964,535	192,319	1,052,850	137,194
3	580,793	367,181	53,890	129,919	-4,506	1,058,095	211,453	1,086,679	148,560
4	617,111	397,875	54,640	154,909	294	1,072,272	212,104	1,122,919	152,064
2015 1	572,160	387,482	59,157	130,845	-6,241	904,070	213,111	978,535	137,729
2	565,750	406,647	55,532	136,291	-8,384	929,538	193,270	1,008,874	138,270
3	614,251	385,960	57,877	127,138	-7,589	1,013,576	203,959	1,019,768	146,902
4	646,119	413,002	58,697	142,931	1,634	1,042,041	198,608	1,059,350	151,444
2016 1	590,556	397,799	63,266	120,038	-2,722	846,802	193,243	888,896	138,974
2	585,135	412,757	59,731	127,079	1,838	928,231	176,579	984,529	136,551
3	636,393	401,995	62,184	135,306	105	1,023,161	195,218	1,033,113	148,463
4	678,533	437,390	62,792	152,793	1,226	1,094,692	199,799	1,116,041	154,118
2017 1 ^r	632,128	420,414	67,339	133,218	3,726	945,336	203,234	999,932	141,207
2 ^r	629,105	446,301	62,863	143,618	1,291	995,555	185,126	1,061,481	144,168
3 ^r	680,303	439,884	65,538	137,257	243	1,106,850	208,060	1,121,315	156,214
4 ^r	721,300	478,900	65,734	161,898	5,713	1,165,033	216,517	1,208,578	163,917
2018 1 ^r	686,367	475,962	71,591	142,884	-3,891	1,021,102	230,687	1,095,977	155,991
2 ^r	675,260	489,827	67,525	152,192	1,585	1,068,500	205,032	1,157,721	151,680
3 ^r	726,352	473,745	70,291	158,088	12,669	1,186,197	224,415	1,237,864	161,189
4 ^r	754,904	503,072	71,573	158,452	-4,424	1,185,476	231,233	1,224,018	166,460
2019 1 ^r	712,514	486,905	77,880	137,927	-7,440	1,000,455	234,817	1,067,013	151,017
2 ^r	698,044	509,566	73,487	139,360	-3,414	1,025,024	203,474	1,098,029	151,424
3 ^r	722,831	472,275	77,808	134,833	-592	1,113,208	193,221	1,113,555	154,367

* 數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

* Figures are compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchandising under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 4 按主要開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值
(乙) 以名義計算的按年變動百分率

Table 4 GDP by major expenditure component
(b) Year-on-year percentage change in nominal terms

年	季	本地 生產總值	私人 消費開支	政府 消費開支	本地固定資 本形成總額	貨品出口* (離岸價)	服務輸出*	貨品進口* (離岸價)	服務輸入*
Year	Quarter	Gross Domestic Product	Private consumption expenditure	Government consumption expenditure	Gross domestic fixed capital formation	Exports of goods (f.o.b.)	Exports of services	Imports of goods (f.o.b.)	Imports of services
2009		-2.8	-1.3	3.0	-3.2	-11.0	-7.9	-8.3	-16.2
2010		7.1	7.6	3.2	13.9	23.1	24.8	27.4	15.5
2011		8.9	12.3	7.1	17.7	12.8	13.6	15.7	5.7
2012		5.3	7.4	10.0	13.6	6.6	7.5	9.1	2.8
2013		5.0	7.5	7.2	-0.4	8.1	6.4	9.6	-1.9
2014		5.7	6.3	7.9	3.0	1.5	2.0	2.3	-1.7
2015		6.1	6.0	8.0	1.2	-2.4	-2.4	-4.0	0.1
2016		3.9	3.6	7.2	-0.4	0.1	-5.5	-1.1	0.7
2017 ^r		6.9	8.2	5.4	7.6	8.2	6.3	9.2	4.7
2018 ^r		6.8	8.8	7.5	6.2	5.9	9.6	7.4	4.9
2014	1	5.2	4.6	6.5	1.2	0.8	6.4	2.1	-4.4
	2	6.9	5.7	7.9	-2.1	2.5	-1.7	1.8	2.1
	3	5.4	8.2	8.5	2.3	2.0	3.2	2.6	0.9
	4	5.4	6.9	8.7	9.8	0.9	0.1	2.7	-4.7
2015	1	6.8	7.0	8.9	9.4	1.4	§	0.3	1.5
	2	7.5	8.3	8.1	7.7	-3.6	0.5	-4.2	0.8
	3	5.8	5.1	7.4	-2.1	-4.2	-3.5	-6.2	-1.1
	4	4.7	3.8	7.4	-7.7	-2.8	-6.4	-5.7	-0.4
2016	1	3.2	2.7	6.9	-8.3	-6.3	-9.3	-9.2	0.9
	2	3.4	1.5	7.6	-6.8	-0.1	-8.6	-2.4	-1.2
	3	3.6	4.2	7.4	6.4	0.9	-4.3	1.3	1.1
	4	5.0	5.9	7.0	6.9	5.1	0.6	5.4	1.8
2017	1 ^r	7.0	5.7	6.4	11.0	11.6	5.2	12.5	1.6
	2 ^r	7.5	8.1	5.2	13.0	7.3	4.8	7.8	5.6
	3 ^r	6.9	9.4	5.4	1.4	8.2	6.6	8.5	5.2
	4 ^r	6.3	9.5	4.7	6.0	6.4	8.4	8.3	6.4
2018	1 ^r	8.6	13.2	6.3	7.3	8.0	13.5	9.6	10.5
	2 ^r	7.3	9.8	7.4	6.0	7.3	10.8	9.1	5.2
	3 ^r	6.8	7.7	7.3	15.2	7.2	7.9	10.4	3.2
	4 ^r	4.7	5.0	8.9	-2.1	1.8	6.8	1.3	1.6
2019	1 ^r	3.8	2.3	8.8	-3.5	-2.0	1.8	-2.6	-3.2
	2 ^r	3.4	4.0	8.8	-8.4	-4.1	-0.8	-5.2	-0.2
	3 ^r	-0.5	-0.3	10.7	-14.7	-6.2	-13.9	-10.0	-4.2

* 數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

* Figures are compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchanting under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

§ Change within ±0.05%

r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 4 按主要開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值

(丙) 以2017年環比物量計算[#]

Table 4 GDP by major expenditure component

(c) In chained (2017) dollars[#]百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季	本地 生產總值	私人 消費開支	政府 消費開支	本地固定資 本形成總額	存貨增減	貨品出口* (離岸價)	服務輸出*	貨品進口* (離岸價)	服務輸入*
Year Quarter	Gross Domestic Product	Private consumption expenditure	Government consumption expenditure	Gross domestic fixed capital formation	Changes in inventories	Exports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Exports of services*	Imports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Imports of services*
2009	2,032,629	1,222,880	204,727	445,510	33,185	2,848,244	605,274	2,800,220	515,602
2010	2,170,189	1,297,647	211,590	479,774	52,541	3,361,824	697,951	3,356,894	567,327
2011	2,274,677	1,406,555	216,782	528,855	14,886	3,517,520	737,460	3,580,579	566,151
2012	2,313,353	1,464,262	224,500	564,750	-3,651	3,633,791	757,542	3,744,394	578,808
2013	2,385,103	1,531,911	230,572	579,230	-1,276	3,932,153	802,629	4,115,805	566,493
2014	2,450,989	1,583,074	237,638	578,571	8,465	3,965,176	815,590	4,176,498	554,262
2015	2,509,513	1,658,451	245,774	560,164	-21,616	3,896,735	818,318	4,064,851	581,714
2016	2,564,130	1,691,548	254,231	559,529	475	3,957,460	789,684	4,093,631	593,338
2017 ^r	2,662,836	1,785,499	261,474	575,991	10,973	4,212,774	812,937	4,391,306	605,506
2018 ^r	2,742,787	1,883,560	272,419	587,667	7,157	4,366,391	852,613	4,607,608	619,412
2014 1	593,242	385,016	61,873	130,232	6,000	900,718	209,636	968,512	130,411
2	579,115	394,002	56,627	140,374	6,886	963,387	189,941	1,034,673	132,594
3	624,414	385,617	59,472	143,419	-4,980	1,046,393	207,033	1,068,448	145,256
4	654,218	418,439	59,666	164,546	559	1,054,678	208,980	1,104,865	146,001
2015 1	607,203	403,941	64,350	136,086	-6,329	906,199	212,447	970,552	138,282
2	597,014	421,720	58,688	144,545	-8,760	925,267	195,376	998,227	138,755
3	638,648	402,760	61,127	132,954	-8,095	1,014,874	208,575	1,023,707	151,731
4	666,648	430,030	61,609	146,579	1,568	1,050,395	201,920	1,072,365	152,946
2016 1	614,165	410,398	66,396	125,551	-3,203	872,352	200,328	912,983	144,341
2	607,780	422,473	60,891	136,252	1,363	946,257	183,051	1,001,764	139,195
3	653,096	411,037	63,294	142,430	426	1,038,138	202,645	1,052,043	153,160
4	689,089	447,640	63,650	155,296	1,889	1,100,713	203,660	1,126,841	156,642
2017 1 ^r	641,053	425,849	67,921	132,292	3,359	959,463	206,456	1,008,582	145,772
2 ^r	631,800	446,919	62,527	145,527	1,437	1,000,282	186,348	1,064,520	146,233
3 ^r	676,801	436,742	65,585	138,631	466	1,105,459	208,902	1,123,458	155,497
4 ^r	713,182	475,989	65,441	159,541	5,711	1,147,570	211,231	1,194,746	158,004
2018 1 ^r	670,819	463,566	70,804	138,499	-4,043	1,008,931	222,781	1,078,050	151,669
2 ^r	654,271	473,639	65,238	148,276	1,620	1,047,453	196,517	1,131,515	146,957
3 ^r	696,011	457,539	67,744	150,563	12,142	1,161,963	215,087	1,209,630	159,397
4 ^r	721,686	488,816	68,633	150,329	-2,562	1,148,044	218,228	1,188,413	161,389
2019 1 ^r	674,829	465,255	73,969	128,761	-7,280	971,183	224,569	1,032,239	149,389
2 ^r	657,134	479,615	67,851	132,269	-3,576	991,062	194,390	1,055,570	148,907
3 ^r	676,060	441,975	71,746	126,010	-1,309	1,079,157	185,493	1,073,986	153,026

整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第16段。

* 數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

* Figures are compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchandising under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 4 按主要開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值
(丁) 以實質計算的按年變動百分率

Table 4 GDP by major expenditure component
(d) Year-on-year percentage change in real terms

年	季	本地 生產總值	私人 消費開支	政府 消費開支	本地固定資 本形成總額	貨品出口* (離岸價)	服務輸出*	貨品進口* (離岸價)	服務輸入*
Year	Quarter	Gross Domestic Product	Private consumption expenditure	Government consumption expenditure	Gross domestic fixed capital formation	Exports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Exports of services	Imports of goods* (f.o.b.)	Imports of services*
2009		-2.5	0.2	2.3	-3.5	-11.2	1.7	-7.0	-12.9
2010		6.8	6.1	3.4	7.7	18.0	15.3	19.9	10.0
2011		4.8	8.4	2.5	10.2	4.6	5.7	6.7	-0.2
2012		1.7	4.1	3.6	6.8	3.3	2.7	4.6	2.2
2013		3.1	4.6	2.7	2.6	8.2	6.0	9.9	-2.1
2014		2.8	3.3	3.1	-0.1	0.8	1.6	1.5	-2.2
2015		2.4	4.8	3.4	-3.2	-1.7	0.3	-2.7	5.0
2016		2.2	2.0	3.4	-0.1	1.6	-3.5	0.7	2.0
2017 ^r		3.8	5.6	2.8	2.9	6.5	2.9	7.3	2.1
2018 ^r		3.0	5.5	4.2	2.0	3.6	4.9	4.9	2.3
2014	1	3.0	2.2	2.5	5.1	1.0	6.1	2.7	-4.3
	2	2.2	2.2	2.6	-6.1	2.5	-2.0	2.2	0.4
	3	3.2	4.9	3.6	-2.5	0.1	1.8	0.1	-1.2
	4	2.6	4.2	3.5	3.7	-0.1	0.5	1.1	-3.4
2015	1	2.4	4.9	4.0	4.5	0.6	1.3	0.2	6.0
	2	3.1	7.0	3.6	3.0	-4.0	2.9	-3.5	4.6
	3	2.3	4.4	2.8	-7.3	-3.0	0.7	-4.2	4.5
	4	1.9	2.8	3.3	-10.9	-0.4	-3.4	-2.9	4.8
2016	1	1.1	1.6	3.2	-7.7	-3.7	-5.7	-5.9	4.4
	2	1.8	0.2	3.8	-5.7	2.3	-6.3	0.4	0.3
	3	2.3	2.1	3.5	7.1	2.3	-2.8	2.8	0.9
	4	3.4	4.1	3.3	5.9	4.8	0.9	5.1	2.4
2017	1 ^r	4.4	3.8	2.3	5.4	10.0	3.1	10.5	1.0
	2 ^r	4.0	5.8	2.7	6.8	5.7	1.8	6.3	5.1
	3 ^r	3.6	6.3	3.6	-2.7	6.5	3.1	6.8	1.5
	4 ^r	3.5	6.3	2.8	2.7	4.3	3.7	6.0	0.9
2018	1 ^r	4.6	8.9	4.2	4.7	5.2	7.9	6.9	4.0
	2 ^r	3.6	6.0	4.3	1.9	4.7	5.5	6.3	0.5
	3 ^r	2.8	4.8	3.3	8.6	5.1	3.0	7.7	2.5
	4 ^r	1.2	2.7	4.9	-5.8	§	3.3	-0.5	2.1
2019	1 ^r	0.6	0.4	4.5	-7.0	-3.7	0.8	-4.2	-1.5
	2 ^r	0.4	1.3	4.0	-10.8	-5.4	-1.1	-6.7	1.3
	3 ^r	-2.9	-3.4	5.9	-16.3	-7.1	-13.8	-11.2	-4.0

* 數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

* Figures are compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchanting under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

§ Change within ±0.05%

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 5 按組成部分劃分的私人消費開支
(甲) 以當時市價計算

Table 5 Private consumption expenditure by component
(a) At current market prices

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年	季	私人 消費開支 Private consumption expenditure	本地市場內的消費開支 Consumption expenditure in the domestic market					本地居民在 境外的開支 Expenditure of residents abroad	<div>減：<div>非本地居民在 本地市場的開支</div> Less : Expenditure of non-residents in the domestic market</div>	
			合計	食品	消費品 Consumer goods					服務
					小計	耐用用品 Consumer durables	非耐用用品 Consumer non- durables			
Year	Quarter		Total	Food	Sub-total	Consumer durables	Consumer non- durables	Services		
2009		1,013,615	1,048,571	145,210	288,472	92,331	196,141	614,889	94,755	129,711
2010		1,090,234	1,160,430	156,598	346,956	117,212	229,744	656,876	105,084	175,280
2011		1,224,402	1,335,047	179,633	451,136	150,961	300,175	704,278	114,116	224,761
2012		1,314,969	1,453,755	197,728	501,228	167,258	333,970	754,799	121,039	259,825
2013		1,413,058	1,588,053	212,473	558,373	173,140	385,233	817,207	128,514	303,509
2014		1,502,768	1,667,451	227,304	559,275	175,221	384,054	880,872	134,564	299,247
2015		1,593,091	1,734,255	236,606	557,919	175,601	382,318	939,730	142,255	283,419
2016		1,649,941	1,759,099	235,714	535,103	154,888	380,215	988,282	149,767	258,925
2017 ^r		1,785,499	1,893,728	246,581	567,401	161,096	406,305	1,079,746	157,456	265,685
2018 ^r		1,942,606	2,071,862	261,325	637,749	180,758	456,991	1,172,788	165,610	294,866
2014	1	362,196	409,506	51,352	144,603	50,395	94,208	213,551	31,251	78,561
	2	375,516	409,906	62,342	127,210	33,485	93,725	220,354	34,215	68,605
	3	367,181	404,017	57,272	129,175	38,226	90,949	217,570	34,906	71,742
	4	397,875	444,022	56,338	158,287	53,115	105,172	229,397	34,192	80,339
2015	1	387,482	430,485	54,322	146,315	51,045	95,270	229,848	33,020	76,023
	2	406,647	437,169	65,134	131,813	37,292	94,521	240,222	36,200	66,722
	3	385,960	415,704	59,094	127,367	37,687	89,680	229,243	36,946	66,690
	4	413,002	450,897	58,056	152,424	49,577	102,847	240,417	36,089	73,984
2016	1	397,799	425,184	53,378	131,488	41,046	90,442	240,318	37,232	64,617
	2	412,757	437,019	65,668	123,637	31,098	92,539	247,714	36,156	60,418
	3	401,995	425,300	57,995	123,812	36,292	87,520	243,493	38,600	61,905
	4	437,390	471,596	58,673	156,166	46,452	109,714	256,757	37,779	71,985
2017	1 ^r	420,414	450,014	55,187	135,355	39,677	95,678	259,472	36,754	66,354
	2 ^r	446,301	466,284	68,261	128,964	30,626	98,338	269,059	40,026	60,009
	3 ^r	439,884	462,546	61,454	133,149	38,899	94,250	267,943	40,817	63,479
	4 ^r	478,900	514,884	61,679	169,933	51,894	118,039	283,272	39,859	75,843
2018	1 ^r	475,962	511,019	59,720	160,215	49,106	111,109	291,084	41,361	76,418
	2 ^r	489,827	517,230	73,901	150,384	36,488	113,896	292,945	40,465	67,868
	3 ^r	473,745	499,901	64,449	147,348	41,546	105,802	288,104	41,880	68,036
	4 ^r	503,072	543,712	63,255	179,802	53,618	126,184	300,655	41,904	82,544
2019	1 ^r	486,905	527,283	60,896	161,704	45,477	116,227	304,683	39,968	80,346
	2 ^r	509,566	534,403	73,363	147,376	33,724	113,652	313,664	44,023	68,860
	3 ^r	472,275	475,927	59,014	118,204	34,143	84,061	298,709	42,675	46,327

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 5 按組成部分劃分的私人消費開支
(乙) 以名義計算的按年變動百分率

Table 5 Private consumption expenditure by component
(b) Year-on-year percentage change in nominal terms

		本地市場內的消費開支 Consumption expenditure in the domestic market							%
年 Year	季 Quarter	私人 消費開支 Private consumption expenditure	合計 Total	食品 Food	消費品 Consumer goods		服務 Services	本地居民在 境外的開支 Expenditure of residents abroad	非本地居民在 本地市場的開支 Expenditure of non-residents in the domestic market
					小計 Sub-total	耐用用品 Consumer durables			
2009		-1.3	-0.3	4.4	-2.0	-8.8	1.6	-0.5	6.8
2010		7.6	10.7	7.8	20.3	26.9	17.1	6.8	35.1
2011		12.3	15.0	14.7	30.0	28.8	30.7	7.2	28.2
2012		7.4	8.9	10.1	11.1	10.8	11.3	7.2	15.6
2013		7.5	9.2	7.5	11.4	3.5	15.3	8.3	16.8
2014		6.3	5.0	7.0	0.2	1.2	-0.3	7.8	-1.4
2015		6.0	4.0	4.1	-0.2	0.2	-0.5	6.7	-5.3
2016		3.6	1.4	-0.4	-4.1	-11.8	-0.6	5.2	-8.6
2017 ^r		8.2	7.7	4.6	6.0	4.0	6.9	9.3	2.6
2018 ^r		8.8	9.4	6.0	12.4	12.2	12.5	8.6	11.0
2014	1	4.6	6.0	8.9	3.8	§	6.0	6.8	10.1
	2	5.7	2.4	8.7	-7.4	-7.4	-7.4	7.3	-8.9
	3	8.2	6.2	6.5	2.2	0.6	2.9	8.6	-3.3
	4	6.9	5.5	3.9	1.9	9.4	-1.4	8.4	-2.8
2015	1	7.0	5.1	5.8	1.2	1.3	1.1	7.6	-3.2
	2	8.3	6.7	4.5	3.6	11.4	0.8	9.0	-2.7
	3	5.1	2.9	3.2	-1.4	-1.4	-1.4	5.4	-7.0
	4	3.8	1.5	3.0	-3.7	-6.7	-2.2	4.8	-7.9
2016	1	2.7	-1.2	-1.7	-10.1	-19.6	-5.1	4.6	-15.0
	2	1.5	§	0.8	-6.2	-16.6	-2.1	3.1	-9.4
	3	4.2	2.3	-1.9	-2.8	-3.7	-2.4	6.2	-7.2
	4	5.9	4.6	1.1	2.5	-6.3	6.7	6.8	-2.7
2017	1 ^r	5.7	5.8	3.4	2.9	-3.3	5.8	8.0	2.7
	2 ^r	8.1	6.7	3.9	4.3	-1.5	6.3	8.6	-0.7
	3 ^r	9.4	8.8	6.0	7.5	7.2	7.7	10.0	2.5
	4 ^r	9.5	9.2	5.1	8.8	11.7	7.6	10.3	5.4
2018	1 ^r	13.2	13.6	8.2	18.4	23.8	16.1	12.2	15.2
	2 ^r	9.8	10.9	8.3	16.6	19.1	15.8	8.9	13.1
	3 ^r	7.7	8.1	4.9	10.7	6.8	12.3	7.5	7.2
	4 ^r	5.0	5.6	2.6	5.8	3.3	6.9	6.1	8.8
2019	1 ^r	2.3	3.2	2.0	0.9	-7.4	4.6	4.7	5.1
	2 ^r	4.0	3.3	-0.7	-2.0	-7.6	-0.2	7.1	1.5
	3 ^r	-0.3	-4.8	-8.4	-19.8	-17.8	-20.5	3.7	-31.9

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

§ Change within ±0.05%

r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表5 按組成部分劃分的私人消費開支

(丙) 以2017年環比物量計算[#]

Table 5 Private consumption expenditure by component

(c) In chained (2017) dollars [#]百萬港元
HK\$ million

年	季	私人 消費開支 Private consumption expenditure	本地市場內的消費開支 Consumption expenditure in the domestic market					本地居民在 境外的開支 Expenditure of residents abroad	非本地居民在 本地市場的開支 Expenditure of non-residents in the domestic market	
			合計	食品	消費品 Consumer goods					服務
					小計	耐用品 Consumer durables	非耐用品 Consumer non- durables			
Year	Quarter		Total	Food	Sub-total					
2009		1,222,880	1,279,082	197,099	287,221	71,730	220,166	828,667	159,741	
2010		1,297,647	1,389,048	205,552	338,732	92,271	248,560	872,040	200,423	
2011		1,406,555	1,529,578	215,200	426,806	121,909	305,430	898,376	232,282	
2012		1,464,262	1,607,057	222,940	467,946	137,967	329,443	920,928	255,703	
2013		1,531,911	1,715,236	233,209	526,641	147,470	380,095	952,509	299,926	
2014		1,583,074	1,755,496	241,354	532,539	154,534	378,081	980,018	295,107	
2015		1,658,451	1,802,650	245,908	545,029	163,655	380,814	1,010,485	286,050	
2016		1,691,548	1,801,929	239,701	532,420	152,218	380,182	1,030,040	261,679	
2017 ^r		1,785,499	1,893,728	246,581	567,401	161,096	406,305	1,079,746	265,685	
2018 ^r		1,883,560	2,009,301	251,742	634,464	183,478	450,986	1,123,095	288,545	
2014	1	385,016	434,853	54,681	138,261	43,787	93,915	240,336	77,943	
	2	394,002	429,909	66,129	119,224	29,209	90,885	246,373	67,126	
	3	385,617	425,198	60,764	123,394	33,709	90,035	241,832	71,236	
	4	418,439	465,536	59,780	151,660	47,829	103,246	251,477	78,802	
2015	1	403,941	447,533	56,717	142,651	46,877	95,159	246,830	75,894	
	2	421,720	452,987	67,883	127,219	34,680	92,817	258,926	67,075	
	3	402,760	434,680	61,197	126,044	35,409	90,789	247,959	69,036	
	4	430,030	467,450	60,111	149,115	46,689	102,049	256,770	74,045	
2016	1	410,398	438,018	54,129	132,067	40,161	91,737	251,755	65,912	
	2	422,473	447,551	67,031	122,017	30,408	91,912	259,330	61,043	
	3	411,037	436,222	59,262	123,974	35,632	88,324	253,495	63,557	
	4	447,640	480,138	59,279	154,362	46,017	108,209	265,460	71,167	
2017	1 ^r	425,849	454,655	55,556	136,574	39,584	96,977	262,599	66,781	
	2 ^r	446,919	466,693	68,783	127,891	30,242	97,755	270,386	59,928	
	3 ^r	436,742	461,687	61,462	134,322	38,826	95,484	266,060	64,749	
	4 ^r	475,989	510,693	60,780	168,614	52,444	116,089	280,701	74,227	
2018	1 ^r	463,566	498,366	57,858	160,190	49,741	110,449	280,318	75,119	
	2 ^r	473,639	500,765	71,463	148,185	36,794	111,391	281,117	66,229	
	3 ^r	457,539	484,230	61,991	147,703	42,191	105,512	274,536	67,783	
	4 ^r	488,816	525,940	60,430	178,386	54,752	123,634	287,124	79,414	
2019	1 ^r	465,255	503,147	57,155	162,128	46,703	115,425	283,864	78,058	
	2 ^r	479,615	502,992	68,033	145,995	34,439	111,556	288,964	66,933	
	3 ^r	441,975	446,279	54,520	117,576	35,206	82,370	274,183	46,299	

整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第16段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 5 按組成部分劃分的私人消費開支
(丁) 以實質計算的按年變動百分率

Table 5 Private consumption expenditure by component
(d) Year-on-year percentage change in real terms

		本地市場內的消費開支 Consumption expenditure in the domestic market							%	
年	季	私人 消費開支 Private consumption expenditure	合計	食品	消費品 Consumer goods			服務	本地居民在 境外的開支 Expenditure of residents abroad	非本地居民在 本地市場的開支 Expenditure of non-residents in the domestic market
					小計	耐用品 Consumer durables	非耐用品 Consumer non- durables			
Year	Quarter		Total	Food	Sub-total	Consumer durables	Consumer non- durables	Services		
2009		0.2	0.9	3.7	-2.6	-6.9	-0.3	2.0	1.3	7.6
2010		6.1	8.6	4.3	17.9	28.6	12.9	5.2	5.1	25.5
2011		8.4	10.1	4.7	26.0	32.1	22.9	3.0	1.9	15.9
2012		4.1	5.1	3.6	9.6	13.2	7.9	2.5	4.6	10.1
2013		4.6	6.7	4.6	12.5	6.9	15.4	3.4	6.5	17.3
2014		3.3	2.3	3.5	1.1	4.8	-0.5	2.9	3.9	-1.6
2015		4.8	2.7	1.9	2.3	5.9	0.7	3.1	13.1	-3.1
2016		2.0	§	-2.5	-2.3	-7.0	-0.2	1.9	5.9	-8.5
2017 ^r		5.6	5.1	2.9	6.6	5.8	6.9	4.8	4.0	1.5
2018 ^r		5.5	6.1	2.1	11.8	13.9	11.0	4.0	3.4	8.6
2014	1	2.2	3.9	4.8	5.6	3.6	6.9	2.5	0.7	10.7
	2	2.2	-0.6	5.3	-7.7	-5.8	-8.5	2.4	9.6	-9.5
	3	4.9	3.3	3.4	2.4	3.3	2.0	3.6	2.8	-4.1
	4	4.2	2.9	0.4	3.8	15.1	-1.3	3.0	2.9	-2.8
2015	1	4.9	2.9	3.7	3.2	7.1	1.3	2.7	11.6	-2.6
	2	7.0	5.4	2.7	6.7	18.7	2.1	5.1	13.4	-0.1
	3	4.4	2.2	0.7	2.1	5.0	0.8	2.5	14.8	-3.1
	4	2.8	0.4	0.6	-1.7	-2.4	-1.2	2.1	12.4	-6.0
2016	1	1.6	-2.1	-4.6	-7.4	-14.3	-3.6	2.0	15.5	-13.2
	2	0.2	-1.2	-1.3	-4.1	-12.3	-1.0	0.2	0.4	-9.0
	3	2.1	0.4	-3.2	-1.6	0.6	-2.7	2.2	3.4	-7.9
	4	4.1	2.7	-1.4	3.5	-1.4	6.0	3.4	5.0	-3.9
2017	1 ^r	3.8	3.8	2.6	3.4	-1.4	5.7	4.3	-0.8	1.3
	2 ^r	5.8	4.3	2.6	4.8	-0.5	6.4	4.3	11.5	-1.8
	3 ^r	6.3	5.8	3.7	8.3	9.0	8.1	5.0	3.8	1.9
	4 ^r	6.3	6.4	2.5	9.2	14.0	7.3	5.7	2.1	4.3
2018	1 ^r	8.9	9.6	4.1	17.3	25.7	13.9	6.7	6.1	12.5
	2 ^r	6.0	7.3	3.9	15.9	21.7	13.9	4.0	-2.4	10.5
	3 ^r	4.8	4.9	0.9	10.0	8.7	10.5	3.2	3.3	4.7
	4 ^r	2.7	3.0	-0.6	5.8	4.4	6.5	2.3	6.8	7.0
2019	1 ^r	0.4	1.0	-1.2	1.2	-6.1	4.5	1.3	-0.4	3.9
	2 ^r	1.3	0.4	-4.8	-1.5	-6.4	0.1	2.8	11.4	1.1
	3 ^r	-3.4	-7.8	-12.1	-20.4	-16.6	-21.9	-0.1	2.2	-31.7

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

§ Change within ±0.05%

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 6 按組成部分劃分的本地固定資本形成總額

(甲) 以當時市價計算

Table 6 Gross domestic fixed capital formation by component

(a) At current market prices

百萬港元

HK\$ million

年 Year	季 Quarter	本地固定資本 形成總額 Gross domestic fixed capital formation	樓宇及建造 Building and construction			擁有權 轉讓費用 Costs of ownership transfer	機器、設備及知識產權產品 Machinery, equipment and intellectual property products		
			合計 Total	私營 部門 Private sector	公營 部門 Public sector		合計 Total	私營 部門 Private sector	公營 部門 Public sector
2009		339,552	123,746	91,501	32,245	24,238	191,568	175,393	16,175
2010		386,852	139,249	91,189	48,060	38,035	209,568	192,612	16,956
2011		455,294	179,341	120,054	59,287	36,099	239,854	221,716	18,138
2012		517,411	204,860	133,835	71,025	34,074	278,477	258,058	20,419
2013		515,516	211,130	133,072	78,058	39,389	264,997	243,614	21,383
2014		530,916	244,047	155,701	88,346	43,967	242,902	219,605	23,297
2015		537,205	262,780	170,103	92,677	45,846	228,579	202,976	25,603
2016		535,216	283,447	188,105	95,342	44,517	207,252	179,046	28,206
2017 ^r		575,991	297,343	194,573	102,770	65,810	212,838	184,727	28,111
2018 ^r		611,616	307,600	203,272	104,328	67,484	236,532	205,769	30,763
2014	1	119,571	63,635	36,429	27,206	7,930	48,006	41,717	6,289
	2	126,517	54,801	38,258	16,543	9,955	61,761	56,593	5,168
	3	129,919	59,561	39,700	19,861	13,571	56,787	51,636	5,151
	4	154,909	66,050	41,314	24,736	12,511	76,348	69,659	6,689
2015	1	130,845	63,800	39,353	24,447	13,524	53,521	46,398	7,123
	2	136,291	65,223	41,901	23,322	12,527	58,541	52,975	5,566
	3	127,138	65,080	43,967	21,113	10,727	51,331	45,200	6,131
	4	142,931	68,677	44,882	23,795	9,068	65,186	58,403	6,783
2016	1	120,038	67,627	44,966	22,661	6,348	46,063	38,362	7,701
	2	127,079	68,575	44,798	23,777	9,279	49,225	43,245	5,980
	3	135,306	69,148	47,735	21,413	12,280	53,878	47,554	6,324
	4	152,793	78,097	50,606	27,491	16,610	58,086	49,885	8,201
2017	1 ^r	133,218	75,270	47,902	27,368	13,863	44,085	35,281	8,804
	2 ^r	143,618	72,459	47,157	25,302	18,388	52,771	46,999	5,772
	3 ^r	137,257	71,031	48,568	22,463	13,575	52,651	46,102	6,549
	4 ^r	161,898	78,583	50,946	27,637	19,984	63,331	56,345	6,986
2018	1 ^r	142,884	80,480	49,952	30,528	17,761	44,643	35,219	9,424
	2 ^r	152,192	74,758	50,080	24,678	22,003	55,431	48,969	6,462
	3 ^r	158,088	74,975	51,059	23,916	15,731	67,382	60,523	6,859
	4 ^r	158,452	77,387	52,181	25,206	11,989	69,076	61,058	8,018
2019	1 ^r	137,927	79,684	47,618	32,066	11,032	47,211	37,002	10,209
	2 ^r	139,360	69,388	49,014	20,374	17,801	52,171	45,093	7,078
	3 ^r	134,833	71,706	48,019	23,687	10,664	52,463	44,861	7,602

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。^r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 6 按組成部分劃分的本地固定資本形成總額

(乙) 以名義計算的按年變動百分率

Table 6 Gross domestic fixed capital formation by component

(b) Year-on-year percentage change in nominal terms

		%							
年	季	本地固定資本 形成總額	樓宇及建造 Building and construction			擁有權 轉讓費用	機器、設備及知識產權產品 Machinery, equipment and intellectual property products		
			合計	私營 部門 Private sector	公營 部門 Public sector		合計	私營 部門 Private sector	公營 部門 Public sector
Year	Quarter	Gross domestic fixed capital formation	Total			Costs of ownership transfer	Total		
2009		-3.2	-2.8	-8.3	17.0	-2.5	-3.6	-4.3	5.6
2010		13.9	12.5	-0.3	49.0	56.9	9.4	9.8	4.8
2011		17.7	28.8	31.7	23.4	-5.1	14.5	15.1	7.0
2012		13.6	14.2	11.5	19.8	-5.6	16.1	16.4	12.6
2013		-0.4	3.1	-0.6	9.9	15.6	-4.8	-5.6	4.7
2014		3.0	15.6	17.0	13.2	11.6	-8.3	-9.9	9.0
2015		1.2	7.7	9.2	4.9	4.3	-5.9	-7.6	9.9
2016		-0.4	7.9	10.6	2.9	-2.9	-9.3	-11.8	10.2
2017 ^r		7.6	4.9	3.4	7.8	47.8	2.7	3.2	-0.3
2018 ^r		6.2	3.4	4.5	1.5	2.5	11.1	11.4	9.4
2014	1	1.2	21.1	18.3	25.1	-33.2	-10.7	-12.3	1.5
	2	-2.1	10.1	13.2	3.6	7.3	-11.9	-13.5	9.7
	3	2.3	13.5	18.6	4.6	59.4	-14.0	-15.5	5.6
	4	9.8	17.2	18.0	15.9	28.8	1.7	0.3	19.4
2015	1	9.4	0.3	8.0	-10.1	70.5	11.5	11.2	13.3
	2	7.7	19.0	9.5	41.0	25.8	-5.2	-6.4	7.7
	3	-2.1	9.3	10.7	6.3	-21.0	-9.6	-12.5	19.0
	4	-7.7	4.0	8.6	-3.8	-27.5	-14.6	-16.2	1.4
2016	1	-8.3	6.0	14.3	-7.3	-53.1	-13.9	-17.3	8.1
	2	-6.8	5.1	6.9	2.0	-25.9	-15.9	-18.4	7.4
	3	6.4	6.3	8.6	1.4	14.5	5.0	5.2	3.1
	4	6.9	13.7	12.8	15.5	83.2	-10.9	-14.6	20.9
2017	1 ^r	11.0	11.3	6.5	20.8	118.4	-4.3	-8.0	14.3
	2 ^r	13.0	5.7	5.3	6.4	98.2	7.2	8.7	-3.5
	3 ^r	1.4	2.7	1.7	4.9	10.5	-2.3	-3.1	3.6
	4 ^r	6.0	0.6	0.7	0.5	20.3	9.0	12.9	-14.8
2018	1 ^r	7.3	6.9	4.3	11.5	28.1	1.3	-0.2	7.0
	2 ^r	6.0	3.2	6.2	-2.5	19.7	5.0	4.2	12.0
	3 ^r	15.2	5.6	5.1	6.5	15.9	28.0	31.3	4.7
	4 ^r	-2.1	-1.5	2.4	-8.8	-40.0	9.1	8.4	14.8
2019	1 ^r	-3.5	-1.0	-4.7	5.0	-37.9	5.8	5.1	8.3
	2 ^r	-8.4	-7.2	-2.1	-17.4	-19.1	-5.9	-7.9	9.5
	3 ^r	-14.7	-4.4	-6.0	-1.0	-32.2	-22.1	-25.9	10.8

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 6 按組成部分劃分的本地固定資本形成總額

(丙) 以2017年環比物量計算[#]

Table 6 Gross domestic fixed capital formation by component

(c) In chained (2017) dollars[#]百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 Year	季 Quarter	本地固定資本 形成總額 Gross domestic fixed capital formation	樓宇及建造 Building and construction			擁有權 轉讓費用 Costs of ownership transfer	機器、設備及知識產權產品 Machinery, equipment and intellectual property products		
			合計 Total	私營 部門 Private sector	公營 部門 Public sector		合計 Total	私營 部門 Private sector	公營 部門 Public sector
2009		445,510	201,334	158,001	47,061	96,124	177,209	159,136	18,014
2010		479,774	212,734	145,147	68,153	122,266	188,788	169,679	19,013
2011		528,855	246,121	167,287	79,418	96,671	211,924	192,015	19,380
2012		564,750	263,947	175,340	89,077	79,438	233,436	212,160	20,541
2013		579,230	252,692	159,677	93,114	57,092	259,914	236,477	22,563
2014		578,571	276,236	175,786	100,568	61,042	237,371	212,745	24,110
2015		560,164	282,377	181,544	100,938	55,984	219,124	192,907	25,978
2016		559,529	298,901	198,093	100,798	54,356	205,076	176,275	28,868
2017 ^r		575,991	297,343	194,573	102,770	65,810	212,838	184,727	28,111
2018 ^r		587,667	295,548	195,097	100,451	60,330	231,789	201,963	29,826
2014	1	130,232	73,762	42,525	31,241	11,522	45,439	39,016	6,473
	2	140,374	61,905	43,058	18,895	14,348	62,096	56,517	5,370
	3	143,419	66,752	44,085	22,704	18,699	57,839	52,186	5,496
	4	164,546	73,817	46,118	27,728	16,473	71,997	65,026	6,771
2015	1	136,086	70,344	43,494	26,889	16,955	49,368	42,270	7,125
	2	144,545	70,400	44,790	25,640	15,176	58,157	52,326	5,691
	3	132,954	68,854	46,046	22,819	12,746	50,808	44,368	6,409
	4	146,579	72,779	47,214	25,590	11,107	60,791	53,943	6,753
2016	1	125,551	73,230	48,876	24,344	8,321	43,563	35,913	7,768
	2	136,252	73,146	47,858	25,297	12,253	50,390	44,197	6,150
	3	142,430	72,171	49,736	22,394	15,615	54,299	47,660	6,589
	4	155,296	80,354	51,623	28,763	18,167	56,824	48,505	8,361
2017	1 ^r	132,292	77,344	49,698	27,649	14,638	40,778	32,371	8,527
	2 ^r	145,527	72,969	47,541	25,428	18,534	54,253	48,402	5,799
	3 ^r	138,631	70,226	47,806	22,413	13,459	54,412	47,631	6,764
	4 ^r	159,541	76,804	49,528	27,280	19,179	63,395	56,323	7,021
2018	1 ^r	138,499	79,019	49,445	29,574	16,461	43,019	33,913	9,106
	2 ^r	148,276	72,316	48,298	24,018	19,421	56,539	50,240	6,299
	3 ^r	150,563	71,145	48,192	22,953	13,554	65,864	59,119	6,745
	4 ^r	150,329	73,068	49,162	23,906	10,894	66,367	58,691	7,676
2019	1 ^r	128,761	76,264	46,191	30,073	10,214	42,283	33,006	9,277
	2 ^r	132,269	65,621	46,408	19,213	16,922	49,726	43,159	6,567
	3 ^r	126,010	67,099	44,947	22,152	10,597	48,314	41,194	7,120

整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情請參閱註釋第16段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 6 按組成部分劃分的本地固定資本形成總額

(丁) 以實質計算的按年變動百分率

Table 6 Gross domestic fixed capital formation by component

(d) Year-on-year percentage change in real terms

		%							
年	季	本地固定資本 形成總額	樓宇及建造 Building and construction			擁有權 轉讓費用	機器、設備及知識產權產品 Machinery, equipment and intellectual property products		
			合計	私營 部門 <i>Private sector</i>	公營 部門 <i>Public sector</i>		合計	私營 部門 <i>Private sector</i>	公營 部門 <i>Public sector</i>
Year	Quarter	Gross domestic fixed capital formation	Total	<i>Private sector</i>	<i>Public sector</i>	Costs of ownership transfer	Total	<i>Private sector</i>	<i>Public sector</i>
2009		-3.5	-5.5	-10.8	13.5	-2.9	-2.2	-3.2	9.7
2010		7.7	5.7	-8.1	44.8	27.2	6.5	6.6	5.5
2011		10.2	15.7	15.3	16.5	-20.9	12.3	13.2	1.9
2012		6.8	7.2	4.8	12.2	-17.8	10.2	10.5	6.0
2013		2.6	-4.3	-8.9	4.5	-28.1	11.3	11.5	9.8
2014		-0.1	9.3	10.1	8.0	6.9	-8.7	-10.0	6.9
2015		-3.2	2.2	3.3	0.4	-8.3	-7.7	-9.3	7.7
2016		-0.1	5.9	9.1	-0.1	-2.9	-6.4	-8.6	11.1
2017 ^r		2.9	-0.5	-1.8	2.0	21.1	3.8	4.8	-2.6
2018 ^r		2.0	-0.6	0.3	-2.3	-8.3	8.9	9.3	6.1
2014	1	5.1	14.8	12.7	18.4	-33.6	-3.7	-5.0	1.4
	2	-6.1	4.2	6.5	-1.2	6.0	-12.9	-14.2	7.9
	3	-2.5	7.9	12.1	0.6	52.5	-15.4	-16.8	4.3
	4	3.7	9.9	9.4	10.8	18.1	-1.5	-2.7	14.2
2015	1	4.5	-4.6	2.3	-13.9	47.2	8.6	8.3	10.1
	2	3.0	13.7	4.0	35.7	5.8	-6.3	-7.4	6.0
	3	-7.3	3.1	4.4	0.5	-31.8	-12.2	-15.0	16.6
	4	-10.9	-1.4	2.4	-7.7	-32.6	-15.6	-17.0	-0.3
2016	1	-7.7	4.1	12.4	-9.5	-50.9	-11.8	-15.0	9.0
	2	-5.7	3.9	6.9	-1.3	-19.3	-13.4	-15.5	8.1
	3	7.1	4.8	8.0	-1.9	22.5	6.9	7.4	2.8
	4	5.9	10.4	9.3	12.4	63.6	-6.5	-10.1	23.8
2017	1 ^r	5.4	5.6	1.7	13.6	75.9	-6.4	-9.9	9.8
	2 ^r	6.8	-0.2	-0.7	0.5	51.3	7.7	9.5	-5.7
	3 ^r	-2.7	-2.7	-3.9	0.1	-13.8	0.2	-0.1	2.7
	4 ^r	2.7	-4.4	-4.1	-5.2	5.6	11.6	16.1	-16.0
2018	1 ^r	4.7	2.2	-0.5	7.0	12.5	5.5	4.8	6.8
	2 ^r	1.9	-0.9	1.6	-5.5	4.8	4.2	3.8	8.6
	3 ^r	8.6	1.3	0.8	2.4	0.7	21.0	24.1	-0.3
	4 ^r	-5.8	-4.9	-0.7	-12.4	-43.2	4.7	4.2	9.3
2019	1 ^r	-7.0	-3.5	-6.6	1.7	-38.0	-1.7	-2.7	1.9
	2 ^r	-10.8	-9.3	-3.9	-20.0	-12.9	-12.1	-14.1	4.3
	3 ^r	-16.3	-5.7	-6.7	-3.5	-21.8	-26.6	-30.3	5.6

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 7 貨品出口及進口與服務輸出及輸入
(甲) 以當時市價計算

Table 7 Exports and imports of goods and services
(a) At current market prices

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季 Year Quarter	貨品出口與服務輸出 Exports of goods and services			貨品進口與服務輸入 Imports of goods and services			貨品出口 與服務輸出 減貨品進口 與服務輸入 Exports less imports of goods and services
	合計 Total	貨品出口 (離岸價) Exports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸出 Exports of services	合計 Total	貨品進口 (離岸價) Imports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸入 Imports of services	
2009	2,955,697	2,454,394	501,303	2,825,072	2,351,386	473,686	130,625
2010	3,647,211	3,021,492	625,719	3,542,858	2,995,928	546,930	104,353
2011	4,117,481	3,406,765	710,716	4,043,003	3,464,968	578,035	74,478
2012	4,396,983	3,632,957	764,026	4,373,952	3,779,686	594,266	23,031
2013	4,738,699	3,926,059	812,640	4,725,867	4,142,651	583,216	12,832
2014	4,815,854	3,986,769	829,085	4,811,222	4,237,700	573,522	4,632
2015	4,698,173	3,889,225	808,948	4,640,872	4,066,527	574,345	57,301
2016	4,657,725	3,892,886	764,839	4,600,685	4,022,579	578,106	57,040
2017 ^r	5,025,711	4,212,774	812,937	4,996,812	4,391,306	605,506	28,899
2018 ^r	5,352,642	4,461,275	891,367	5,350,900	4,715,580	635,320	1,742
2014 1	1,105,076	891,867	213,209	1,110,956	975,252	135,704	-5,880
2	1,156,854	964,535	192,319	1,190,044	1,052,850	137,194	-33,190
3	1,269,548	1,058,095	211,453	1,235,239	1,086,679	148,560	34,309
4	1,284,376	1,072,272	212,104	1,274,983	1,122,919	152,064	9,393
2015 1	1,117,181	904,070	213,111	1,116,264	978,535	137,729	917
2	1,122,808	929,538	193,270	1,147,144	1,008,874	138,270	-24,336
3	1,217,535	1,013,576	203,959	1,166,670	1,019,768	146,902	50,865
4	1,240,649	1,042,041	198,608	1,210,794	1,059,350	151,444	29,855
2016 1	1,040,045	846,802	193,243	1,027,870	888,896	138,974	12,175
2	1,104,810	928,231	176,579	1,121,080	984,529	136,551	-16,270
3	1,218,379	1,023,161	195,218	1,181,576	1,033,113	148,463	36,803
4	1,294,491	1,094,692	199,799	1,270,159	1,116,041	154,118	24,332
2017 1 ^r	1,148,570	945,336	203,234	1,141,139	999,932	141,207	7,431
2 ^r	1,180,681	995,555	185,126	1,205,649	1,061,481	144,168	-24,968
3 ^r	1,314,910	1,106,850	208,060	1,277,529	1,121,315	156,214	37,381
4 ^r	1,381,550	1,165,033	216,517	1,372,495	1,208,578	163,917	9,055
2018 1 ^r	1,251,789	1,021,102	230,687	1,251,968	1,095,977	155,991	-179
2 ^r	1,273,532	1,068,500	205,032	1,309,401	1,157,721	151,680	-35,869
3 ^r	1,410,612	1,186,197	224,415	1,399,053	1,237,864	161,189	11,559
4 ^r	1,416,709	1,185,476	231,233	1,390,478	1,224,018	166,460	26,231
2019 1 ^r	1,235,272	1,000,455	234,817	1,218,030	1,067,013	151,017	17,242
2 ^r	1,228,498	1,025,024	203,474	1,249,453	1,098,029	151,424	-20,955
3 ^r	1,306,429	1,113,208	193,221	1,267,922	1,113,555	154,367	38,507

表內載列的數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

This table presents figures compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchandising under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 7 貨品出口及進口與服務輸出及輸入

(乙) 以名義計算的按年變動百分率

Table 7 Exports and imports of goods and services
(b) Year-on-year percentage change in nominal terms

		貨品出口與服務輸出 Exports of goods and services			貨品進口與服務輸入 Imports of goods and services			%
年	季	合計	貨品出口 (離岸價) Exports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸出 Exports of services	合計	貨品進口 (離岸價) Imports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸入 Imports of services	
Year	Quarter	Total			Total			
2009		-10.5	-11.0	-7.9	-9.7	-8.3	-16.2	
2010		23.4	23.1	24.8	25.4	27.4	15.5	
2011		12.9	12.8	13.6	14.1	15.7	5.7	
2012		6.8	6.6	7.5	8.2	9.1	2.8	
2013		7.8	8.1	6.4	8.0	9.6	-1.9	
2014		1.6	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.3	-1.7	
2015		-2.4	-2.4	-2.4	-3.5	-4.0	0.1	
2016		-0.9	0.1	-5.5	-0.9	-1.1	0.7	
2017 ^r		7.9	8.2	6.3	8.6	9.2	4.7	
2018 ^r		6.5	5.9	9.6	7.1	7.4	4.9	
2014	1	1.8	0.8	6.4	1.2	2.1	-4.4	
	2	1.8	2.5	-1.7	1.9	1.8	2.1	
	3	2.2	2.0	3.2	2.4	2.6	0.9	
	4	0.8	0.9	0.1	1.7	2.7	-4.7	
2015	1	1.1	1.4	§	0.5	0.3	1.5	
	2	-2.9	-3.6	0.5	-3.6	-4.2	0.8	
	3	-4.1	-4.2	-3.5	-5.6	-6.2	-1.1	
	4	-3.4	-2.8	-6.4	-5.0	-5.7	-0.4	
2016	1	-6.9	-6.3	-9.3	-7.9	-9.2	0.9	
	2	-1.6	-0.1	-8.6	-2.3	-2.4	-1.2	
	3	0.1	0.9	-4.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	
	4	4.3	5.1	0.6	4.9	5.4	1.8	
2017	1 ^r	10.4	11.6	5.2	11.0	12.5	1.6	
	2 ^r	6.9	7.3	4.8	7.5	7.8	5.6	
	3 ^r	7.9	8.2	6.6	8.1	8.5	5.2	
	4 ^r	6.7	6.4	8.4	8.1	8.3	6.4	
2018	1 ^r	9.0	8.0	13.5	9.7	9.6	10.5	
	2 ^r	7.9	7.3	10.8	8.6	9.1	5.2	
	3 ^r	7.3	7.2	7.9	9.5	10.4	3.2	
	4 ^r	2.5	1.8	6.8	1.3	1.3	1.6	
2019	1 ^r	-1.3	-2.0	1.8	-2.7	-2.6	-3.2	
	2 ^r	-3.5	-4.1	-0.8	-4.6	-5.2	-0.2	
	3 ^r	-7.4	-6.2	-13.9	-9.4	-10.0	-4.2	

表內載列的數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

This table presents figures compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchandising under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

§ Change within ±0.05%

r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 7 貨品出口及進口與服務輸出及輸入
(丙) 以2017年環比物量計算[#]
Table 7 Exports and imports of goods and services
(c) In chained (2017) dollars[#]

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季 Year Quarter	貨品出口與服務輸出 Exports of goods and services			貨品進口與服務輸入 Imports of goods and services		
	合計	貨品出口 (離岸價) Exports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸出 Exports of services	合計	貨品進口 (離岸價) Imports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸入 Imports of services
	Total			Total		
2009	3,452,519	2,848,244	605,274	3,322,183	2,800,220	515,602
2010	4,059,119	3,361,824	697,951	3,927,769	3,356,894	567,327
2011	4,254,279	3,517,520	737,460	4,147,834	3,580,579	566,151
2012	4,390,626	3,633,791	757,542	4,323,728	3,744,394	578,808
2013	4,733,894	3,932,153	802,629	4,681,838	4,115,805	566,493
2014	4,779,940	3,965,176	815,590	4,729,881	4,176,498	554,262
2015	4,714,392	3,896,735	818,318	4,646,440	4,064,851	581,714
2016	4,746,807	3,957,460	789,684	4,686,757	4,093,631	593,338
2017 ^r	5,025,711	4,212,774	812,937	4,996,812	4,391,306	605,506
2018 ^r	5,219,004	4,366,391	852,613	5,227,020	4,607,608	619,412
2014 1	1,110,444	900,718	209,636	1,098,758	968,512	130,411
2	1,153,033	963,387	189,941	1,166,956	1,034,673	132,594
3	1,253,115	1,046,393	207,033	1,213,548	1,068,448	145,256
4	1,263,348	1,054,678	208,980	1,250,619	1,104,865	146,001
2015 1	1,118,690	906,199	212,447	1,108,795	970,552	138,282
2	1,120,496	925,267	195,376	1,136,881	998,227	138,755
3	1,223,236	1,014,874	208,575	1,175,496	1,023,707	151,731
4	1,251,970	1,050,395	201,920	1,225,268	1,072,365	152,946
2016 1	1,072,394	872,352	200,328	1,057,140	912,983	144,341
2	1,129,273	946,257	183,051	1,140,976	1,001,764	139,195
3	1,240,731	1,038,138	202,645	1,205,141	1,052,043	153,160
4	1,304,409	1,100,713	203,660	1,283,500	1,126,841	156,642
2017 1 ^r	1,165,642	959,463	206,456	1,154,305	1,008,582	145,772
2 ^r	1,186,716	1,000,282	186,348	1,210,757	1,064,520	146,233
3 ^r	1,314,418	1,105,459	208,902	1,278,951	1,123,458	155,497
4 ^r	1,358,935	1,147,570	211,231	1,352,799	1,194,746	158,004
2018 1 ^r	1,231,712	1,008,931	222,781	1,229,719	1,078,050	151,669
2 ^r	1,243,970	1,047,453	196,517	1,278,472	1,131,515	146,957
3 ^r	1,377,050	1,161,963	215,087	1,369,027	1,209,630	159,397
4 ^r	1,366,272	1,148,044	218,228	1,349,802	1,188,413	161,389
2019 1 ^r	1,195,752	971,183	224,569	1,181,628	1,032,239	149,389
2 ^r	1,185,452	991,062	194,390	1,204,477	1,055,570	148,907
3 ^r	1,264,650	1,079,157	185,493	1,227,012	1,073,986	153,026

表內載列的數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

[#] 整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第16段。

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

This table presents figures compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchanting under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

[#] A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

^r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 7 貨品出口及進口與服務輸出及輸入
(丁) 以實質計算的按年變動百分率
Table 7 Exports and imports of goods and services
(d) Year-on-year percentage change in real terms

		貨品出口與服務輸出 Exports of goods and services			貨品進口與服務輸入 Imports of goods and services			%
年	季	合計	貨品出口 (離岸價) Exports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸出 Exports of services	合計	貨品進口 (離岸價) Imports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸入 Imports of services	
Year	Quarter	Total			Total			
2009		-9.1	-11.2	1.7	-8.0	-7.0	-12.9	
2010		17.6	18.0	15.3	18.2	19.9	10.0	
2011		4.8	4.6	5.7	5.6	6.7	-0.2	
2012		3.2	3.3	2.7	4.2	4.6	2.2	
2013		7.8	8.2	6.0	8.3	9.9	-2.1	
2014		1.0	0.8	1.6	1.0	1.5	-2.2	
2015		-1.4	-1.7	0.3	-1.8	-2.7	5.0	
2016		0.7	1.6	-3.5	0.9	0.7	2.0	
2017 ^r		5.9	6.5	2.9	6.6	7.3	2.1	
2018 ^r		3.8	3.6	4.9	4.6	4.9	2.3	
2014	1	2.0	1.0	6.1	1.8	2.7	-4.3	
	2	1.7	2.5	-2.0	2.0	2.2	0.4	
	3	0.4	0.1	1.8	-0.1	0.1	-1.2	
	4	§	-0.1	0.5	0.5	1.1	-3.4	
2015	1	0.7	0.6	1.3	0.9	0.2	6.0	
	2	-2.8	-4.0	2.9	-2.6	-3.5	4.6	
	3	-2.4	-3.0	0.7	-3.1	-4.2	4.5	
	4	-0.9	-0.4	-3.4	-2.0	-2.9	4.8	
2016	1	-4.1	-3.7	-5.7	-4.7	-5.9	4.4	
	2	0.8	2.3	-6.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	
	3	1.4	2.3	-2.8	2.5	2.8	0.9	
	4	4.2	4.8	0.9	4.8	5.1	2.4	
2017	1 ^r	8.7	10.0	3.1	9.2	10.5	1.0	
	2 ^r	5.1	5.7	1.8	6.1	6.3	5.1	
	3 ^r	5.9	6.5	3.1	6.1	6.8	1.5	
	4 ^r	4.2	4.3	3.7	5.4	6.0	0.9	
2018	1 ^r	5.7	5.2	7.9	6.5	6.9	4.0	
	2 ^r	4.8	4.7	5.5	5.6	6.3	0.5	
	3 ^r	4.8	5.1	3.0	7.0	7.7	2.5	
	4 ^r	0.5	§	3.3	-0.2	-0.5	2.1	
2019	1 ^r	-2.9	-3.7	0.8	-3.9	-4.2	-1.5	
	2 ^r	-4.7	-5.4	-1.1	-5.8	-6.7	1.3	
	3 ^r	-8.2	-7.1	-13.8	-10.4	-11.2	-4.0	

表內載列的數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

This table presents figures compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchandising under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

§ Change within ±0.05%

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 8 按服務組成部分劃分的服務輸出及輸入
(甲) 以當時市價計算
Table 8 Exports and imports of services by service component
(a) At current market prices

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季 Year Quarter	服務輸出 [@] Exports of services [@]					服務輸入 [@] Imports of services [@]				
	合計 Total	運輸 Transport	旅遊 Travel	金融 服務 Financial services	其他 服務 Other services	合計 Total	運輸 Transport	旅遊 Travel	製造 服務 Manufact- uring services	其他 服務 Other services
2009	501,303	183,646	127,193	87,484	102,980	473,686	101,042	120,519	134,340	117,785
2010	625,719	231,971	172,472	101,639	119,636	546,930	121,961	134,849	148,852	141,269
2011	710,716	250,075	221,490	111,910	127,240	578,035	139,414	148,071	139,459	151,090
2012	764,026	248,494	256,534	120,680	138,318	594,266	142,580	155,716	138,884	157,086
2013	812,640	242,398	301,969	128,072	140,201	583,216	140,573	164,545	116,002	162,096
2014	829,085	247,707	297,567	137,000	146,811	573,522	142,620	170,672	92,517	167,713
2015	808,948	230,876	280,227	148,671	149,174	574,345	134,230	178,751	90,019	171,345
2016	764,839	218,687	254,962	138,526	152,664	578,106	131,387	187,385	88,192	171,142
2017 ^r	812,937	237,426	259,817	158,714	156,980	605,506	136,274	197,858	91,313	180,061
2018 ^r	891,367	256,217	288,730	182,316	164,104	635,320	143,709	207,232	94,093	190,286
2014 1	213,209	58,075	78,158	40,161	36,815	135,704	33,229	38,624	20,663	43,188
2	192,319	64,029	68,217	26,264	33,809	137,194	36,355	44,154	21,455	35,230
3	211,453	66,426	71,312	36,869	36,846	148,560	37,858	44,831	24,781	41,090
4	212,104	59,177	79,880	33,706	39,341	152,064	35,178	43,063	25,618	48,205
2015 1	213,111	56,156	75,226	43,430	38,299	137,729	32,092	41,146	20,072	44,419
2	193,270	59,885	65,957	33,089	34,339	138,270	34,388	45,758	21,290	36,834
3	203,959	61,652	65,879	39,253	37,175	146,902	34,694	46,523	23,697	41,988
4	198,608	53,183	73,165	32,899	39,361	151,444	33,056	45,324	24,960	48,104
2016 1	193,243	49,961	63,805	40,863	38,614	138,974	30,516	45,407	19,438	43,613
2	176,579	54,990	59,627	26,666	35,296	136,551	33,029	46,040	20,531	36,951
3	195,218	58,279	60,917	38,080	37,942	148,463	34,479	48,715	23,076	42,193
4	199,799	55,457	70,613	32,917	40,812	154,118	33,363	47,223	25,147	48,385
2017 1 ^r	203,234	54,712	64,892	43,857	39,773	141,207	31,161	45,326	20,774	43,946
2 ^r	185,126	60,109	58,607	30,231	36,179	144,168	34,090	50,868	21,119	38,091
3 ^r	208,060	63,278	61,979	43,792	39,011	156,214	35,768	51,631	23,787	45,028
4 ^r	216,517	59,327	74,339	40,834	42,017	163,917	35,255	50,033	25,633	52,996
2018 1 ^r	230,687	59,035	74,894	55,026	41,732	155,991	34,092	51,531	21,766	48,602
2 ^r	205,032	65,315	66,382	35,402	37,933	151,680	35,939	51,237	23,062	41,442
3 ^r	224,415	68,502	66,473	48,400	41,040	161,189	37,243	52,612	24,763	46,571
4 ^r	231,233	63,365	80,981	43,488	43,399	166,460	36,435	51,852	24,502	53,671
2019 1 ^r	234,817	59,205	78,736	54,583	42,293	151,017	33,070	49,242	19,404	49,301
2 ^r	203,474	62,424	67,331	35,865	37,854	151,424	35,212	54,661	18,986	42,565
3 ^r	193,221	60,857	44,904	47,660	39,800	154,367	35,474	52,605	20,401	45,887

表內載列的數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

@ 詳情請參閱註釋第7(vi)段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

This table presents figures compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchandising under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

@ Please see paragraph 7(vi) of the explanatory notes for details.

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 8 按服務組成部分劃分的服務輸出及輸入
(乙) 以名義計算的按年變動百分率
Table 8 Exports and imports of services by service component
(b) Year-on-year percentage change in nominal terms

年 季 Year Quarter	服務輸出 [@] Exports of services [@]					服務輸入 [@] Imports of services [@]				
	合計	運輸	旅遊	金融 服務	其他 服務	合計	運輸	旅遊	製造 服務	其他 服務
	Total	Transport	Travel	Financial services	Other services	Total	Transport	Travel	Manufact- uring services	Other services
2009	-7.9	-18.6	6.7	-6.4	-3.0	-16.2	-21.6	-3.8	-32.3	4.5
2010	24.8	26.3	35.6	16.2	16.2	15.5	20.7	11.9	10.8	19.9
2011	13.6	7.8	28.4	10.1	6.4	5.7	14.3	9.8	-6.3	7.0
2012	7.5	-0.6	15.8	7.8	8.7	2.8	2.3	5.2	-0.4	4.0
2013	6.4	-2.5	17.7	6.1	1.4	-1.9	-1.4	5.7	-16.5	3.2
2014	2.0	2.2	-1.5	7.0	4.7	-1.7	1.5	3.7	-20.2	3.5
2015	-2.4	-6.8	-5.8	8.5	1.6	0.1	-5.9	4.7	-2.7	2.2
2016	-5.5	-5.3	-9.0	-6.8	2.3	0.7	-2.1	4.8	-2.0	-0.1
2017 ^r	6.3	8.6	1.9	14.6	2.8	4.7	3.7	5.6	3.5	5.2
2018 ^r	9.6	7.9	11.1	14.9	4.5	4.9	5.5	4.7	3.0	5.7
2014 1	6.4	0.6	10.2	10.4	4.4	-4.4	-0.3	-2.5	-25.6	4.5
2	-1.7	4.0	-9.0	-2.1	5.1	2.1	4.9	13.7	-20.8	4.3
3	3.2	4.1	-3.4	13.3	6.0	0.9	3.8	5.7	-15.2	4.8
4	0.1	-0.2	-2.9	4.3	3.6	-4.7	-2.6	-1.5	-19.7	0.9
2015 1	§	-3.3	-3.8	8.1	4.0	1.5	-3.4	6.5	-2.9	2.9
2	0.5	-6.5	-3.3	26.0	1.6	0.8	-5.4	3.6	-0.8	4.6
3	-3.5	-7.2	-7.6	6.5	0.9	-1.1	-8.4	3.8	-4.4	2.2
4	-6.4	-10.1	-8.4	-2.4	0.1	-0.4	-6.0	5.3	-2.6	-0.2
2016 1	-9.3	-11.0	-15.2	-5.9	0.8	0.9	-4.9	10.4	-3.2	-1.8
2	-8.6	-8.2	-9.6	-19.4	2.8	-1.2	-4.0	0.6	-3.6	0.3
3	-4.3	-5.5	-7.5	-3.0	2.1	1.1	-0.6	4.7	-2.6	0.5
4	0.6	4.3	-3.5	0.1	3.7	1.8	0.9	4.2	0.7	0.6
2017 1 ^r	5.2	9.5	1.7	7.3	3.0	1.6	2.1	-0.2	6.9	0.8
2 ^r	4.8	9.3	-1.7	13.4	2.5	5.6	3.2	10.5	2.9	3.1
3 ^r	6.6	8.6	1.7	15.0	2.8	5.2	3.7	6.0	3.1	6.7
4 ^r	8.4	7.0	5.3	24.1	3.0	6.4	5.7	6.0	1.9	9.5
2018 1 ^r	13.5	7.9	15.4	25.5	4.9	10.5	9.4	13.7	4.8	10.6
2 ^r	10.8	8.7	13.3	17.1	4.8	5.2	5.4	0.7	9.2	8.8
3 ^r	7.9	8.3	7.3	10.5	5.2	3.2	4.1	1.9	4.1	3.4
4 ^r	6.8	6.8	8.9	6.5	3.3	1.6	3.3	3.6	-4.4	1.3
2019 1 ^r	1.8	0.3	5.1	-0.8	1.3	-3.2	-3.0	-4.4	-10.9	1.4
2 ^r	-0.8	-4.4	1.4	1.3	-0.2	-0.2	-2.0	6.7	-17.7	2.7
3 ^r	-13.9	-11.2	-32.4	-1.5	-3.0	-4.2	-4.7	§	-17.6	-1.5

表內載列的數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

@ 詳情請參閱註釋第7(vi)段。

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

This table presents figures compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchandising under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

@ Please see paragraph 7(vi) of the explanatory notes for details.

§ Change within ±0.05%

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 8 按服務組成部分劃分的服務輸出及輸入
(丙) 以2017年環比物量計算[#]
Table 8 Exports and imports of services by service component
(c) In chained (2017) dollars[#]

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季 Year Quarter	服務輸出 [@] Exports of services [@]					服務輸入 [@] Imports of services [@]				
	合計 Total	運輸 Transport	旅遊 Travel	金融 服務 Financial services	其他 服務 Other services	合計 Total	運輸 Transport	旅遊 Travel	製造 服務 Manufact- uring services	其他 服務 Other services
2009	605,274	204,618	154,945	111,954	129,654	515,602	114,938	128,453	129,935	139,967
2010	697,951	221,580	194,936	128,684	149,336	567,327	130,311	136,524	139,597	159,508
2011	737,460	223,844	226,209	132,575	152,219	566,151	140,202	140,608	125,424	160,284
2012	757,542	215,335	249,795	132,649	159,044	578,808	142,123	145,933	129,490	161,221
2013	802,629	211,312	295,313	139,235	156,028	566,493	137,570	155,081	111,282	162,958
2014	815,590	218,515	290,427	148,170	157,850	554,262	137,004	160,616	91,316	165,900
2015	818,318	220,083	280,126	162,031	156,489	581,714	134,645	180,514	94,247	172,577
2016	789,684	222,890	255,975	153,925	156,854	593,338	132,592	190,261	94,092	176,625
2017 ^r	812,937	237,426	259,817	158,714	156,980	605,506	136,274	197,858	91,313	180,061
2018 ^r	852,613	243,292	282,496	167,760	159,065	619,412	140,864	202,499	90,756	185,293
2014 1	209,636	50,146	76,749	44,575	39,226	130,411	32,268	36,608	18,326	43,573
2	189,941	56,876	66,054	28,866	36,697	132,594	35,416	40,762	20,793	35,583
3	207,033	58,021	70,082	38,843	39,695	145,256	36,502	41,600	26,606	40,589
4	208,980	53,472	77,542	35,886	42,232	146,001	32,818	41,646	25,591	46,155
2015 1	212,447	51,218	74,368	48,097	40,034	138,282	32,218	41,484	18,715	46,004
2	195,376	57,512	65,669	35,167	36,144	138,755	34,060	45,327	21,740	37,520
3	208,575	59,025	67,569	42,914	38,929	151,731	35,442	46,990	27,064	42,296
4	201,920	52,328	72,520	35,853	41,382	152,946	32,925	46,713	26,728	46,757
2016 1	200,328	49,947	64,484	47,386	39,498	144,341	31,457	47,065	19,276	46,468
2	183,051	56,683	59,681	29,432	36,492	139,195	33,070	45,877	21,715	38,569
3	202,645	59,920	62,136	41,600	38,959	153,160	34,896	48,509	26,698	43,205
4	203,660	56,340	69,674	35,507	41,905	156,642	33,169	48,810	26,403	48,383
2017 1 ^r	206,456	54,314	65,311	47,743	39,712	145,772	32,204	46,998	19,215	47,289
2 ^r	186,348	60,910	58,560	30,004	36,365	146,233	34,400	50,982	21,131	39,604
3 ^r	208,902	63,784	63,274	43,055	39,019	155,497	35,710	50,191	25,768	43,899
4 ^r	211,231	58,418	72,672	37,912	41,884	158,004	33,960	49,687	25,199	49,269
2018 1 ^r	222,781	56,542	73,598	52,345	40,296	151,669	33,627	49,827	19,278	48,937
2 ^r	196,517	62,677	64,766	32,118	36,956	146,957	35,044	49,043	22,066	40,804
3 ^r	215,087	65,083	66,245	43,968	39,791	159,397	36,909	51,266	25,806	45,416
4 ^r	218,228	58,990	77,887	39,329	42,022	161,389	35,284	52,363	23,606	50,136
2019 1 ^r	224,569	56,281	76,491	52,020	39,777	149,389	33,315	49,501	17,156	49,417
2 ^r	194,390	60,509	65,464	32,481	35,936	148,907	34,895	54,060	18,107	41,845
3 ^r	185,493	59,263	44,936	43,569	37,725	153,026	35,032	51,704	21,354	44,936

表內載列的數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第16段。

@ 詳情請參閱註釋第7(vi)段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

This table presents figures compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchanting under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

@ Please see paragraph 7(vi) of the explanatory notes for details.

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 8 按服務組成部分劃分的服務輸出及輸入
(丁) 以實質計算的按年變動百分率
Table 8 Exports and imports of services by service component
(d) Year-on-year percentage change in real terms

年 季 Year Quarter	服務輸出 [@] Exports of services [@]					服務輸入 [@] Imports of services [@]				
	合計	運輸	旅遊	金融 服務	其他 服務	合計	運輸	旅遊	製造 服務	其他 服務
	Total	Transport	Travel	Financial services	Other services	Total	Transport	Travel	Manufact- uring services	Other services
2009	1.7	-2.1	7.6	5.2	0.1	-12.9	-18.6	-0.6	-27.7	5.8
2010	15.3	8.3	25.8	14.9	15.2	10.0	13.4	6.3	7.4	14.0
2011	5.7	1.0	16.0	3.0	1.9	-0.2	7.6	3.0	-10.2	0.5
2012	2.7	-3.8	10.4	0.1	4.5	2.2	1.4	3.8	3.2	0.6
2013	6.0	-1.9	18.2	5.0	-1.9	-2.1	-3.2	6.3	-14.1	1.1
2014	1.6	3.4	-1.7	6.4	1.2	-2.2	-0.4	3.6	-17.9	1.8
2015	0.3	0.7	-3.5	9.4	-0.9	5.0	-1.7	12.4	3.2	4.0
2016	-3.5	1.3	-8.6	-5.0	0.2	2.0	-1.5	5.4	-0.2	2.3
2017 ^r	2.9	6.5	1.5	3.1	0.1	2.1	2.8	4.0	-3.0	1.9
2018 ^r	4.9	2.5	8.7	5.7	1.3	2.3	3.4	2.3	-0.6	2.9
2014 1	6.1	1.7	10.7	10.1	-0.4	-4.3	-1.2	-2.2	-23.8	2.6
2	-2.0	4.7	-9.5	-1.2	2.0	0.4	1.2	11.7	-18.9	1.8
3	1.8	3.6	-4.2	11.0	2.9	-1.2	0.1	3.9	-12.9	1.5
4	0.5	3.4	-2.9	4.0	0.4	-3.4	-1.8	1.3	-17.6	1.3
2015 1	1.3	2.1	-3.1	7.9	2.1	6.0	-0.2	13.3	2.1	5.6
2	2.9	1.1	-0.6	21.8	-1.5	4.6	-3.8	11.2	4.6	5.4
3	0.7	1.7	-3.6	10.5	-1.9	4.5	-2.9	13.0	1.7	4.2
4	-3.4	-2.1	-6.5	-0.1	-2.0	4.8	0.3	12.2	4.4	1.3
2016 1	-5.7	-2.5	-13.3	-1.5	-1.3	4.4	-2.4	13.5	3.0	1.0
2	-6.3	-1.4	-9.1	-16.3	1.0	0.3	-2.9	1.2	-0.1	2.8
3	-2.8	1.5	-8.0	-3.1	0.1	0.9	-1.5	3.2	-1.4	2.2
4	0.9	7.7	-3.9	-1.0	1.3	2.4	0.7	4.5	-1.2	3.5
2017 1 ^r	3.1	8.7	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.0	2.4	-0.1	-0.3	1.8
2 ^r	1.8	7.5	-1.9	1.9	-0.3	5.1	4.0	11.1	-2.7	2.7
3 ^r	3.1	6.4	1.8	3.5	0.2	1.5	2.3	3.5	-3.5	1.6
4 ^r	3.7	3.7	4.3	6.8	-0.1	0.9	2.4	1.8	-4.6	1.8
2018 1 ^r	7.9	4.1	12.7	9.6	1.5	4.0	4.4	6.0	0.3	3.5
2 ^r	5.5	2.9	10.6	7.0	1.6	0.5	1.9	-3.8	4.4	3.0
3 ^r	3.0	2.0	4.7	2.1	2.0	2.5	3.4	2.1	0.1	3.5
4 ^r	3.3	1.0	7.2	3.7	0.3	2.1	3.9	5.4	-6.3	1.8
2019 1 ^r	0.8	-0.5	3.9	-0.6	-1.3	-1.5	-0.9	-0.7	-11.0	1.0
2 ^r	-1.1	-3.5	1.1	1.1	-2.8	1.3	-0.4	10.2	-17.9	2.6
3 ^r	-13.8	-8.9	-32.2	-0.9	-5.2	-4.0	-5.1	0.9	-17.3	-1.1

表內載列的數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第7(v)-7(vi)段。

@ 詳情請參閱註釋第7(vi)段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

This table presents figures compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchandising under the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*. For details, please see paragraphs 7(v)-7(vi) of the explanatory notes.

@ Please see paragraph 7(vi) of the explanatory notes for details.

r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表9 根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準（除了所有權轉移原則）編製
的貨品出口及進口與服務輸出及輸入
（甲）以當時市價計算

Table 9 Exports and imports of goods and services based on the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*, other than the change of ownership principle

(a) At current market prices

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 Year	季 Quarter	貨品出口與服務輸出 Exports of goods and services			貨品進口與服務輸入 Imports of goods and services			貨品出口與 服務輸出 減貨品進口 與服務輸入
		合計 Total	貨品出口 (離岸價) Exports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸出 Exports of services	合計 Total	貨品進口 (離岸價) Imports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸入 Imports of services	Exports <u>less</u> imports of goods and services
2009		3,172,937	2,500,143	672,794	3,042,312	2,702,966	339,346	130,625
2010		3,897,488	3,068,444	829,044	3,793,135	3,395,057	398,078	104,353
2011		4,361,254	3,420,076	941,178	4,286,776	3,848,200	438,576	74,478
2012		4,594,823	3,591,776	1,003,047	4,571,792	4,116,410	455,382	23,031
2013		4,874,974	3,816,390	1,058,584	4,862,142	4,394,928	467,214	12,832
2014		4,957,447	3,877,458	1,079,989	4,952,815	4,471,810	481,005	4,632
2015		4,831,618	3,779,263	1,052,355	4,774,317	4,289,991	484,326	57,301
2016		4,786,954	3,776,638	1,010,316	4,729,914	4,240,000	489,914	57,040
2017 ^r		5,129,144	4,055,437	1,073,707	5,100,245	4,586,052	514,193	28,899
2018 ^r		5,454,070	4,289,167	1,164,903	5,452,328	4,911,101	541,227	1,742
2014	1	1,137,842	870,327	267,515	1,143,722	1,028,681	115,041	-5,880
	2	1,193,740	949,349	244,391	1,226,930	1,111,191	115,739	-33,190
	3	1,306,560	1,026,520	280,040	1,272,251	1,148,472	123,779	34,309
	4	1,319,305	1,031,262	288,043	1,309,912	1,183,466	126,446	9,393
2015	1	1,146,828	879,271	267,557	1,145,911	1,028,254	117,657	917
	2	1,159,297	916,423	242,874	1,183,633	1,066,653	116,980	-24,336
	3	1,251,833	982,454	269,379	1,200,968	1,077,763	123,205	50,865
	4	1,273,660	1,001,115	272,545	1,243,805	1,117,321	126,484	29,855
2016	1	1,069,388	823,404	245,984	1,057,213	937,677	119,536	12,175
	2	1,139,192	912,334	226,858	1,155,462	1,039,442	116,020	-16,270
	3	1,250,839	989,242	261,597	1,214,036	1,088,649	125,387	36,803
	4	1,327,535	1,051,658	275,877	1,303,203	1,174,232	128,971	24,332
2017	1 ^r	1,174,495	915,309	259,186	1,167,064	1,046,631	120,433	7,431
	2 ^r	1,213,154	975,059	238,095	1,238,122	1,115,073	123,049	-24,968
	3 ^r	1,338,439	1,059,892	278,547	1,301,058	1,168,631	132,427	37,381
	4 ^r	1,403,056	1,105,177	297,879	1,394,001	1,255,717	138,284	9,055
2018	1 ^r	1,277,462	987,970	289,492	1,277,641	1,143,416	134,225	-179
	2 ^r	1,306,372	1,045,394	260,978	1,342,241	1,213,623	128,618	-35,869
	3 ^r	1,434,531	1,135,541	298,990	1,422,972	1,286,546	136,426	11,559
	4 ^r	1,435,705	1,120,262	315,443	1,409,474	1,267,516	141,958	26,231
2019	1 ^r	1,252,445	957,823	294,622	1,235,203	1,103,590	131,613	17,242
	2 ^r	1,250,045	991,475	258,570	1,271,000	1,138,562	132,438	-20,955
	3 ^r	1,322,049	1,056,447	265,602	1,283,542	1,149,576	133,966	38,507

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

^r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表9 根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準（除了所有權轉移原則）編製
的貨品出口及進口與服務輸出及輸入
（乙）以2017年環比物量計算[#]

Table 9 Exports and imports of goods and services based on the standards stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008*, other than the change of ownership principle

(b) In chained (2017) dollars[#]

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季 Year Quarter	貨品出口與服務輸出 Exports of goods and services			貨品進口與服務輸入 Imports of goods and services		
	合計 Total	貨品出口 (離岸價) Exports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸出 Exports of services	合計 Total	貨品進口 (離岸價) Imports of goods (f.o.b.)	服務輸入 Imports of services
2009	3,714,874	2,904,012	811,652	3,583,587	3,200,072	382,766
2010	4,338,175	3,407,210	931,292	4,205,548	3,780,763	425,100
2011	4,506,925	3,525,157	982,276	4,399,299	3,959,800	440,027
2012	4,594,530	3,591,320	1,003,756	4,526,818	4,079,015	448,457
2013	4,878,102	3,825,864	1,052,809	4,825,938	4,371,544	455,237
2014	4,922,907	3,857,620	1,065,836	4,872,766	4,410,296	463,247
2015	4,847,809	3,786,138	1,062,109	4,779,831	4,292,047	487,744
2016	4,878,931	3,839,365	1,039,791	4,818,863	4,319,421	499,451
2017 ^r	5,129,144	4,055,437	1,073,707	5,100,245	4,586,052	514,193
2018 ^r	5,316,331	4,196,667	1,119,664	5,324,347	4,795,691	528,656
2014 1	1,144,786	881,639	263,155	1,133,073	1,020,953	112,206
2	1,190,667	948,076	242,843	1,204,591	1,092,949	111,889
3	1,289,459	1,013,273	276,351	1,249,831	1,131,346	118,688
4	1,297,995	1,014,632	283,487	1,285,271	1,165,048	120,464
2015 1	1,148,706	883,451	265,251	1,138,826	1,019,191	119,544
2	1,157,169	911,940	245,399	1,173,525	1,056,517	117,063
3	1,256,783	981,564	275,332	1,209,025	1,084,181	124,800
4	1,285,151	1,009,183	276,127	1,258,455	1,132,158	126,337
2016 1	1,103,314	850,834	252,661	1,088,054	963,157	124,978
2	1,165,129	930,286	234,797	1,176,816	1,059,275	117,514
3	1,273,038	1,001,477	271,621	1,237,450	1,110,835	126,607
4	1,337,450	1,056,768	280,712	1,316,543	1,186,154	130,352
2017 1 ^r	1,192,043	931,100	261,084	1,180,704	1,054,275	126,434
2 ^r	1,219,544	979,383	239,974	1,243,585	1,118,523	125,061
3 ^r	1,337,426	1,056,657	280,778	1,301,958	1,172,125	129,832
4 ^r	1,380,131	1,088,297	291,871	1,373,998	1,241,129	132,866
2018 1 ^r	1,257,277	978,256	279,021	1,255,284	1,122,893	132,391
2 ^r	1,275,897	1,024,166	251,731	1,310,399	1,185,508	124,891
3 ^r	1,399,123	1,109,895	289,228	1,391,100	1,257,509	133,591
4 ^r	1,384,034	1,084,350	299,684	1,367,564	1,229,781	137,783
2019 1 ^r	1,212,419	931,885	280,534	1,198,295	1,066,062	132,233
2 ^r	1,205,700	957,950	247,750	1,224,725	1,093,925	130,800
3 ^r	1,278,461	1,021,650	256,811	1,240,823	1,109,151	131,672

整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第16段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 10 根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準（除了所有權轉移原則）編製的
服務輸出及輸入（按服務組成部分劃分）

（甲）以當時市價計算

Table 10 Exports and imports of services by service component based on the standards stipulated in
the *System of National Accounts 2008*, other than the change of ownership principle
(a) At current market prices

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季 Year Quarter	服務輸出 Exports of services					服務輸入 Imports of services				
	合計 Total	運輸 Transport	旅遊 Travel	轉手商貿 活動及其他 與貿易 相關的服務 Merchanting and other trade-related services	其他 服務 Other services	合計 Total	運輸 Transport	旅遊 Travel	轉手商貿 活動及其他 與貿易 相關的服務 Merchanting and other trade-related services	其他 服務 Other services
2009	672,794	183,646	127,193	206,755	155,200	339,346	101,042	120,519	27,005	90,780
2010	829,044	231,971	172,472	243,871	180,729	398,078	121,961	134,849	32,829	108,440
2011	941,178	250,075	221,490	270,706	198,906	438,576	139,414	148,071	33,182	117,908
2012	1,003,047	248,494	256,534	281,191	216,828	455,382	142,580	155,716	33,735	123,351
2013	1,058,584	242,398	301,969	287,128	227,090	467,214	140,573	164,545	32,809	129,287
2014	1,079,989	247,707	297,567	292,629	242,086	481,005	142,620	170,672	33,715	133,998
2015	1,052,355	230,876	280,227	283,734	257,518	484,326	134,230	178,751	33,741	137,604
2016	1,010,316	218,687	254,962	285,417	251,250	489,914	131,387	187,385	33,428	137,714
2017 ^r	1,073,707	237,426	259,817	301,902	274,562	514,193	136,274	197,858	34,381	145,680
2018 ^r	1,164,903	256,217	288,730	316,682	303,274	541,227	143,709	207,232	35,881	154,405
2014 1	267,515	58,075	78,158	63,338	67,944	115,041	33,229	38,624	7,692	35,496
2	244,391	64,029	68,217	60,732	51,413	115,739	36,355	44,154	7,178	28,052
3	280,040	66,426	71,312	79,993	62,309	123,779	37,858	44,831	8,798	32,292
4	288,043	59,177	79,880	88,566	60,420	126,446	35,178	43,063	10,047	38,158
2015 1	267,557	56,156	75,226	63,467	72,708	117,657	32,092	41,146	7,872	36,547
2	242,874	59,885	65,957	57,822	59,210	116,980	34,388	45,758	7,324	29,510
3	269,379	61,652	65,879	76,259	65,589	123,205	34,694	46,523	8,687	33,301
4	272,545	53,183	73,165	86,186	60,011	126,484	33,056	45,324	9,858	38,246
2016 1	245,984	49,961	63,805	61,322	70,896	119,536	30,516	45,407	7,589	36,024
2	226,858	54,990	59,627	58,460	53,781	116,020	33,029	46,040	7,264	29,687
3	261,597	58,279	60,917	77,179	65,222	125,387	34,479	48,715	8,609	33,584
4	275,877	55,457	70,613	88,456	61,351	128,971	33,363	47,223	9,966	38,419
2017 1 ^r	259,186	54,712	64,892	64,777	74,805	120,433	31,161	45,326	7,799	36,147
2 ^r	238,095	60,109	58,607	61,324	58,055	123,049	34,090	50,868	7,427	30,664
3 ^r	278,547	63,278	61,979	81,605	71,685	132,427	35,768	51,631	8,855	36,173
4 ^r	297,879	59,327	74,339	94,196	70,017	138,284	35,255	50,033	10,300	42,696
2018 1 ^r	289,492	59,035	74,894	68,081	87,482	134,225	34,092	51,531	8,189	40,413
2 ^r	260,978	65,315	66,382	64,770	64,511	128,618	35,939	51,237	7,799	33,643
3 ^r	298,990	68,502	66,473	86,338	77,677	136,426	37,243	52,612	9,331	37,240
4 ^r	315,443	63,365	80,981	97,493	73,604	141,958	36,435	51,852	10,562	43,109
2019 1 ^r	294,622	59,205	78,736	69,238	87,443	131,613	33,070	49,242	8,080	41,221
2 ^r	258,570	62,424	67,331	63,785	65,030	132,438	35,212	54,661	7,339	35,226
3 ^r	265,602	60,857	44,904	83,316	76,525	133,966	35,474	52,605	8,495	37,392

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 10 根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準（除了所有權轉移原則）編製的
服務輸出及輸入（按服務組成部分劃分）

（乙）以2017年環比物量計算[#]

Table 10 Exports and imports of services by service component based on the standards stipulated in
the System of National Accounts 2008, other than the change of ownership principle

(b) In chained (2017) dollars[#]

百萬元
HK\$ million

年 季 Year Quarter	服務輸出 Exports of services					服務輸入 Imports of services				
	合計 Total	運輸 Transport	旅遊 Travel	轉手商貿 活動及其 他與貿易 相關的服務 Merchanting and other trade-related services	其他 服務 Other services	合計 Total	運輸 Transport	旅遊 Travel	轉手商貿 活動及其 他與貿易 相關的服務 Merchanting and other trade-related services	其他 服務 Other services
2009	811,652	204,618	154,945	249,565	197,810	382,766	114,938	128,453	31,694	108,245
2010	931,292	221,580	194,936	280,728	230,061	425,100	130,311	136,524	36,132	123,343
2011	982,276	223,844	226,209	288,400	241,117	440,027	140,202	140,608	35,123	125,168
2012	1,003,756	215,335	249,795	290,384	247,342	448,457	142,123	145,933	34,613	126,616
2013	1,052,809	211,312	295,313	292,441	252,958	455,237	137,570	155,081	33,362	129,605
2014	1,065,836	218,515	290,427	292,126	264,255	463,247	137,004	160,616	33,640	132,262
2015	1,062,109	220,083	280,126	284,345	278,219	487,744	134,645	180,514	33,827	138,739
2016	1,039,791	222,890	255,975	290,837	270,251	499,451	132,592	190,261	34,060	142,559
2017 ^r	1,073,707	237,426	259,817	301,902	274,562	514,193	136,274	197,858	34,381	145,680
2018 ^r	1,119,664	243,292	282,496	309,174	284,702	528,656	140,864	202,499	34,984	150,309
2014 1	263,155	50,146	76,749	62,184	75,236	112,206	32,268	36,608	7,669	35,888
2	242,843	56,876	66,054	61,609	56,699	111,889	35,416	40,762	7,223	28,361
3	276,351	58,021	70,082	81,076	66,886	118,688	36,502	41,600	8,822	31,775
4	283,487	53,472	77,542	87,257	65,434	120,464	32,818	41,646	9,926	36,238
2015 1	265,251	51,218	74,368	61,455	79,636	119,544	32,218	41,484	7,778	38,210
2	245,399	57,512	65,669	58,238	63,138	117,063	34,060	45,327	7,327	30,190
3	275,332	59,025	67,569	77,922	70,724	124,800	35,442	46,990	8,770	33,528
4	276,127	52,328	72,520	86,730	64,721	126,337	32,925	46,713	9,952	36,811
2016 1	252,661	49,947	64,484	60,948	78,458	124,978	31,457	47,065	7,714	38,760
2	234,797	56,683	59,681	60,225	57,671	117,514	33,070	45,877	7,459	31,108
3	271,621	59,920	62,136	80,170	69,267	126,607	34,896	48,509	8,817	34,383
4	280,712	56,340	69,674	89,494	64,855	130,352	33,169	48,810	10,070	38,308
2017 1 ^r	261,084	54,314	65,311	63,377	78,677	126,434	32,204	46,998	7,802	39,507
2 ^r	239,974	60,910	58,560	62,154	58,176	125,061	34,400	50,982	7,492	32,113
3 ^r	280,778	63,784	63,274	83,159	70,567	129,832	35,710	50,191	8,902	34,988
4 ^r	291,871	58,418	72,672	93,212	67,142	132,866	33,960	49,687	10,185	39,072
2018 1 ^r	279,021	56,542	73,598	65,112	83,769	132,391	33,627	49,827	8,008	40,929
2 ^r	251,731	62,677	64,766	63,922	60,366	124,891	35,044	49,043	7,653	33,151
3 ^r	289,228	65,083	66,245	85,836	72,064	133,591	36,909	51,266	9,134	36,282
4 ^r	299,684	58,990	77,887	94,304	68,503	137,783	35,284	52,363	10,189	39,947
2019 1 ^r	280,534	56,281	76,491	64,793	82,969	132,233	33,315	49,501	7,731	41,686
2 ^r	247,750	60,509	65,464	61,776	60,001	130,800	34,895	54,060	7,067	34,778
3 ^r	256,811	59,263	44,936	82,093	70,519	131,672	35,032	51,704	8,234	36,702

整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情，請參閱註釋第16段。

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 11 按主要經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值（以當時價格計算）

Table 11 GDP by major economic activity at current prices

年 Year	農業、 漁業、 採礦及採石 Agriculture, fishing, mining and quarrying	製造 Manufacturing	電力、燃氣和 自來水供應及 廢棄物管理 Electricity, gas and water supply, and waste management	建造 Construction	服務 Services			
					合計 Total	進出口貿易、 批發及零售 Import/export, wholesale and retail trades	住宿及 膳食服務 [@] Accommodation and food services [@]	運輸、倉庫、 郵政及 速遞服務 Transportation, storage, postal and courier services

以基本價格計算的本地生產總值（百萬港元）

GDP at basic prices (HK\$ million)

2001	1,182	53,575	38,758	57,590	1,118,884	281,798	34,449	94,027
2002	1,143	45,773	40,369	51,850	1,110,646	284,349	30,949	97,304
2003	945	39,022	39,631	45,237	1,102,221	289,587	26,505	95,360
2004	963	39,468	40,538	40,797	1,163,558	320,828	34,128	108,693
2005	953	39,646	40,777	39,010	1,257,617	359,732	37,494	115,475
2006	947	39,685	41,294	39,227	1,352,383	366,567	42,701	116,294
2007	1,015	32,365	40,747	40,643	1,490,475	379,466	48,830	119,862
2008	925	31,506	39,651	48,403	1,499,529	399,200	53,600	98,390
2009	1,090	28,714	35,032	50,264	1,466,724	370,226	48,789	99,208
2010	948	30,410	34,486	56,531	1,614,922	413,308	56,418	137,941
2011	944	30,578	33,877	65,484	1,770,166	492,900	66,421	120,034
2012	1,114	30,600	35,382	73,445	1,872,498	511,537	72,044	120,609
2013	1,225	30,156	35,119	83,288	1,948,292	523,741	75,413	125,465
2014	1,496	27,885	35,636	96,205	2,044,750	531,541	78,725	137,658
2015	1,630	26,716	34,653	107,902	2,154,541	527,822	78,134	150,073
2016	1,898	26,844	34,414	124,932	2,229,760	525,526	79,682	149,742
2017 ^r	1,736	27,299	34,978	129,714	2,357,363	548,636	83,507	153,359
2018 ^p	1,762	27,749	35,339	120,536	2,516,762	575,902	91,148	159,724

佔本地生產總值（以基本價格計算）的百分比（%）

Percentage contribution to GDP at basic prices (%)

2001	0.1	4.2	3.1	4.5	88.1	22.2	2.7	7.4
2002	0.1	3.7	3.2	4.1	88.9	22.8	2.5	7.8
2003	0.1	3.2	3.2	3.7	89.8	23.6	2.2	7.8
2004	0.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	90.5	25.0	2.7	8.5
2005	0.1	2.9	3.0	2.8	91.3	26.1	2.7	8.4
2006	0.1	2.7	2.8	2.7	91.8	24.9	2.9	7.9
2007	0.1	2.0	2.5	2.5	92.9	23.6	3.0	7.5
2008	0.1	1.9	2.4	3.0	92.6	24.6	3.3	6.1
2009	0.1	1.8	2.2	3.2	92.7	23.4	3.1	6.3
2010	0.1	1.8	2.0	3.3	93.0	23.8	3.2	7.9
2011	§	1.6	1.8	3.4	93.1	25.9	3.5	6.3
2012	0.1	1.5	1.8	3.6	93.0	25.4	3.6	6.0
2013	0.1	1.4	1.7	4.0	92.9	25.0	3.6	6.0
2014	0.1	1.3	1.6	4.4	92.7	24.1	3.6	6.2
2015	0.1	1.1	1.5	4.6	92.7	22.7	3.4	6.5
2016	0.1	1.1	1.4	5.2	92.2	21.7	3.3	6.2
2017 ^r	0.1	1.1	1.4	5.1	92.4	21.5	3.3	6.0
2018 ^p	0.1	1.0	1.3	4.5	93.1	21.3	3.4	5.9

[@] 住宿服務包括酒店、賓館、旅舍及其他提供短期住宿服務的機構單位。[@] Accommodation services cover hotels, guesthouses, boarding houses and other establishments providing short term accommodation.

§ 所佔百分比少於0.05個百分點

§ Contribution less than 0.05% point

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.^p 「初步數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。^p “Preliminary figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 11 按主要經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值（以當時價格計算） -----（續）

Table 11 GDP by major economic activity at current prices ----- (cont'd)

年 Year	服務（續） Services (cont'd)					以基本價格 計算的本地 生產總值 Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	產品稅 Taxes on products	統計差額 (%) Statistical discrepancy (%)	以當時市價 計算的本地 生產總值 Gross Domestic Product at current market prices
	資訊及 通訊 Information and communications	金融及 保險 Financing and insurance	地產、 專業及 商用服務 Real estate, professional and business services	公共行政、 社會及 個人服務 Public administration, social and personal services	樓宇業權 Ownership of premises				

以基本價格計算的本地生產總值（百萬港元）

GDP at basic prices (HK\$ million)

2001	44,515	153,787	111,431	255,543	143,334	1,269,989	26,433	1.9	1,321,142
2002	45,811	154,099	106,137	252,581	139,416	1,249,781	24,406	1.8	1,297,341
2003	45,051	163,267	103,309	247,694	131,450	1,227,056	25,428	0.3	1,256,669
2004	42,768	168,278	113,633	249,018	126,212	1,285,324	33,296	-0.1	1,316,949
2005	45,779	189,741	122,336	247,942	139,118	1,378,002	35,305	-0.1	1,412,125
2006	48,951	245,954	128,685	251,211	152,019	1,473,535	40,348	-0.7	1,503,351
2007	51,551	322,644	147,339	262,395	158,388	1,605,245	64,634	-1.2	1,650,756
2008	49,127	277,112	166,086	278,100	177,915	1,620,013	58,233	1.7	1,707,487
2009	47,893	255,900	173,903	288,109	182,696	1,581,824	54,689	1.4	1,659,245
2010	55,024	283,752	188,476	295,257	184,745	1,737,298	68,707	-1.7	1,776,332
2011	62,952	305,282	213,987	313,585	195,005	1,901,049	69,401	-1.9	1,934,430
2012	70,866	319,312	232,416	337,678	208,036	2,013,038	63,575	-1.9	2,037,059
2013	76,145	346,248	225,789	356,326	219,166	2,098,080	75,314	-1.6	2,138,305
2014	77,761	367,989	239,434	379,588	232,053	2,205,972	83,236	-1.3	2,260,005
2015	80,813	409,933	252,714	407,405	247,648	2,325,443	95,433	-0.9	2,398,280
2016	84,208	428,903	266,139	436,912	258,649	2,417,849	83,743	-0.4	2,490,617
2017 ^r	86,891	480,488	274,822	465,492	264,166	2,551,090	110,698	*	2,662,836
2018 ^p	91,141	536,877	280,674	497,990	283,308	2,702,148	118,131	0.8	2,842,883

佔本地生產總值（以基本價格計算）的百分比（%）

Percentage contribution to GDP at basic prices (%)

2001	3.5	12.1	8.8	20.1	11.3	100.0
2002	3.7	12.3	8.5	20.2	11.2	100.0
2003	3.7	13.3	8.4	20.2	10.7	100.0
2004	3.3	13.1	8.8	19.4	9.8	100.0
2005	3.3	13.8	8.9	18.0	10.1	100.0
2006	3.3	16.7	8.7	17.0	10.3	100.0
2007	3.2	20.1	9.2	16.3	9.9	100.0
2008	3.0	17.1	10.3	17.2	11.0	100.0
2009	3.0	16.2	11.0	18.2	11.5	100.0
2010	3.2	16.3	10.8	17.0	10.6	100.0
2011	3.3	16.1	11.3	16.5	10.3	100.0
2012	3.5	15.9	11.5	16.8	10.3	100.0
2013	3.6	16.5	10.8	17.0	10.4	100.0
2014	3.5	16.7	10.9	17.2	10.5	100.0
2015	3.5	17.6	10.9	17.5	10.6	100.0
2016	3.5	17.7	11.0	18.1	10.7	100.0
2017 ^r	3.4	18.8	10.8	18.2	10.4	100.0
2018 ^p	3.4	19.9	10.4	18.4	10.5	100.0

* 統計差額在±0.05%之內

* Statistical discrepancy within ±0.05%

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

^p 「初步數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

^p “Preliminary figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 12 選定經濟活動的增加價值（以當時價格計算）

Table 12 Value added of selected economic activities at current prices

年 Year	進出口貿易、批發及零售 Import / export, wholesale and retail trades					住宿及膳食服務 Accommodation and food services		
	合計 Total	進出口 貿易 Import and export trade	批發及零售業 Wholesale and retail trades			合計 Total	住宿服務 [@] Accommodation services [@]	餐飲服務 Food and beverage services
			小計 Sub-total	批發 Wholesale	零售業 Retail trade			

以基本價格計算的增加價值（百萬港元）

Value added at basic prices (HK\$ million)

2001	281,798	239,075	42,723	13,209	29,514	34,449	8,779	25,669
2002	284,349	244,691	39,658	11,945	27,713	30,949	8,365	22,584
2003	289,587	252,850	36,737	10,720	26,017	26,505	6,934	19,571
2004	320,828	274,545	46,283	12,343	33,940	34,128	10,547	23,581
2005	359,732	310,065	49,666	12,524	37,143	37,494	12,987	24,507
2006	366,567	313,361	53,206	13,797	39,408	42,701	15,494	27,207
2007	379,466	324,571	54,895	12,290	42,605	48,830	16,829	32,001
2008	399,200	337,170	62,029	14,590	47,440	53,600	18,000	35,600
2009	370,226	309,773	60,453	13,231	47,222	48,789	14,454	34,335
2010	413,308	341,615	71,693	15,443	56,250	56,418	19,066	37,352
2011	492,900	401,558	91,342	16,225	75,117	66,421	25,035	41,386
2012	511,537	410,071	101,466	18,151	83,315	72,044	27,486	44,558
2013	523,741	413,445	110,296	19,137	91,159	75,413	28,991	46,421
2014	531,541	421,004	110,538	19,854	90,684	78,725	29,876	48,849
2015	527,822	420,046	107,776	19,506	88,270	78,134	27,892	50,241
2016	525,526	426,865	98,661	19,422	79,239	79,682	26,899	52,782
2017 ^r	548,636	446,683	101,954	19,976	81,978	83,507	28,078	55,430

佔本地生產總值（以基本價格計算）的百分比（%）

Percentage contribution to GDP at basic prices (%)

2001	22.2	18.8	3.4	1.0	2.3	2.7	0.7	2.0
2002	22.8	19.6	3.2	1.0	2.2	2.5	0.7	1.8
2003	23.6	20.6	3.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.6	1.6
2004	25.0	21.4	3.6	1.0	2.6	2.7	0.8	1.8
2005	26.1	22.5	3.6	0.9	2.7	2.7	0.9	1.8
2006	24.9	21.3	3.6	0.9	2.7	2.9	1.1	1.8
2007	23.6	20.2	3.4	0.8	2.7	3.0	1.0	2.0
2008	24.6	20.8	3.8	0.9	2.9	3.3	1.1	2.2
2009	23.4	19.6	3.8	0.8	3.0	3.1	0.9	2.2
2010	23.8	19.7	4.1	0.9	3.2	3.2	1.1	2.2
2011	25.9	21.1	4.8	0.9	4.0	3.5	1.3	2.2
2012	25.4	20.4	5.0	0.9	4.1	3.6	1.4	2.2
2013	25.0	19.7	5.3	0.9	4.3	3.6	1.4	2.2
2014	24.1	19.1	5.0	0.9	4.1	3.6	1.4	2.2
2015	22.7	18.1	4.6	0.8	3.8	3.4	1.2	2.2
2016	21.7	17.7	4.1	0.8	3.3	3.3	1.1	2.2
2017 ^r	21.5	17.5	4.0	0.8	3.2	3.3	1.1	2.2

[@] 住宿服務包括酒店、賓館、旅舍及其他提供短期住宿服務的機構單位。 [@] Accommodation services cover hotels, guesthouses, boarding houses and other establishments providing short term accommodation.

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

^r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 12 選定經濟活動的增加價值（以當時價格計算）-----（續）

Table 12 Value added of selected economic activities at current prices ----- (cont'd)

年 Year	運輸、倉庫、郵政及速遞服務 Transportation, storage, postal and courier services						
	合計 Total	運輸及倉庫 Transportation and storage					郵政及 速遞服務 Postal and courier services
		小計 Sub-total	陸路運輸 Land transport	水上運輸 Water transport	航空運輸 Air transport	貨倉及 其他運輸 服務 Warehousing and other transportation services	

以基本價格計算的增加價值（百萬港元）

Value added at basic prices (HK\$ million)

2001	94,027	89,135	37,461	23,405	26,819	1,450	4,892
2002	97,304	92,541	36,049	23,453	31,652	1,387	4,763
2003	95,360	90,573	33,697	26,701	28,603	1,572	4,787
2004	108,693	103,187	35,901	29,507	35,977	1,802	5,506
2005	115,475	109,763	38,264	28,360	40,649	2,489	5,712
2006	116,294	110,746	38,813	30,146	39,588	2,199	5,548
2007	119,862	114,378	38,878	31,518	41,763	2,220	5,484
2008	98,390	93,325	38,098	25,214	27,454	2,559	5,065
2009	99,208	94,090	37,960	16,364	37,507	2,259	5,118
2010	137,941	132,292	41,337	33,851	54,558	2,545	5,650
2011	120,034	114,705	41,793	21,400	48,734	2,777	5,329
2012	120,609	114,983	42,718	20,548	48,875	2,842	5,626
2013	125,465	119,036	43,646	17,891	54,313	3,186	6,429
2014	137,658	130,525	45,433	19,785	61,858	3,450	7,132
2015	150,073	142,653	47,194	19,025	72,651	3,783	7,420
2016	149,742	141,565	47,963	17,834	71,863	3,904	8,177
2017 ^r	153,359	144,666	49,362	17,120	73,847	4,336	8,694

佔本地生產總值（以基本價格計算）的百分比（%）

Percentage contribution to GDP at basic prices (%)

2001	7.4	7.0	2.9	1.8	2.1	0.1	0.4
2002	7.8	7.4	2.9	1.9	2.5	0.1	0.4
2003	7.8	7.4	2.7	2.2	2.3	0.1	0.4
2004	8.5	8.0	2.8	2.3	2.8	0.1	0.4
2005	8.4	8.0	2.8	2.1	2.9	0.2	0.4
2006	7.9	7.5	2.6	2.0	2.7	0.1	0.4
2007	7.5	7.1	2.4	2.0	2.6	0.1	0.3
2008	6.1	5.8	2.4	1.6	1.7	0.2	0.3
2009	6.3	5.9	2.4	1.0	2.4	0.1	0.3
2010	7.9	7.6	2.4	1.9	3.1	0.1	0.3
2011	6.3	6.0	2.2	1.1	2.6	0.1	0.3
2012	6.0	5.7	2.1	1.0	2.4	0.1	0.3
2013	6.0	5.7	2.1	0.9	2.6	0.2	0.3
2014	6.2	5.9	2.1	0.9	2.8	0.2	0.3
2015	6.5	6.1	2.0	0.8	3.1	0.2	0.3
2016	6.2	5.9	2.0	0.7	3.0	0.2	0.3
2017 ^r	6.0	5.7	1.9	0.7	2.9	0.2	0.3

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。^r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 12 選定經濟活動的增加價值（以當時價格計算）-----（續）

Table 12 Value added of selected economic activities at current prices ----- (cont'd)

年	資訊及通訊 Information and communications			金融及保險 Financing and insurance		
	合計	電訊	其他 資訊及 通訊服務 Other information and communications services	合計	金融	保險
Year	Total	Telecommunications		Total	Financing	Insurance

以基本價格計算的增加價值（百萬港元）

Value added at basic prices (HK\$ million)

2001	44,515	23,481	21,034	153,787	119,998	33,789
2002	45,811	23,676	22,135	154,099	117,586	36,513
2003	45,051	22,068	22,983	163,267	125,396	37,870
2004	42,768	17,826	24,942	168,278	130,643	37,635
2005	45,779	18,842	26,937	189,741	149,792	39,949
2006	48,951	20,172	28,779	245,954	203,671	42,284
2007	51,551	20,679	30,872	322,644	271,746	50,898
2008	49,127	21,012	28,115	277,112	227,855	49,257
2009	47,893	21,434	26,460	255,900	211,841	44,059
2010	55,024	23,263	31,761	283,752	229,668	54,083
2011	62,952	25,683	37,269	305,282	249,231	56,051
2012	70,866	32,197	38,670	319,312	260,060	59,252
2013	76,145	34,608	41,537	346,248	286,132	60,116
2014	77,761	36,393	41,368	367,989	300,943	67,046
2015	80,813	38,662	42,151	409,933	335,143	74,789
2016	84,208	40,775	43,433	428,903	340,068	88,835
2017 ^r	86,891	42,035	44,856	480,488	387,076	93,412

佔本地生產總值（以基本價格計算）的百分比（%）

Percentage contribution to GDP at basic prices (%)

2001	3.5	1.8	1.7	12.1	9.4	2.7
2002	3.7	1.9	1.8	12.3	9.4	2.9
2003	3.7	1.8	1.9	13.3	10.2	3.1
2004	3.3	1.4	1.9	13.1	10.2	2.9
2005	3.3	1.4	2.0	13.8	10.9	2.9
2006	3.3	1.4	2.0	16.7	13.8	2.9
2007	3.2	1.3	1.9	20.1	16.9	3.2
2008	3.0	1.3	1.7	17.1	14.1	3.0
2009	3.0	1.4	1.7	16.2	13.4	2.8
2010	3.2	1.3	1.8	16.3	13.2	3.1
2011	3.3	1.4	2.0	16.1	13.1	2.9
2012	3.5	1.6	1.9	15.9	12.9	2.9
2013	3.6	1.6	2.0	16.5	13.6	2.9
2014	3.5	1.6	1.9	16.7	13.6	3.0
2015	3.5	1.7	1.8	17.6	14.4	3.2
2016	3.5	1.7	1.8	17.7	14.1	3.7
2017 ^r	3.4	1.6	1.8	18.8	15.2	3.7

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 12 選定經濟活動的增加價值（以當時價格計算）-----（續）

Table 12 Value added of selected economic activities at current prices ----- (cont'd)

年 Year	地產、專業及商用服務 Real estate, professional and business services		
	合計 Total	地產 Real estate	專業及 商用服務 Professional and business services

以基本價格計算的增加價值（百萬港元）

Value added at basic prices (HK\$ million)

2001	111,431	57,969	53,462
2002	106,137	53,394	52,743
2003	103,309	48,926	54,383
2004	113,633	52,956	60,677
2005	122,336	61,220	61,116
2006	128,685	63,464	65,221
2007	147,339	71,999	75,341
2008	166,086	84,903	81,183
2009	173,903	86,862	87,041
2010	188,476	88,919	99,558
2011	213,987	106,035	107,952
2012	232,416	116,880	115,536
2013	225,789	105,456	120,332
2014	239,434	110,114	129,320
2015	252,714	115,519	137,195
2016	266,139	123,087	143,052
2017 ^r	274,822	126,979	147,843

佔本地生產總值（以基本價格計算）的百分比（%）

Percentage contribution to GDP at basic prices (%)

2001	8.8	4.6	4.2
2002	8.5	4.3	4.2
2003	8.4	4.0	4.4
2004	8.8	4.1	4.7
2005	8.9	4.4	4.4
2006	8.7	4.3	4.4
2007	9.2	4.5	4.7
2008	10.3	5.2	5.0
2009	11.0	5.5	5.5
2010	10.8	5.1	5.7
2011	11.3	5.6	5.7
2012	11.5	5.8	5.7
2013	10.8	5.0	5.7
2014	10.9	5.0	5.9
2015	10.9	5.0	5.9
2016	11.0	5.1	5.9
2017 ^r	10.8	5.0	5.8

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。

^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details.

表 13 以環比物量計算按主要經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值
(甲) 以2017年環比物量計算[#]

Table 13 Chain volume measures of GDP by major economic activity
(a) In chained (2017) dollars[#]

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 Year	季 Quarter	農業、 漁業、 採礦及採石 Agriculture, fishing, mining and quarrying	製造 Manufacturing	電力、燃氣和 自來水供應及 廢棄物管理 Electricity, gas and water supply, and waste management	建造 Construction	服務 Services		
						合計 Total	進出口貿易、 批發及零售 Import / export, wholesale and retail trades	住宿及 膳食服務 [@] Accommodation and food services [@]
2009		2,008	26,931	36,006	68,040	1,816,562	390,583	64,921
2010		2,085	27,832	35,939	78,683	1,942,123	455,692	71,088
2011		2,102	28,036	36,165	93,101	2,042,834	497,114	77,016
2012		2,034	27,814	36,689	100,833	2,078,719	506,387	78,386
2013		2,133	27,838	35,619	105,043	2,135,674	522,889	81,187
2014		2,004	27,726	35,895	118,707	2,188,233	529,323	83,004
2015		1,867	27,301	34,967	125,123	2,226,113	523,575	81,425
2016		1,830	27,181	34,682	131,468	2,276,815	526,604	81,842
2017 ^r		1,736	27,299	34,978	129,714	2,359,065	548,636	83,507
2018 ^r		1,711	27,646	35,041	129,854	2,438,729	573,515	86,773
2014	1	458	6,460	8,058	32,081	522,921	118,254	21,001
	2	541	6,919	9,267	26,434	517,246	116,390	19,483
	3	515	7,281	10,513	28,107	557,624	140,178	20,942
	4	490	7,065	8,057	32,085	590,442	154,501	21,581
2015	1	437	6,362	7,853	31,384	533,849	118,230	20,808
	2	513	6,834	9,191	31,417	524,459	111,911	19,182
	3	468	7,131	9,962	29,855	566,981	139,368	20,082
	4	449	6,973	7,962	32,467	600,824	154,066	21,355
2016	1	417	6,345	7,925	31,949	542,277	115,696	20,610
	2	519	6,805	9,090	32,345	538,469	112,815	19,483
	3	455	7,127	9,901	31,230	579,451	140,636	20,219
	4	440	6,903	7,766	35,944	616,618	157,457	21,531
2017	1 ^r	425	6,355	7,736	33,371	562,534	120,773	20,850
	2 ^r	478	6,835	9,038	32,128	556,710	117,105	19,666
	3 ^r	420	7,152	10,415	30,240	600,993	146,669	20,586
	4 ^r	413	6,956	7,789	33,975	638,828	164,089	22,405
2018	1 ^r	400	6,424	7,978	34,654	587,103	128,049	22,149
	2 ^r	468	6,945	9,392	31,703	577,575	123,790	20,514
	3 ^r	419	7,238	9,941	31,020	619,780	154,229	21,319
	4 ^r	423	7,038	7,731	32,477	654,271	167,447	22,791
2019	1 ^r	406	6,515	7,937	33,759	598,251	126,971	22,762
	2 ^r	474	6,971	9,274	28,843	584,955	119,212	20,240

[#] 整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情請參閱註釋第16段。

[#] A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

[@] 住宿服務包括酒店、賓館、旅舍及其他提供短期住宿服務的機構單位。

[@] Accommodation services cover hotels, guesthouses, boarding houses and other establishments providing short term accommodation.

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。2019年第2季的初步數字已於2019年9月19日向傳媒公布，並載列於政府統計處網站上。

^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details. Preliminary figures for the second quarter of 2019 were issued to the media and posted on the website of the Census and Statistics Department on 19 September 2019.

表 13 以環比物量計算按主要經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值 ----- (續)

(甲) 以2017年環比物量計算[#]

Table 13 Chain volume measures of GDP by major economic activity ----- (cont'd)

(a) In chained (2017) dollars[#]百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 季 Year Quarter		服務（續） Services (cont'd)						產品稅 Taxes on products
		運輸、倉庫、 郵政及 速遞服務 Transportation, storage, postal and courier services	資訊及 通訊 Information and communications	金融及 保險 Financing and insurance	地產、 專業及 商用服務 Real estate, professional and business services	公共行政、 社會及 個人服務 Public administration, social and personal services	樓宇業權 Ownership of premises	
2009		111,821	66,548	318,674	245,096	383,495	249,219	113,969
2010		118,584	67,569	338,771	251,278	391,865	251,240	121,106
2011		127,175	69,476	360,875	257,798	398,762	253,039	112,918
2012		128,334	71,387	363,911	265,840	407,075	255,781	101,142
2013		133,635	74,245	391,839	255,130	417,273	256,569	94,619
2014		137,467	77,127	412,725	260,076	427,375	258,679	101,000
2015		142,049	80,234	437,765	261,850	438,193	260,216	108,187
2016		146,298	83,563	456,262	269,093	451,229	261,630	98,389
2017 ^r		153,359	86,891	482,191	274,822	465,492	264,166	110,698
2018 ^r		158,732	90,162	504,598	279,063	479,184	266,701	108,251
2014	1	34,513	19,098	98,845	64,943	102,353	64,242	23,901
	2	31,938	17,411	100,082	60,998	109,246	62,788	23,276
	3	35,062	19,942	102,382	64,256	108,068	65,381	26,583
	4	35,953	20,675	111,417	69,880	107,710	66,266	27,239
2015	1	35,764	20,050	103,441	66,856	104,322	64,566	27,396
	2	32,777	18,234	107,991	61,377	111,257	63,185	30,386
	3	35,989	20,654	108,361	64,293	111,604	65,782	26,958
	4	37,517	21,295	117,972	69,324	111,011	66,682	23,446
2016	1	36,582	20,837	108,403	68,115	107,412	64,811	21,437
	2	33,766	19,079	111,994	63,553	115,306	63,493	22,615
	3	37,115	21,527	112,832	65,836	114,611	66,190	25,222
	4	38,833	22,120	123,033	71,589	113,900	67,135	29,114
2017	1 ^r	38,368	21,782	114,219	70,726	110,333	65,455	26,150
	2 ^r	35,393	19,870	117,855	64,627	118,671	64,059	27,597
	3 ^r	38,943	22,446	119,444	66,976	118,855	66,837	24,945
	4 ^r	40,654	22,793	130,673	72,493	117,633	67,815	32,006
2018	1 ^r	40,345	22,473	121,915	72,297	113,811	66,064	30,567
	2 ^r	36,842	20,579	123,608	65,895	121,638	64,707	29,726
	3 ^r	39,504	23,207	123,785	67,860	122,386	67,488	24,792
	4 ^r	42,039	23,903	135,289	73,011	121,348	68,442	23,166
2019	1 ^r	41,298	23,561	125,611	73,553	117,696	66,799	21,941
	2 ^r	37,572	21,827	128,219	66,934	125,661	65,287	27,379

[#] 整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情請參閱註釋第16段。[#] A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。2019年第2季的初步數字已於2019年9月19日向傳媒公布，並載列於政府統計處網站上。^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details. Preliminary figures for the second quarter of 2019 were issued to the media and posted on the website of the Census and Statistics Department on 19 September 2019.

表 13 以環比物量計算按主要經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值
(乙) 以實質計算的按年變動百分率

Table 13 Chain volume measures of GDP by major economic activity
(b) Year-on-year percentage change in real terms

年 Year	季 Quarter	農業、 漁業、 採礦及採石 Agriculture, fishing, mining and quarrying	製造 Manufacturing	電力、燃氣和 自來水供應及 廢棄物管理 Electricity, gas and water supply, and waste management	建造 Construction	服務 Services		
						合計 Total	進出口貿易、 批發及零售 Import / export, wholesale and retail trades	住宿及 膳食服務 [@] Accommodation and food services [@]
2009		-4.6	-8.2	1.5	-7.5	-1.7	-9.5	-11.3
2010		3.9	3.3	-0.2	15.6	6.9	16.7	9.5
2011		0.8	0.7	0.6	18.3	5.2	9.1	8.3
2012		-3.2	-0.8	1.4	8.3	1.8	1.9	1.8
2013		4.9	0.1	-2.9	4.2	2.7	3.3	3.6
2014		-6.0	-0.4	0.8	13.0	2.5	1.2	2.2
2015		-6.8	-1.5	-2.6	5.4	1.7	-1.1	-1.9
2016		-2.0	-0.4	-0.8	5.1	2.3	0.6	0.5
2017 ^r		-5.2	0.4	0.9	-1.3	3.6	4.2	2.0
2018 ^r		-1.5	1.3	0.2	0.1	3.4	4.5	3.9
2014	1	-6.6	2.1	1.3	17.3	2.2	0.5	4.0
	2	-8.1	2.2	1.1	8.3	2.1	0.8	1.7
	3	-2.5	-1.7	2.0	11.2	3.0	2.6	3.6
	4	-6.8	-3.6	-1.7	14.5	2.5	0.9	-0.2
2015	1	-4.6	-1.5	-2.5	-2.2	2.1	§	-0.9
	2	-5.1	-1.2	-0.8	18.9	1.4	-3.8	-1.5
	3	-9.1	-2.1	-5.2	6.2	1.7	-0.6	-4.1
	4	-8.4	-1.3	-1.2	1.2	1.8	-0.3	-1.0
2016	1	-4.7	-0.3	0.9	1.8	1.6	-2.1	-1.0
	2	1.3	-0.4	-1.1	3.0	2.7	0.8	1.6
	3	-2.8	-0.1	-0.6	4.6	2.2	0.9	0.7
	4	-2.1	-1.0	-2.5	10.7	2.6	2.2	0.8
2017	1 ^r	2.0	0.2	-2.4	4.4	3.7	4.4	1.2
	2 ^r	-7.9	0.4	-0.6	-0.7	3.4	3.8	0.9
	3 ^r	-7.7	0.3	5.2	-3.2	3.7	4.3	1.8
	4 ^r	-6.1	0.8	0.3	-5.5	3.6	4.2	4.1
2018	1 ^r	-5.9	1.1	3.1	3.8	4.4	6.0	6.2
	2 ^r	-2.1	1.6	3.9	-1.3	3.7	5.7	4.3
	3 ^r	-0.1	1.2	-4.6	2.6	3.1	5.2	3.6
	4 ^r	2.5	1.2	-0.7	-4.4	2.4	2.0	1.7
2019	1 ^r	1.6	1.4	-0.5	-2.6	1.9	-0.8	2.8
	2 ^r	1.4	0.4	-1.3	-9.0	1.3	-3.7	-1.3

@ 住宿服務包括酒店、賓館、旅舍及其他提供短期住宿服務的機構單位。

@ Accommodation services cover hotels, guesthouses, boarding houses and other establishments providing short term accommodation.

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

§ Change within ±0.05%

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。2019年第2季的初步數字已於2019年9月19日向傳媒公布，並載列於政府統計處網站上。

^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details. Preliminary figures for the second quarter of 2019 were issued to the media and posted on the website of the Census and Statistics Department on 19 September 2019.

表 13 以環比物量計算按主要經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值 ----- (續)

(乙) 以實質計算的按年變動百分率

Table 13 Chain volume measures of GDP by major economic activity ----- (cont'd)

(b) Year-on-year percentage change in real terms

%

年 Year	季 Quarter	服務 (續) Services (cont'd)						產品稅 Taxes on products
		運輸、倉庫、 郵政及 速遞服務 Transportation, storage, postal and courier services	資訊及 通訊 Information and communications	金融及 保險 Financing and insurance	地產、 專業及 商用服務 Real estate, professional and business services	公共行政、 社會及 個人服務 Public administration, social and personal services	樓宇業權 Ownership of premises	
2009		-5.5	1.3	4.1	1.6	3.0	0.3	-4.8
2010		6.0	1.5	6.3	2.5	2.2	0.8	6.3
2011		7.2	2.8	6.5	2.6	1.8	0.7	-6.8
2012		0.9	2.8	0.8	3.1	2.1	1.1	-10.4
2013		4.1	4.0	7.7	-4.0	2.5	0.3	-6.4
2014		2.9	3.9	5.3	1.9	2.4	0.8	6.7
2015		3.3	4.0	6.1	0.7	2.5	0.6	7.1
2016		3.0	4.1	4.2	2.8	3.0	0.5	-9.1
2017 ^r		4.8	4.0	5.7	2.1	3.2	1.0	12.5
2018 ^r		3.5	3.8	4.6	1.5	2.9	1.0	-2.2
2014	1	4.1	3.0	4.1	1.1	2.9	1.0	-6.4
	2	4.6	5.6	1.7	2.4	2.6	1.1	1.4
	3	1.4	3.3	7.0	2.1	2.2	0.6	22.6
	4	1.7	3.8	8.4	2.2	2.0	0.6	11.5
2015	1	3.6	5.0	4.7	2.9	1.9	0.5	14.6
	2	2.6	4.7	7.9	0.6	1.8	0.6	30.5
	3	2.6	3.6	5.8	0.1	3.3	0.6	1.4
	4	4.3	3.0	5.9	-0.8	3.1	0.6	-13.9
2016	1	2.3	3.9	4.8	1.9	3.0	0.4	-21.8
	2	3.0	4.6	3.7	3.5	3.6	0.5	-25.6
	3	3.1	4.2	4.1	2.4	2.7	0.6	-6.4
	4	3.5	3.9	4.3	3.3	2.6	0.7	24.2
2017	1 ^r	4.9	4.5	5.4	3.8	2.7	1.0	22.0
	2 ^r	4.8	4.1	5.2	1.7	2.9	0.9	22.0
	3 ^r	4.9	4.3	5.9	1.7	3.7	1.0	-1.1
	4 ^r	4.7	3.0	6.2	1.3	3.3	1.0	9.9
2018	1 ^r	5.2	3.2	6.7	2.2	3.2	0.9	16.9
	2 ^r	4.1	3.6	4.9	2.0	2.5	1.0	7.7
	3 ^r	1.4	3.4	3.6	1.3	3.0	1.0	-0.6
	4 ^r	3.4	4.9	3.5	0.7	3.2	0.9	-27.6
2019	1 ^r	2.4	4.8	3.0	1.7	3.4	1.1	-28.2
	2 ^r	2.0	6.1	3.7	1.6	3.3	0.9	-7.9

^r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。2019年第2季的初步數字已於2019年9月19日向傳媒公布，並載列於政府統計處網站上。

^r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details. Preliminary figures for the second quarter of 2019 were issued to the media and posted on the website of the Census and Statistics Department on 19 September 2019.

表 14 以環比物量計算選定經濟活動的增加價值
(甲) 以2017年環比物量計算[#]

Table 14 Chain volume measures of value added of selected economic activities
(a) In chained (2017) dollars[#]

百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 Year	季 Quarter	進出口貿易、批發及零售 Import / export, wholesale and retail trades			運輸、倉庫、郵政及速遞服務 Transportation, storage, postal and courier services			地產、專業及商用服務 Real estate, professional and business services		
		合計 Total	進出口貿易 Import and export trade	批發及零售業 Wholesale and retail trades	合計 Total	運輸及倉庫 Transportation and storage	郵政及速遞服務 Postal and courier services	合計 Total	地產 Real estate	專業及商用服務 Professional and business services
2009		390,583	328,906	62,565	111,821	105,710	6,167	245,096	129,995	116,128
2010		455,692	383,287	73,429	118,584	111,434	7,258	251,278	128,133	123,640
2011		497,114	407,577	89,734	127,175	119,583	7,667	257,798	130,487	127,685
2012		506,387	410,160	96,267	128,334	120,368	8,159	265,840	135,606	130,661
2013		522,889	417,921	104,721	133,635	125,314	8,531	255,130	121,088	134,223
2014		529,323	423,148	105,930	137,467	129,019	8,634	260,076	122,573	137,664
2015		523,575	419,149	104,212	142,049	134,131	7,927	261,850	119,763	142,089
2016		526,604	428,507	98,096	146,298	138,225	8,071	269,093	123,921	145,175
2017 ^r		548,636	446,683	101,954	153,359	144,666	8,694	274,822	126,979	147,843
2018 ^r		573,515	465,114	108,402	158,732	149,946	8,787	279,063	128,793	150,270
2014	1	118,254	93,067	25,044	34,513	32,356	2,212	64,943	32,040	32,983
	2	116,390	93,060	23,279	31,938	29,975	2,005	60,998	28,128	32,890
	3	140,178	114,438	25,820	35,062	33,140	1,910	64,256	29,858	34,425
	4	154,501	122,584	31,789	35,953	33,548	2,507	69,880	32,547	37,366
2015	1	118,230	93,302	24,818	35,764	33,711	2,069	66,856	32,214	34,713
	2	111,911	88,140	23,659	32,777	30,921	1,865	61,377	27,740	33,623
	3	139,368	113,990	25,434	35,989	34,208	1,734	64,293	29,125	35,156
	4	154,066	123,718	30,302	37,517	35,292	2,260	69,324	30,684	38,597
2016	1	115,696	93,355	22,317	36,582	34,548	2,037	68,115	32,631	35,486
	2	112,815	90,555	22,222	33,766	31,861	1,910	63,553	28,587	34,966
	3	140,636	116,770	23,939	37,115	35,262	1,827	65,836	30,290	35,547
	4	157,457	127,828	29,619	38,833	36,555	2,298	71,589	32,413	39,177
2017	1 ^r	120,773	98,250	22,523	38,368	36,167	2,202	70,726	34,805	35,904
	2 ^r	117,105	94,346	22,750	35,393	33,332	2,062	64,627	29,159	35,473
	3 ^r	146,669	121,396	25,293	38,943	36,980	1,961	66,976	30,371	36,610
	4 ^r	164,089	132,691	31,389	40,654	38,188	2,469	72,493	32,644	39,856
2018	1 ^r	128,049	103,020	25,029	40,345	38,011	2,335	72,297	35,487	36,810
	2 ^r	123,790	98,795	24,995	36,842	34,822	2,020	65,895	29,831	36,063
	3 ^r	154,229	127,838	26,392	39,504	37,648	1,857	67,860	30,909	36,951
	4 ^r	167,447	135,461	31,986	42,039	39,465	2,575	73,011	32,565	40,446
2019	1 ^r	126,971	102,661	24,310	41,298	39,079	2,220	73,553	35,922	37,631
	2 ^r	119,212	95,576	23,636	37,572	35,616	1,957	66,934	29,975	36,958

整體物量估計與其組成部分相加的總和可能存在差額。「不可相加性」是環比物量計算的一個技術屬性。有關詳情請參閱註釋第16段。

A discrepancy may exist between the volume estimate of an aggregate and the sum of its components. Non-additivity is a technical feature of the chain volume measures. For details, please see paragraph 16 of the explanatory notes.

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。2019年第2季的初步數字已於2019年9月19日向傳媒公布，並載列於政府統計處網站上。

r "Revised figures", please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details. Preliminary figures for the second quarter of 2019 were issued to the media and posted on the website of the Census and Statistics Department on 19 September 2019.

表 14 以環比物量計算選定經濟活動的增加價值
(乙) 以實質計算的按年變動百分率

Table 14 Chain volume measures of value added of selected economic activities
(b) Year-on-year percentage change in real terms

年 季 Year Quarter	進出口貿易、批發及零售 Import / export, wholesale and retail trades			運輸、倉庫、郵政及速遞服務 Transportation, storage, postal and courier services			地產、專業及商用服務 Real estate, professional and business services			%
	合計 Total	進出口貿易 Import and export trade	批發及零售業 Wholesale and retail trades	合計 Total	運輸及倉庫 Transportation and storage	郵政及速遞服務 Postal and courier services	合計 Total	地產 Real estate	專業及商用服務 Professional and business services	
2009	-9.5	-11.4	1.0	-5.5	-5.1	-12.3	1.6	1.3	1.9	
2010	16.7	16.5	17.4	6.0	5.4	17.7	2.5	-1.4	6.5	
2011	9.1	6.3	22.2	7.2	7.3	5.6	2.6	1.8	3.3	
2012	1.9	0.6	7.3	0.9	0.7	6.4	3.1	3.9	2.3	
2013	3.3	1.9	8.8	4.1	4.1	4.6	-4.0	-10.7	2.7	
2014	1.2	1.3	1.2	2.9	3.0	1.2	1.9	1.2	2.6	
2015	-1.1	-0.9	-1.6	3.3	4.0	-8.2	0.7	-2.3	3.2	
2016	0.6	2.2	-5.9	3.0	3.1	1.8	2.8	3.5	2.2	
2017 ^r	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.8	4.7	7.7	2.1	2.5	1.8	
2018 ^r	4.5	4.1	6.3	3.5	3.6	1.1	1.5	1.4	1.6	
2014 1	0.5	-0.7	4.9	4.1	3.6	13.4	1.1	§	2.1	
2	0.8	2.5	-5.0	4.6	4.5	6.9	2.4	1.8	3.0	
3	2.6	2.9	1.7	1.4	2.3	-14.9	2.1	1.6	2.6	
4	0.9	0.4	2.7	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.2	1.7	2.6	
2015 1	§	0.3	-0.9	3.6	4.2	-6.5	2.9	0.5	5.2	
2	-3.8	-5.3	1.6	2.6	3.2	-7.0	0.6	-1.4	2.2	
3	-0.6	-0.4	-1.5	2.6	3.2	-9.2	0.1	-2.5	2.1	
4	-0.3	0.9	-4.7	4.3	5.2	-9.9	-0.8	-5.7	3.3	
2016 1	-2.1	0.1	-10.1	2.3	2.5	-1.6	1.9	1.3	2.2	
2	0.8	2.7	-6.1	3.0	3.0	2.4	3.5	3.1	4.0	
3	0.9	2.4	-5.9	3.1	3.1	5.3	2.4	4.0	1.1	
4	2.2	3.3	-2.3	3.5	3.6	1.7	3.3	5.6	1.5	
2017 1 ^r	4.4	5.2	0.9	4.9	4.7	8.1	3.8	6.7	1.2	
2 ^r	3.8	4.2	2.4	4.8	4.6	7.9	1.7	2.0	1.5	
3 ^r	4.3	4.0	5.7	4.9	4.9	7.4	1.7	0.3	3.0	
4 ^r	4.2	3.8	6.0	4.7	4.5	7.4	1.3	0.7	1.7	
2018 1 ^r	6.0	4.9	11.1	5.2	5.1	6.0	2.2	2.0	2.5	
2 ^r	5.7	4.7	9.9	4.1	4.5	-2.0	2.0	2.3	1.7	
3 ^r	5.2	5.3	4.3	1.4	1.8	-5.3	1.3	1.8	0.9	
4 ^r	2.0	2.1	1.9	3.4	3.3	4.3	0.7	-0.2	1.5	
2019 1 ^r	-0.8	-0.3	-2.9	2.4	2.8	-4.9	1.7	1.2	2.2	
2 ^r	-3.7	-3.3	-5.4	2.0	2.3	-3.1	1.6	0.5	2.5	

§ 變動在±0.05%之內

§ Change within ±0.05%

r 「修訂數字」，詳情請參閱註釋第26及30段。2019年第2季的初步數字已於2019年9月19日向傳媒公布，並載列於政府統計處網站上。

r “Revised figures”, please see paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes for details. Preliminary figures for the second quarter of 2019 were issued to the media and posted on the website of the Census and Statistics Department on 19 September 2019.

表 15 本地居民總收入、按人口平均計算的本地居民總收入
及本地居民可支配總收入（以當時市價計算）

Table 15 Gross National Income (GNI), per capita GNI
and Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI) at current market prices

年	季	本地居民總收入		按人口平均計算的 本地居民總收入 [#]		本地居民可支配總收入 [@]	
		GNI		Per capita GNI [#]		GNDI [@]	
Year	Quarter	(百萬元) (HK\$ million)		(港元) (HK\$)		(百萬元) (HK\$ million)	
2009		1,709,007	(-5.5)	245,096	(-5.7)	1,692,621	(-5.4)
2010		1,813,928	(6.1)	258,240	(5.4)	1,796,348	(6.1)
2011		1,987,256	(9.6)	281,019	(8.8)	1,967,465	(9.5)
2012		2,066,514	(4.0)	289,019	(2.8)	2,046,178	(4.0)
2013		2,178,824	(5.4)	303,504	(5.0)	2,157,948	(5.5)
2014		2,306,612	(5.9)	319,056	(5.1)	2,286,826	(6.0)
2015		2,442,656	(5.9)	335,010	(5.0)	2,420,532	(5.8)
2016		2,553,210	(4.5)	348,010	(3.9)	2,532,241	(4.6)
2017 ^r		2,778,388	(8.8)	375,879	(8.0)	2,757,837	(8.9)
2018 ^r		2,984,508	(7.4)	400,551	(6.6)	2,963,078	(7.4)
2014	1	546,597	(5.1)	-	-	541,744	(5.2)
	2	535,070	(5.1)	-	-	530,325	(5.3)
	3	587,840	(6.5)	-	-	582,642	(6.6)
	4	637,104	(6.6)	-	-	632,115	(6.6)
2015	1	579,065	(5.9)	-	-	572,876	(5.7)
	2	595,723	(11.3)	-	-	590,567	(11.4)
	3	618,893	(5.3)	-	-	613,394	(5.3)
	4	648,976	(1.9)	-	-	643,696	(1.8)
2016	1	609,485	(5.3)	-	-	604,179	(5.5)
	2	618,166	(3.8)	-	-	612,925	(3.8)
	3	642,492	(3.8)	-	-	637,444	(3.9)
	4	683,068	(5.3)	-	-	677,693	(5.3)
2017	1 ^r	651,086	(6.8)	-	-	645,996	(6.9)
	2 ^r	681,833	(10.3)	-	-	676,952	(10.4)
	3 ^r	706,246	(9.9)	-	-	700,984	(10.0)
	4 ^r	739,223	(8.2)	-	-	733,905	(8.3)
2018	1 ^r	710,527	(9.1)	-	-	704,975	(9.1)
	2 ^r	731,850	(7.3)	-	-	726,529	(7.3)
	3 ^r	768,078	(8.8)	-	-	762,508	(8.8)
	4 ^r	774,053	(4.7)	-	-	769,066	(4.8)
2019	1 ^r	735,520	(3.5)	-	-	730,379	(3.6)
	2 ^r	759,063	(3.7)	-	-	753,950	(3.8)

括號內數字表示按年變動百分率。

請參閱註釋第41段。

@ 請參閱註釋第47段。

- 不適用

^r 「修訂數字」。2019年第2季的「初步數字」已於2019年9月16日向傳媒公布，並載列於政府統計處網站上。本地居民總收入發布的名稱法跟按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值相同，請參閱註釋第26及30段。

Figures in brackets refer to year-on-year percentage changes.

Please see paragraph 41 of the explanatory notes.

@ Please see paragraph 47 of the explanatory notes.

- Not applicable

^r “Revised figures”. “Preliminary figures” for the second quarter of 2019 were issued to the media and posted on the website of the Census and Statistics Department on 16 September 2019. The nomenclature for data release of GNI follows that of GDP by economic activity, as given in paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes.

表 16 按收入組成部分劃分的對外初次收入流量（以當時市價計算）

Table 16 External primary income flows (EPIF) by income component
at current market prices百萬港元
HK\$ million

年季 YearQuarter		流入總計 Inflow total											
		對外初次收入流入總額 Total external primary income inflow		直接投資收益 Direct investment income		證券投資收益 Portfolio investment income		其他投資收益 Other investment income		儲備資產收益 Income on reserve assets		僱員報酬 Compensation of employees	
2009		787,215	(-16.3)	575,014	(-1.2)	127,725	(-29.3)	46,053	(-65.1)	35,727	(-17.7)	2,696	(-2.6)
2010		929,741	(18.1)	711,397	(23.7)	156,822	(22.8)	26,773	(-41.9)	32,111	(-10.1)	2,638	(-2.2)
2011		1,059,351	(13.9)	811,520	(14.1)	172,032	(9.7)	40,236	(50.3)	32,826	(2.2)	2,737	(3.8)
2012		1,091,235	(3.0)	838,808	(3.4)	174,339	(1.3)	43,893	(9.1)	31,351	(-4.5)	2,845	(3.9)
2013		1,183,568	(8.5)	908,725	(8.3)	196,561	(12.7)	47,836	(9.0)	27,651	(-11.8)	2,795	(-1.8)
2014		1,254,733	(6.0)	933,036	(2.7)	225,646	(14.8)	65,938	(37.8)	27,224	(-1.5)	2,888	(3.3)
2015		1,274,457	(1.6)	943,277	(1.1)	241,716	(7.1)	58,873	(-10.7)	27,592	(1.4)	2,998	(3.8)
2016		1,273,534	(-0.1)	914,913	(-3.0)	264,763	(9.5)	58,037	(-1.4)	32,720	(18.6)	3,102	(3.5)
2017		1,422,665	(11.7)	973,794	(6.4)	305,325	(15.3)	95,243	(64.1)	44,896	(37.2)	3,406	(9.8)
2018		1,627,740	(14.4)	1,059,562	(8.8)	339,560	(11.2)	159,850	(67.8)	65,439	(45.8)	3,329	(-2.3)
2014	1	264,878	(7.2)	211,547	(6.7)	30,458	(-1.1)	15,810	(52.8)	6,340	(-11.6)	723	(4.8)
	2	368,111	(4.3)	252,698	(4.4)	90,498	(-0.4)	16,851	(47.1)	7,348	(-7.1)	717	(2.6)
	3	322,016	(11.3)	229,619	(1.6)	68,291	(55.6)	16,584	(37.7)	6,795	(3.8)	727	(3.9)
	4	299,727	(1.9)	239,172	(-1.4)	36,399	(17.3)	16,693	(19.3)	6,741	(11.8)	721	(2.3)
2015	1	304,962	(15.1)	246,028	(16.3)	35,256	(15.8)	16,317	(3.2)	6,603	(4.1)	758	(4.8)
	2	394,032	(7.0)	266,110	(5.3)	104,762	(15.8)	14,747	(-12.5)	7,651	(4.1)	762	(6.3)
	3	301,440	(-6.4)	216,939	(-5.5)	62,794	(-8.0)	14,398	(-13.2)	6,566	(-3.4)	744	(2.3)
	4	274,023	(-8.6)	214,201	(-10.4)	38,905	(6.9)	13,411	(-19.7)	6,772	(0.5)	734	(1.8)
2016	1	267,980	(-12.1)	205,040	(-16.7)	41,480	(17.7)	13,363	(-18.1)	7,302	(10.6)	794	(4.7)
	2	387,305	(-1.7)	252,592	(-5.1)	111,727	(6.6)	13,359	(-9.4)	8,842	(15.6)	784	(2.9)
	3	321,067	(6.5)	229,645	(5.9)	68,287	(8.7)	14,657	(1.8)	7,704	(17.3)	775	(4.2)
	4	297,181	(8.5)	227,636	(6.3)	43,268	(11.2)	16,658	(24.2)	8,872	(31.0)	748	(1.9)
2017	1	286,950	(7.1)	214,134	(4.4)	43,955	(6.0)	18,934	(41.7)	9,095	(24.6)	832	(4.8)
	2	407,762	(5.3)	253,578	(0.4)	118,276	(5.9)	23,305	(74.5)	11,764	(33.0)	839	(7.0)
	3	375,839	(17.1)	245,986	(7.1)	92,460	(35.4)	24,978	(70.4)	11,546	(49.9)	869	(12.1)
	4	352,114	(18.5)	260,096	(14.3)	50,635	(17.0)	28,027	(68.2)	12,490	(40.8)	865	(15.6)
2018	1	349,593	(21.8)	249,861	(16.7)	51,499	(17.2)	33,628	(77.6)	13,735	(51.0)	870	(4.6)
	2	459,259	(12.6)	273,325	(7.8)	129,551	(9.5)	38,334	(64.5)	17,196	(46.2)	853	(1.7)
	3	432,809	(15.2)	267,952	(8.9)	106,080	(14.7)	41,115	(64.6)	16,857	(46.0)	805	(-7.4)
	4	386,079	(9.6)	268,424	(3.2)	52,431	(3.5)	46,773	(66.9)	17,650	(41.3)	801	(-7.4)
2019	1	369,209	(5.6)	255,078	(2.1)	52,165	(1.3)	42,891	(27.5)	18,162	(32.2)	912	(4.8)
	2	478,195	(4.1)	275,491	(0.8)	139,903	(8.0)	41,735	(8.9)	20,178	(17.3)	888	(4.1)

括號內數字表示按年變動百分率。

Figures in brackets refer to year-on-year percentage changes.

表 16 按收入組成部分劃分的對外初次收入流量（以當時市價計算）-----（續）

Table 16 External primary income flows (EPIF) by income component
at current market prices ----- (cont'd)百萬港元
HK\$ million

年 Year	季 Quarter	流出總計 Outflow total					對外初次收入 流量淨值 Net EPIF
		對外初次收入流出總額 Total external primary income outflow	直接投資收益 Direct investment income	證券投資收益 Portfolio investment income	其他投資收益 Other investment income	僱員報酬 Compensation of employees	
2009		737,453 (-12.3)	624,301 (-4.2)	67,829 (-15.4)	42,120 (-60.2)	3,204 (4.7)	49,762
2010		892,145 (21.0)	793,165 (27.0)	72,003 (6.2)	23,226 (-44.9)	3,752 (17.1)	37,596
2011		1,006,526 (12.8)	879,040 (10.8)	85,684 (19.0)	37,486 (61.4)	4,315 (15.0)	52,826
2012		1,061,779 (5.5)	926,032 (5.3)	93,358 (9.0)	37,678 (0.5)	4,710 (9.2)	29,455
2013		1,143,049 (7.7)	996,107 (7.6)	104,802 (12.3)	37,049 (-1.7)	5,090 (8.1)	40,519
2014		1,208,126 (5.7)	1,040,947 (4.5)	112,581 (7.4)	49,080 (32.5)	5,518 (8.4)	46,607
2015		1,230,080 (1.8)	1,058,225 (1.7)	116,172 (3.2)	49,804 (1.5)	5,880 (6.6)	44,376
2016		1,210,941 (-1.6)	1,039,084 (-1.8)	108,716 (-6.4)	56,804 (14.1)	6,338 (7.8)	62,593
2017		1,307,113 (7.9)	1,091,310 (5.0)	116,537 (7.2)	92,444 (62.7)	6,822 (7.6)	115,552
2018		1,486,116 (13.7)	1,183,697 (8.5)	137,220 (17.7)	157,893 (70.8)	7,305 (7.1)	141,625
2014	1	254,188 (7.3)	233,082 (6.3)	8,117 (9.3)	11,647 (27.7)	1,342 (9.6)	10,690
	2	359,235 (6.9)	287,059 (4.9)	58,237 (12.7)	12,577 (32.8)	1,362 (8.1)	8,876
	3	314,969 (9.2)	266,848 (8.6)	34,515 (9.1)	12,210 (25.0)	1,396 (7.6)	7,047
	4	279,733 (-0.7)	253,957 (-1.4)	11,712 (-16.6)	12,646 (45.5)	1,417 (8.3)	19,993
2015	1	298,057 (17.3)	268,697 (15.3)	15,683 (93.2)	12,245 (5.1)	1,432 (6.7)	6,905
	2	364,059 (1.3)	297,558 (3.7)	53,100 (-8.8)	11,951 (-5.0)	1,450 (6.5)	29,973
	3	296,799 (-5.8)	248,304 (-6.9)	34,615 (0.3)	12,392 (1.5)	1,488 (6.6)	4,642
	4	271,166 (-3.1)	243,666 (-4.1)	12,773 (9.1)	13,215 (4.5)	1,511 (6.6)	2,857
2016	1	249,052 (-16.4)	223,401 (-16.9)	10,933 (-30.3)	13,169 (7.5)	1,549 (8.2)	18,929
	2	354,274 (-2.7)	288,398 (-3.1)	51,162 (-3.6)	13,147 (10.0)	1,567 (8.1)	33,031
	3	314,968 (6.1)	266,572 (7.4)	32,553 (-6.0)	14,250 (15.0)	1,593 (7.1)	6,099
	4	292,647 (7.9)	260,712 (7.0)	14,068 (10.1)	16,238 (22.9)	1,629 (7.8)	4,535
2017	1	267,992 (7.6)	236,356 (5.8)	12,721 (16.4)	17,241 (30.9)	1,676 (8.2)	18,958
	2	355,034 (0.2)	282,863 (-1.9)	47,555 (-7.1)	22,938 (74.5)	1,678 (7.1)	52,728
	3	349,896 (11.1)	283,703 (6.4)	39,691 (21.9)	24,786 (73.9)	1,716 (7.7)	25,943
	4	334,190 (14.2)	288,388 (10.6)	16,570 (17.8)	27,479 (69.2)	1,753 (7.6)	17,923
2018	1	325,433 (21.4)	276,297 (16.9)	14,204 (11.7)	33,155 (92.3)	1,777 (6.0)	24,160
	2	402,669 (13.4)	304,317 (7.6)	58,683 (23.4)	37,876 (65.1)	1,792 (6.8)	56,590
	3	391,084 (11.8)	301,149 (6.1)	47,256 (19.1)	40,833 (64.7)	1,846 (7.6)	41,726
	4	366,930 (9.8)	301,934 (4.7)	17,076 (3.1)	46,029 (67.5)	1,890 (7.8)	19,149
2019	1	346,203 (6.4)	284,534 (3.0)	17,085 (20.3)	42,668 (28.7)	1,916 (7.8)	23,006
	2	417,176 (3.6)	311,849 (2.5)	62,011 (5.7)	41,348 (9.2)	1,969 (9.9)	61,019

括號內數字表示按年變動百分率。

Figures in brackets refer to year-on-year percentage changes.

**表 17 實質本地總收入、實質本地居民總收入
及按人口平均計算的實質本地居民總收入 (以2017年環比物量計算)**
**Table 17 Real Gross Domestic Income, real Gross National Income (RGNI)
and per capita RGNI in chained (2017) dollars**

年 Year	季 Quarter	實質本地總收入 [#]		實質本地居民總收入 [@]		按人口平均計算的 實質本地居民總收入 [@]	
		Real Gross Domestic Income [#]		RGNI [@]		Per capita RGNI [@]	
		(百萬港元) (HK\$ million)		(百萬港元) (HK\$ million)		(港元) (HK\$)	
2009		2,058,657	(-1.9)	2,119,297	(-4.6)	303,938	(-4.8)
2010		2,152,004	(4.5)	2,196,827	(3.7)	312,751	(2.9)
2011		2,240,470	(4.1)	2,301,399	(4.8)	325,442	(4.1)
2012		2,264,281	(1.1)	2,296,954	(-0.2)	321,248	(-1.3)
2013		2,344,966	(3.6)	2,389,285	(4.0)	332,820	(3.6)
2014		2,403,353	(2.5)	2,452,716	(2.7)	339,265	(1.9)
2015		2,498,800	(4.0)	2,544,815	(3.8)	349,021	(2.9)
2016		2,562,233	(2.5)	2,626,527	(3.2)	358,003	(2.6)
2017 ^r		2,662,836	(3.9)	2,778,388	(5.8)	375,879	(5.0)
2018 ^r		2,752,379	(3.4)	2,889,420	(4.0)	387,790	(3.2)
2014	1	574,099	(4.1)	585,526	(4.1)	-	
	2	559,362	(2.7)	568,782	(1.0)	-	
	3	618,949	(1.6)	626,419	(2.6)	-	
	4	650,943	(1.8)	671,989	(2.9)	-	
2015	1	597,202	(4.0)	604,360	(3.2)	-	
	2	588,585	(5.2)	619,756	(9.0)	-	
	3	642,630	(3.8)	647,416	(3.4)	-	
	4	670,383	(3.0)	673,283	(0.2)	-	
2016	1	611,203	(2.3)	630,725	(4.4)	-	
	2	602,770	(2.4)	636,768	(2.7)	-	
	3	655,235	(2.0)	661,445	(2.2)	-	
	4	693,025	(3.4)	697,589	(3.6)	-	
2017	1 ^r	637,202	(4.3)	656,284	(4.1)	-	
	2 ^r	630,781	(4.6)	683,647	(7.4)	-	
	3 ^r	678,818	(3.6)	704,658	(6.5)	-	
	4 ^r	716,035	(3.3)	733,799	(5.2)	-	
2018	1 ^r	668,650	(4.9)	692,186	(5.5)	-	
	2 ^r	653,751	(3.6)	708,562	(3.6)	-	
	3 ^r	699,299	(3.0)	739,460	(4.9)	-	
	4 ^r	730,679	(2.0)	749,212	(2.1)	-	
2019	1 ^r	677,431	(1.3)	699,293	(1.0)	-	
	2 ^r	655,958	(0.3)	713,341	(0.7)	-	

括號內數字表示按年變動百分率。

請參閱註釋第45段。

@ 請參閱註釋第46段。

- 不適用

^r 「修訂數字」。2019年第2季的「初步數字」已於2019年9月16日向傳媒公布，並載列於政府統計處網站上。本地居民總收入發布的名稱法跟按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值相同，請參閱註釋第26及30段。

Figures in brackets refer to year-on-year percentage changes.

Please see paragraph 45 of the explanatory notes.

@ Please see paragraph 46 of the explanatory notes.

- Not applicable

^r “Revised figures”. “Preliminary figures” for the second quarter of 2019 were issued to the media and posted on the website of the Census and Statistics Department on 16 September 2019. The nomenclature for data release of GNI follows that of GDP by economic activity, as given in paragraphs 26 and 30 of the explanatory notes.

本地生產總值的概念與編製方法

1. 本地生產總值指一個經濟體的所有居民生產單位，在一個指定的期間內（一般是1年或1季），未扣除固定資本消耗的生產總值。如果一個生產單位以一個經濟體的經濟領域為主要經濟利益中心，這生產單位就是該經濟體的居民生產單位。以個人而言，居民指在該經濟體的經濟領域內通常居留的人，與其國籍無關。如某人已在該經濟體居留至少12個月或打算這樣做，即被視為在該經濟體通常居留。以機構而言，居民指在該經濟體的經濟領域內通常經營業務的機構。經濟領域指該經濟體的政府有效管治的地域。

2. 1997年7月1日，香港成為中華人民共和國的特別行政區。根據「一國兩制」原則，香港與中國內地進行的交易視作國際交易（如貨品貿易及服務貿易）。

3. 一個經濟體的按人口平均計算的本地生產總值指把該經濟體在某統計年的本地生產總值除以該經濟體在同年的年中人口總數所得的數字。

4. 本地生產總值可從不同方法計算。就香港而言，以當時價格及以物量計算的按年本地生產總值數字均以「開支面」及「生產面」編製。至於按季本地生產總值，以物量計算的數字以「開支面」及「生產面」編製，而以當時價格計算的按季本地生產總值則只以「開支面」編製。

5. 進行有關經濟結構的分析較適宜使用以當時價格計算按經濟活動劃分的按年本地生產總值數列，而不是按季本地生產總值數列，因為按季數據很多時會有大幅波動。統計先進的經濟體的普遍做法都只是按年而不是按季公布以當時價格計算按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值。

6. 香港的本地生產總值統計數字是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的國際統計標準編製而成的。

按開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值

7. 以開支面編製的本地生產總值，是把用在貨品及服務方面的最終開支（包括私人消費開支、政府消費開支、本地固定資本形成總額、存貨增減以及貨品出口及服務輸出）的總和，減去貨品進口及服務輸入。各開支組成部分的詳細說明如下：

- (i) 私人消費開支指住戶和為住戶服務的私人非牟利機構用在貨品及服務方面的最終消費開支總值。計算方法是把本地市

Concepts and methods for compiling GDP

1. GDP is a measure of the total value of production of all resident producing units of an economy in a specified period (typically a year or a quarter), before deducting the consumption of fixed capital. A producing unit is considered as a resident in an economy if it maintains a centre of predominant economic interest in the economic territory of that economy. For individuals, residents refer to those who normally stay in the economic territory of the economy, irrespective of their nationality. If an individual has stayed in the economy for at least 12 months or intends to do so, he / she is considered as normally staying in that economy. For organisations, residents refer to those which ordinarily operate in the economic territory of the economy. The economic territory is the geographic territory under the effective control of the government of that economy.

2. On 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China. Under the "One Country, Two Systems" principle, transactions with the mainland of China are treated as international transactions (e.g. trade in goods and trade in services).

3. Per capita GDP of an economy is obtained by dividing the total GDP in a year by the mid-year population of that economy in the same year.

4. GDP can be measured using different approaches. For Hong Kong, annual GDP at current prices and in volume terms are compiled using both the "expenditure approach" and the "production approach". For quarterly GDP, volume measures are compiled using both approaches while quarterly GDP at current prices is compiled using the "expenditure approach" only.

5. For analysis relating to economic structure, it is more appropriate to use *annual* rather than *quarterly* series of current price GDP by economic activity. This is because quarterly data are often subject to large fluctuations. It is a common practice of statistically advanced economies to publish current price GDP by economic activity on annual rather than quarterly basis.

6. Statistics on GDP of Hong Kong are compiled in accordance with the international statistical standards as stipulated in the *System of National Accounts 2008 (2008 SNA)*.

GDP by expenditure component

7. Under the expenditure approach, GDP is compiled as the total final expenditures on goods and services (including private consumption expenditure, government consumption expenditure, gross domestic fixed capital formation, changes in inventories and exports of goods and services), less imports of goods and services. Details of the expenditure components are described below:

- (i) *Private consumption expenditure* refers to the total value of final consumption expenditure on goods and services by households and private non-profit institutions serving households. It is calculated as the

場內有關貨品及服務方面的消費開支，加上本地居民在境外的開支，減去非本地居民在本地市場的開支。

- (ii) *政府消費開支*指非參與商業活動的各個政府部門及半政府非牟利機構用於消費貨品及服務的開支。政府消費開支的計算方法，是把僱員報酬加上購買貨品及服務的開支，扣除銷售貨品及服務的收入。參與商業活動的政府單位並不包括在內。這些政府單位和非參與商業活動政府部門的分別，在於前者生產的貨品及服務主要用作售予市民使用。
- (iii) *本地固定資本形成總額*包括樓宇及建造，以及機器、設備及知識產權產品（包括電腦軟件、資料庫和研究及發展）的投資開支總值和擁有權轉讓費用。這些統計數字是按公營及私營部門分類列出，公營部門指政府部門、半政府機構和公營機構。根據資產擁有權分類，出租公屋的建築開支屬公營部門開支，而「居者有其屋計劃」的建築開支則屬私營部門開支。私營部門的樓宇及建造開支亦包括地產發展商從新建樓宇工程所得的毛利。
- (iv) *存貨增減*指商業機構（主要是製造商及分銷商）所持有的半製成品、原料及各類貨品的存貨量的實質增減價值。
- (v) *貨品出口及進口*：貨品出口包括以離岸價計算的本地產品出口及貨品轉口。貨品進口亦是以離岸價計算的。非貨幣黃金的進出口亦包括在內。除載列於表9及表10的數字外，本報告所刊載的貨品出口及進口數字，是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則記錄外地加工貨品及轉手商貿活動編製而成的。輸往外地加工的貨品及加工後運回香港的貨品，不會記錄在貨品貿易內，而所支付給加工單位的加工費，則會記錄在服務貿易內（作為服務輸入）。至於透過分判加工程序生產，在加工後沒有運回香港而直接售給香港以外地方的貨品，由於涉及所有權轉移，有關貨品會記錄在貨物出口內。而在轉手商貿活動下，因該些貨品涉及實際買賣活動，故此儘管有關貨品並沒有進出香港，有關貨品也會記錄在貨品貿易內。

sum of consumption expenditure on goods and services in the domestic market and the expenditure of residents abroad, less the expenditure of non-residents in the domestic market.

- (ii) *Government consumption expenditure* refers to the expenditure on consumption goods and services by government departments which are not engaged in market activities and quasi-government non-profit institutions. It is calculated as the sum of compensation of employees and purchases of goods and services, less receipts from sales of goods and services. Government units engaged in market activities are not covered. They are distinguished from other government departments in that they are engaged in the production of goods and services principally for sale to the public.
- (iii) *Gross domestic fixed capital formation* covers the gross value of investment expenditure on building and construction as well as machinery, equipment and intellectual property products (including computer software, databases and research and development); and costs of ownership transfer. Statistics are classified into public and private sectors. Public sector includes government departments, quasi-government institutions and public corporations. According to the ownership criterion for classifying fixed assets into public and private sectors, construction expenditure on public rental housing is classified to the public sector whereas that on Home Ownership Scheme is classified to the private sector. Private sector expenditure on building and construction also includes real estate developers' margin of new building projects.
- (iv) *Changes in inventories* refer to the value of physical change in the inventories of work-in-progress, raw materials and all kinds of goods held by business enterprises, mainly manufacturers and distributors.
- (v) *Exports and imports of goods*: Exports of goods include domestic exports and re-exports of goods recorded on free-on-board (f.o.b.) basis. Imports of goods are also valued on f.o.b. basis. Exports and imports of non-monetary gold are also included. Apart from figures presented in Tables 9 and 10, figures on exports and imports of goods in this report are compiled based on the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and merchanting under the standards stipulated in the 2008 SNA. For goods sent abroad for processing and subsequently returned to Hong Kong, they are not recorded as trade in goods. Instead, the processing fees paid to the processing units are recorded as trade in services (as imports of services). For goods manufactured through sub-contract processing arrangement, which are subsequently sold to places outside Hong Kong without having been imported into Hong Kong after processing, they are recorded as exports of goods since a change of ownership is involved. Goods which involve actual buying and selling activities under merchanting are also recorded as trade in goods, despite the fact that these goods do not enter or leave Hong Kong.

- (vi) 服務輸出及輸入指一個經濟體的本地居民與非本地居民之間進行的交易。除載列於表9及表10的數字外，本報告刊載的服務輸出及輸入數字，是根據《2008年國民經濟核算體系》的標準，採用所有權轉移原則編製而成的。服務組成部分包括運輸、旅遊、金融服務、製造服務，以及多種不同類別的服務，當中包括保險及退休金服務、與貿易相關的服務、商業及專業服務。

按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值

8. 以生產面編製的本地生產總值是所有居民生產單位的淨產值總額。淨產值是以增加價值來量度，其定義是生產總額減去中間投產消耗（指在生產過程中所消耗的貨品及服務的價值）。每一生產單位均會為「增加價值」進行生產。把所有居民生產單位的增加價值直接相加起來，便可獲得整個經濟體沒有重複計算的產值總額。要獲得以市價計算的本地生產總值，必須把產品稅加進各經濟活動以基本價格計算的增加價值總額內。

9. 以基本價格計算的增加價值的定義，是以基本價格計算的生產總額減去以購買者價格計算的中間投產消耗。基本價格是生產者生產一個單位的貨品或服務，在扣除任何產品稅但包括產品補貼後所收取的價值。以基本價格計算的增加價值更能反映生產者實際支付及收取的價格。

10. 按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值提供數據，以助對各行業進行不同角度的分析。首先，以當時價格計算按經濟活動劃分的按年本地生產總值，可以用來分析各經濟行業相對重要性的較長期趨勢，有助展示經濟根本結構的變化。第二，以物量計算按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值按年變動百分率可提供數據，幫助評估不同經濟行業的相對表現。第三，以物量計算按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值，可以用來分析不同經濟行業對整體經濟增長的貢獻，有助了解一個經濟體的經濟增長來源。

11. 按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值統計數字是採用「香港標準行業分類2.0版」把經濟活動分類編製而成的。在國民經濟核算的架構內，還需包括一項名為樓宇業權的額外經濟活動。

12. 在國民經濟核算中，樓宇業權被視為一項經濟活動，涵蓋：（甲）住宅自住業主假定向本身提供的租賃服務；以及（乙）業主以個人身分向租客提供的租賃服務。

- (vi) *Exports and imports of services* represent transactions between residents and non-residents of an economy. Apart from figures presented in Tables 9 and 10, figures on exports and imports of services in this report are compiled based on the change of ownership principle under the standards stipulated in the 2008 SNA. The service components include transport, travel, financial services, manufacturing services and a wide variety of services including insurance and pension services; trade-related services; business and professional services.

GDP by economic activity

8. Under the production approach, GDP is an aggregate measure of the total value of net output of all resident producing units. Net output is measured by value added, which is defined as the value of gross output *less* the value of intermediate consumption (that is the value of goods and services used up in the course of production). Each producing unit works to “add value”. Summation of the value added of all resident producing units gives an aggregate measure of the total output of the economy which is free of double counting. To arrive at GDP measured at market prices, it is necessary to add taxes on products to the sum of value added of various economic activities measured at basic prices.

9. Value added at basic prices is defined as the value of gross output at basic prices *less* intermediate consumption valued at purchasers’ prices. Basic price is the amount receivable by a producer for a unit of good or service provided, which excludes any taxes on the product concerned, but includes subsidies on the product. Value added at basic prices can better reflect the prices actually paid and received by producers.

10. GDP by economic activity provides data to support sectoral analyses from various perspectives. First, annual current price GDP by economic activity provides data for analysing the longer-term trend in the relative importance of various economic sectors. This helps depict changes in the underlying economic structure. Second, the year-on-year percentage change of volume measures of GDP by economic activity provides data for assessing the relative performance of different economic sectors. Third, volume measures of GDP by economic activity provide data for analysing the contribution of different economic sectors to overall economic growth. This facilitates analysis of the source of growth of an economy.

11. Statistics on GDP by economic activity are compiled by adopting the Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification (HSIC) Version 2.0 in classifying economic activities. Under the framework of national accounts, an additional economic activity entitled ownership of premises is also covered.

12. Ownership of premises is treated as an economic activity in national accounts. This activity covers : (a) the leasing services assumed to be provided by residential owner-occupiers to themselves; and (b) the leasing services provided to tenants by owners of premises in individual capacity.

以環比物量計算的本地生產總值

13. 概念上，以當時價格計算的本地生產總值隨時間的變動可被分解成兩個部分：（甲）所生產或購買的貨品及服務的價格變動，及（乙）其物量的變動。要量度本地生產總值及其組成部分的物量增長，須撇除價格變動的影響。以物量計算的本地生產總值的按年變動提供一個量度某經濟體的「實質」增長的指標。

14. 以物量計算的本地生產總值及其組成部分，是採用按年重訂權數及環比連接法編製而成的。在編製某一年度的本地生產總值的物量估計時，首先是根據對上一年的價格重新計算本地生產總值各個主要組成部分的物量估計，編製的方法是就各個組成部分中的最細分項目，採用相關的價格指數「平減」以當時價格計算的數值（或在某些情況下以對上一年的價格及當時數量重新計算數值）。本地生產總值的物量估計是把按對上一年價格計算的各個主要組成部分的物量估計涵總而得出。由於價格變動的因素已被撇除，物量估計可反映本地生產總值的實質增長。根據對上一年權數所編製的以物量計算的本地生產總值及其組成部分再以環比的方式連接到所選定的參照年，便可得出以環比物量計算的本地生產總值及各組成部分的連續時間數列。

15. 就以環比物量計算的本地生產總值而言，基年原則上是對上一年。就統計方法而言，這與以固定價格計算的本地生產總值數列作每年更新基年的效果相同。以環比物量計算的本地生產總值採用了最新的價格結構作為權數來涵總各組成部分的物量估計，因此能較佳地量度一個經濟體的實質增長率。

16. 環比物量指數數列是可以轉換為以環比物量計算的價值的，方法是把相關的環比物量指數乘以參照年的以當時價格計算的數值。換言之，以環比物量計算的價值是應用環比物量指數作為外推指標，以外推法把參照年的以當時價格計算的數值向前及向後推算。因此，根據以環比物量計算的價值所計算的本地生產總值及其組成部分的實質增長率，與根據相應的環比物量指數所計算的實質增長率是相同的。由於在編製以環比物量計算的數列時，本地生產總值及其組成部分的外推過程是獨立地進行（以確保不影響本地生產總值及其組成部分過往的實質增長率），所以參照年以前時段的以環比物量計算的本地生產總值與其以環比物量計算的組成部分的總和可能出現差額。應注意的是，環比物量價值出現不可相加的性質純粹是基於數學理由，因此有關差額不應被視為反映本地生產總值統計數字的數據質素的指標。

Chain volume measures of GDP

13. Conceptually, changes over time in the GDP at current prices can be factored into two components, reflecting (a) changes in the prices of goods and services produced or purchased, and (b) changes in their volumes. In order to measure the volume growth of GDP and its components, the effect of price changes has to be eliminated. The year-on-year change in the volume measure of GDP gives a measure of the “real” growth of an economy.

14. To compile the volume measures of GDP and its components, the annually re-weighted chain linking approach is adopted. For a particular year, the volume estimates of major components of GDP revalued at preceding year prices are first derived by “deflating” the current price values of sub-components by the relevant price indices (or in some cases by revaluing the current period quantities at preceding year prices) at the most disaggregated levels. The volume estimate of GDP is then obtained by aggregating the volume estimates of GDP major components revalued at preceding year prices. With the effect of price changes eliminated, the volume estimate reflects the real growth of GDP. The preceding-year weighted volume measures of GDP and its components are chain linked to a selected reference year in order to obtain a continuous time series of the chain volume measures of GDP and its components.

15. For the chain volume measures of GDP, the base year is always the preceding year in principle. Statistically speaking, it has the same effect of rebasing the constant price GDP series every year. The chain volume measures of GDP take account of the up-to-date price structures as weights in aggregating the volume estimates of the GDP components, thus providing a better measure of the real growth rate of an economy.

16. The chain volume index series can be converted into the chained dollar series by multiplying the chain volume index for each year by the current price value for the reference year. In other words, the chained dollar series is derived by extrapolation of the current price value for the reference year backward and forward using the chain volume index as the extrapolator. Thus, real growth rates of GDP and its components calculated from the chained dollar estimates are the same as those calculated from the corresponding chain volume indices. As the extrapolation process is carried out for GDP and its components independently in calculating the chained dollar series (in order to preserve the historical real growth rates of GDP and its components), discrepancies may exist between the chain volume measure of GDP and the sum of the chain volume measures of its components for periods prior to the reference year. It should be noted that such non-additivity arises from purely mathematical reasons; the discrepancies should not be interpreted as an indicator to reflect the data quality of GDP statistics.

按開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值

17. 編製以物量計算按開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值時，會採用一個標準平減物價方法。每個開支組成部分物量數值的計算方法，是把經平減物價的各個分項組成部分加起來。把以物量計算的各個開支組成部分進一步相加起來，便取得以物量計算的本地生產總值。

18. 本地生產總值的內含平減物價指數（或簡稱本地生產總值平減物價指數）的變動率，可用作概括地量度一個經濟體的整體通貨膨脹。這個指數涵蓋有關消費、投資和進出口的價格變動。

19. 要計算本地生產總值及其開支組成部分的內含平減物價指數，須把以當時價格計算的有關數值除以相應的以物量計算的數值，然後再乘以100。換言之，本地生產總值及其開支組成部分的內含平減物價指數，並不是用以計算相關的以物量計算的數值的。

按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值

20. 隨着政府統計處過去多年不斷發展和加強按月及按季經濟統計調查，更多經濟數據得以齊備，包括短期經濟指標（如服務業的按季業務收益）和為某些選定服務行業編製生產者價格指數。生產者價格指數旨在量度本地生產者就其產品及服務所收取價格的平均變動。生產者價格是指生產者對其產品及服務所收取的實際交易價格，即已扣除任何退回買家的折扣、回佣或津貼，但包括生產者收取的附加費用。有了這些齊備的數據，使編製以物量計算按經濟活動劃分的按季本地生產總值得以實行。

21. 就香港而言，以物量計算按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值一般用4種方法編製：（甲）以前一年增加價值單一外推編算方法，所用的外推指標是經平減的生產總額（例如經生產者價格指數平減的業務收益）；（乙）以前一年增加價值單一外推編算方法，所用的外推指標是物量／數量數據（例如貿易量和產品的實質數量）；（丙）以前一年增加價值單一外推編算方法，所用的外推指標是投入指標（例如工作時數）；及（丁）雙指標編算方法。一些統計先進的經濟體編製以物量估計的按季增加價值時普遍採用首兩個方法，香港也較多採用這兩個方法。有關詳細方法和指標，請參考2019年2月出版的《2018年本地生產總值》第4節。

編製本地生產總值的數據來源

22. 編製按開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值的數據來源，包括對外貿易統計數字、對工商機構及住戶進行的按年、按季及按月統計調查、政府帳目，以及政府部門和其他組織的行政數據。

23. 至於按經濟活動劃分的按年本地生產總值數字，數據來源主要是根據涵蓋所有主要經濟活動的「經濟活動按年統計調查」以及行政紀錄所得的數據。而編製按季物量估計的數據來源，主要包括對工商機構及住戶進行的按季及按月統

GDP by expenditure component

17. In compiling GDP by expenditure component in volume terms, a standard deflation approach is adopted. The volume measure of each expenditure component is obtained by adding up the respective deflated sub-components. The volume measures of the expenditure components are further aggregated to arrive at the volume measure of GDP.

18. The rate of change in the implicit price deflator of GDP (or GDP deflator in short) can be used as a broad measure of overall inflation in an economy. It takes account of all price changes relating to consumption, investment, exports and imports.

19. The implicit price deflators of GDP and its expenditure components are obtained by dividing the respective current price values by the corresponding volume measures and then multiplying by 100. Hence as it stands, the implicit price deflators of GDP and its expenditure components are not used as inputs for compiling the corresponding volume measures.

GDP by economic activity

20. With the continuous development and enhancement of monthly and quarterly economic surveys conducted by the Census and Statistics Department (C&SD) over the past years, more economic data are available, including the availability of short-term economic indicators (e.g. quarterly business receipts of service industries) and producer price indices (PPIs) for selected service industries. PPI is a measure of the average change in prices of goods and services received by local producers. Producer prices are transacted prices of their goods and services, net of any discounts, rebates or allowances given to buyers but including surcharges received by producers. The availability of such data enables the compilation of quarterly volume measures of GDP by economic activity.

21. The volume estimates of GDP by economic activity in Hong Kong are generally compiled using four methods: (a) single extrapolation of previous year value added by deflated gross output measures (e.g. business receipts deflated by PPI); (b) single extrapolation of previous year value added by volume / quantity measures such as volume of trade and physical units of outputs; (c) single extrapolation of previous year value added by input indicators such as hours worked; and (d) double indicators method. The first two methods are most frequently applied in Hong Kong for compiling quarterly volume estimates of value added, as in some statistically advanced economies. For detailed methods and indicators used, please refer to Section 4 of the 2018 Gross Domestic Product published in February 2019.

Data sources for compiling GDP

22. Data sources for compiling GDP by expenditure component include external trade statistics; annual, quarterly and monthly surveys on industrial / business establishments and on households; government accounts and administrative data from government departments and other organisations.

23. As for GDP by economic activity, data sources for compiling annual figures mainly include data collected from Annual Survey of Economic Activities which covers all major economic activities, and administrative records. Data sources for compiling quarterly volume estimates mainly include

計調查、政府帳目，以及政府部門和其他組織的行政數據。

本地生產總值的發表形式

24. 在引進以物量計算按經濟活動劃分的按季本地生產總值後，以開支面編製的本地生產總值仍會繼續用作單一本地生產總值數字。以開支面編製的本地生產總值已編製了一段長時間，可準確和及時地量度經濟實質增長。

25. 統計差額指以當時價格計算，以開支面編製的本地生產總值與以生產面編製的本地生產總值之間的差額。這差額是由於在編製過程中數據來源及估算方法有所不同而引致的。

本地生產總值數據發布的名稱法

26. 在香港，首次公布的某一期間的按開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值數字稱為「預先估計數字」。至於按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值，首次公布的數字稱為「初步數字」。當獲得更多數據後，已發表的本地生產總值數字會作出修訂。這例行修訂符合國際一貫的做法，即盡早採用部分數據來編製和公布本地生產總值數字。其後公布的所有經修訂數字均稱為「修訂數字」。一般而言，已採納了全部定期資料來源所得的數據編製而成的數字，則為最終數字。

本地生產總值統計數字的修訂及公布

27. 按開支組成部分劃分的按年本地生產總值預先估計數字，是在統計年度結束後約一個月公布。至於以當時價格計算按經濟活動劃分的按年本地生產總值初步數字，由於數據所限，只能在該統計年度結束後約11個月公布。隨後，已發表的按年本地生產總值數字便會根據最新資料作出修訂。每年的最終數字會在該統計年度結束後第3年的2月份公布。

28. 按開支組成部分劃分的按季本地生產總值預先估計數字，會在統計季度結束後約一個月以新聞稿形式公布。預先估計數字只包括整體本地生產總值及其主要開支組成部分的實質增長。這些按季數列其後會根據最新資料作出修訂。經修訂的按季本地生產總值數字（及更詳細分項統計數字），以及以當時市價計算的本地生產總值和本地生產總值平減物價指數會在政府統計處網站和《本地生產總值（季刊）》公布。

29. 以物量計算按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值按季數列的初步數字，會在統計季度結束後略少於3個月以新聞稿形式公布。編製按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值的時滯，比編製按開支組成部分劃分的本地生產總值的較長，這是因為編製以物量計算按經濟活動劃分的按季本地生產總值所需的數據，大部分是從以機構為統計調查單位的各類經濟統計調查得來，這些機構通常需要較多時間填報數據給予政府統計處。

quarterly and monthly surveys on industrial / business establishments and on households; government accounts and administrative data from government departments and other organisations.

Presentation of GDP

24. Notwithstanding the introduction of the quarterly volume measures of GDP by economic activity, the practice of using GDP compiled by the expenditure approach as the single measure of GDP is to continue. GDP compiled by the expenditure approach has been produced for a long time, providing a timely and accurate measure of economic growth in real terms.

25. Statistical discrepancy refers to the difference in values of current price GDP compiled using the expenditure and production approaches, as a result of the adoption of different data sources and estimation methods in the compilation processes.

Nomenclature for data release of GDP

26. In Hong Kong, the first released figures on GDP by expenditure component in respect of a period are called “advance estimates”. For GDP by economic activity, the first released figures are called “preliminary figures”. When more data become available, both sets of GDP figures will be revised. This routine revision is in accordance with the international practice to compile and release GDP figures at the earliest possible time by using only partial data. All those figures published subsequently, on revision, are called “revised figures”. In general, the figures are finalised when data from all regular sources are incorporated.

Revision and publication of GDP statistics

27. Advance estimates on annual GDP by expenditure component are released about one month after the reference year. For annual GDP by economic activity at current prices, preliminary figures are released about eleven months after the reference year because of data limitations. Subsequently, both sets of annual GDP figures are revised based on latest information available until they become finalised around the third February after the reference year.

28. Advance estimates on quarterly GDP by expenditure component are released about one month after the reference quarter in a press release. The advance estimates include only the real growth of overall GDP and its major expenditure components. The quarterly series is then revised and released based on latest information available. The revised quarterly figures on GDP (and more detailed statistics) as well as the current price GDP and GDP deflator are released at the C&SD website and the *Gross Domestic Product (Quarterly) Report*.

29. Preliminary figures for quarterly series of volume measures of GDP by economic activity are released with a time lag of slightly less than three months after the reference quarter in a press release. The time lag for producing GDP by economic activity is longer than that of GDP by expenditure component. This is because the volume measures of quarterly GDP by economic activity are mainly compiled from data collected in various economic surveys on establishments, for which more time is normally required for the establishments to report data to C&SD.

30. 本報告內2017年及以後的數列，在得到更多數據時會作出例行修訂。

31. 除了例行修訂外，政府統計處會按照慣常做法，不時對本地生產總值統計數字作非例行的技術性修訂，適當地納入最新的數據來源、經改良的估算方法，以及國際標準、定義和分類方法上的改變。這些都是不斷研究及發展本地生產總值編製架構的成果。持續提升本地生產總值統計數字的質素和可靠性，是符合國際一貫的做法的。在非例行修訂工作中，本地生產總值及其組成部分的整系數列可能會因應有關工作的範圍而作出修訂。

32. 根據本地生產總值的首次估計和在3年後公布已納入所有定期數據來源所得的修訂數字的差異，按季本地生產總值的按年實質增長率在5年期間的「平均修訂」¹一般在0.2個百分點或以下。同期的「平均絕對修訂」¹則少於0.5個百分點。「平均修訂」及「平均絕對修訂」分別量度修訂的方向和幅度，有助評估首次估計的可靠性。

應用本地生產總值按季數字時須注意的要點

33. 本地生產總值按季數列，提供最新資料，用作評估當時的經濟表現。但在應用這些資料時，應當留意由於數據所限，本地生產總值及其組成部分的按季數列，有時會作出重大修訂。普遍來說，本地生產總值按季數列的準確程度較按年數列為低。

經季節性調整的本地生產總值

34. 本地生產總值按季數字是會受季節性變動影響的。例如第3季及第4季的本地生產總值，通常會高於同年的第1季及第2季。因此，在比較兩個相連季度的本地生產總值數字時，必須十分小心。不過，如計算按年同季的增長率，即是把某一季的數字與對上一年同季比較，則大致上可剔除這些季節性效應。

35. 本地生產總值及其中一些開支組成部分（包括私人消費開支、政府消費開支、貨品出口、服務輸出、貨品進口及服務輸入）的經季節性調整的按季數列，現時皆有編製。然而，由於本地資本形成總額並沒有明顯的季節性模式，所以並沒有就這個組成部分編製經季節性調整的數列。

30. In this report, GDP series for years 2017 and onwards is subject to routine revision as more data become available.

31. In addition to routine revisions, it is an established practice of C&SD to undertake non-routine technical revision exercises from time to time to enhance the quality of Hong Kong's GDP statistics by incorporating new data sources, improved estimation methods, and changes in international standards, definitions and classifications where applicable, which are results of continuous research and development on the GDP compilation framework. This is in line with the international practice to improve the quality and reliability of GDP statistics on a continuous basis. In a non-routine revision exercise, the entire series of GDP and its components may be subject to revision in accordance with the scope of the exercise concerned.

32. Over a period of five years, based on the differences between the first estimate of the GDP and the revised figure released three years later which has incorporated data from all regular sources, the “average revision”¹ of the year-on-year real growth rates of quarterly GDP is generally 0.2% point or less. The “average absolute revision”¹ over the same period is less than 0.5% point. The “average revision” and “average absolute revision” measure the direction and size of revisions respectively and are useful for assessing the reliability of the first estimate.

Caution on the use of quarterly GDP figures

33. Quarterly GDP provides up-to-date information for assessing the current economic performance. However, users should note that quarterly series of GDP and its components are sometimes subject to large revision because of data limitations. Generally speaking, the quarterly series is less precise than the annual series.

Seasonally adjusted GDP

34. Quarterly GDP figures are subject to seasonal variations. For instance, the values of the GDP are normally higher in the third and fourth quarters than in the first and second quarters of the same year. Therefore, great care has to be exercised in comparing the value of a quarterly GDP with that for the preceding quarter. Such seasonal effects, nevertheless, may be largely removed by calculating the year-on-year growth rate, which compares a quarterly figure with the corresponding one in the preceding year.

35. Seasonally adjusted data series is currently compiled for the quarterly series of the aggregate GDP and some of its expenditure components, including private consumption expenditure, government consumption expenditure, exports of goods, exports of services, imports of goods and imports of services. However, seasonally adjusted data series is not compiled for gross domestic capital formation, as no clear seasonal pattern is identified for this component.

¹ 計算「平均修訂」(AR)和「平均絕對修訂」(AAR)的方法如下:-

$$AR = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n (R_t - P_t) \quad AAR = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n |R_t - P_t|$$

其中 R_t 是修訂數字， P_t 是首次估計， $(R_t - P_t)$ 是修訂幅度，而 n 是參考季度的數目。

¹ The “average revision” (AR) and “average absolute revision” (AAR) are calculated as follows :-

$$AR = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n (R_t - P_t) \quad AAR = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n |R_t - P_t|$$

where R_t is the revised figure, P_t is the first estimate, $(R_t - P_t)$ is the extent of revision and n is the number of reference quarters.

36. 經季節性調整的本地生產總值數列，由於已使用統計方法剔除了季節性因素的影響，所以兩個相連季度的數字可以進行更有意義的比較。把本地生產總值原始季度數列的按年變動數字與經季節性調整的本地生產總值數列的相連季度變動數字一起進行分析，便能更清楚顯示本地生產總值的趨勢。

37. 經季節性調整的本地生產總值及其組成部分的數列採用了「X-12自迴歸－求和－移動平均」(X-12ARIMA)方法來編製，該方法是應用統計學方法從數列中剔除季節性效應的標準方法。經季節性調整的數列可隨着資料更新而作出修訂。

各組成部分在本地生產總值的按年實質變動百分率中所佔的比率

38. 本地生產總值各組成部分在本地生產總值實質變動中所佔的比率，可量度個別組成部分的變動對本地生產總值變動的影響。計算個別組成部分*i*在某季*t*的本地生產總值的按年實質變動百分率中所佔的比率的方法，是把該組成部分*i*在某季*t*的按年實質變動百分率乘以該組成部分*i*在對上一年相同季度內相對於本地生產總值的物量比率而得來。

本地居民總收入的概念與編製方法

39. 本地居民總收入指一個經濟體的居民透過從事各項經濟活動而賺取的總收入，不論該等經濟活動是否在該經濟體的經濟領域內或外進行。換言之，編製本地居民總收入應包括本地居民在該經濟領域內或外從事各類經濟活動的收入，並扣除非本地居民在該經濟領域內從事經濟活動的收入。

40. 本地居民總收入的計算方法如下：

$$\begin{aligned}\text{本地居民總收入} &= \text{本地生產總值} \\ &\quad + \text{對外初次收入流量淨值} \\ &= \text{本地生產總值} \\ &\quad + \text{本地居民從經濟領域外所賺取的初次收入} \\ &\quad - \text{非本地居民從經濟領域內所賺取的初次收入}\end{aligned}$$

41. 一個經濟體的按人口平均計算的本地居民總收入指把該經濟體在某統計年的本地居民總收入除以該經濟體在同年的年中人口總數所得的數字。

42. 根據「一國兩制」原則，香港與中國內地之間的初次收入流量，視作對外初次收入流量，並涵蓋在香港的本地居民總收入數字內。

36. In the seasonally adjusted GDP series, since seasonal effects have been removed statistically, figures for consecutive quarters can be compared more meaningfully. When the year-on-year changes for the quarterly figures in the original GDP series and the quarter-to-quarter changes in the seasonally adjusted GDP series are analysed together, the trend of the GDP can be more clearly discerned.

37. Seasonal adjustment of GDP and its components is performed using the X-12 ARIMA method which is a standard method used for removing seasonal effects from data series statistically. Seasonally adjusted series may be revised as more data become available.

Component contribution to year-on-year rate of change in real terms of GDP

38. The contributions of GDP components to the percentage change in real terms of GDP provide a measure of the composition of GDP rate of change that is attributable to changes in individual components. The percentage point contribution of component *i* to the year-on-year percentage change of GDP in a particular quarter *t* is compiled by multiplying the year-on-year percentage change of component *i* in quarter *t* by the volume ratio of component *i* to GDP in the same quarter of previous year.

Concepts and methods for compiling GNI

39. GNI is a measure of the total income earned by residents of an economy from engaging in various economic activities, irrespective of whether the economic activities are carried out within the economic territory of the economy or outside. In other words, in compiling GNI, income earned by residents from engaging in various economic activities within or outside the economic territory are included, whereas income earned by non-residents from engaging in economic activities within the economic territory are excluded.

40. GNI is computed as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{GNI} &= \text{GDP} + \text{Net external primary income flows} \\ &= \text{GDP} + \text{Primary income earned by residents from outside the economic territory} \\ &\quad - \text{Primary income earned by non-residents from within the economic territory}\end{aligned}$$

41. Per capita GNI of an economy is obtained by dividing GNI in a year by the mid-year population of that economy in the same year.

42. Under the “One Country, Two Systems” principle, primary income flows between Hong Kong and the mainland of China are treated as external primary income flows and covered in Hong Kong’s GNI figures.

43. 對外初次收入流量的分類，基本上跟隨香港國際收支平衡統計內初次收入帳目的標準組成部分。這些收入組成部分包括直接投資收益、證券投資收益、其他投資收益、儲備資產收益及僱員報酬。

- (i) 直接投資收益指一個經濟體的居民在該經濟體的經濟領域外從直接投資所賺取的收益，及非居民在該經濟領域內從直接投資所賺取的收益，而直接投資者對該等企業擁有持久利益及在其管理上具有相當程度的影響力或話語權。就統計計算而言，若投資者持有某企業10%或以上的表決權，便視作對該企業的管理具話語權。這些收益的形式包括分派的股息、應佔的未派盈利、公司間債務的淨利息收益及租金總額。對外投資於地產亦屬一種直接投資。根據統計慣例，一個經濟體的土地及其他不動產及實物（如樓宇），只可由該經濟體的居民所擁有。假如一個香港居民在香港經濟領域外擁有地產，他／她會被視為在該經濟體擁有一間名義上的公司，而這公司則擁有該地產。此名義公司與該地產的法權擁有人的關係，可視作直接投資關係。
- (ii) 證券投資收益指本地居民從投資非本地股權證券和債務證券（如中長期債券、貨幣市場工具）所得的收益，及非居民從投資本地股權證券和債務證券所得的收益。與直接投資者相比，投資在非本地企業所發行的股權證券及債務證券的本地證券投資者，在該等企業並無持久利益或在管理方面沒有影響力。凡持有一間企業不足10%的表決權均視為證券投資。
- (iii) 其他投資收益指對非居民的其他金融申索及負債所引致的利息流入及流出，而這些收益並不屬於直接投資收益、證券投資收益或儲備資產收益。其他投資包括不可轉讓的貸款、貨幣和存款、貿易信貸和預付款，以及其他資產／負債。應收及應付的利息收益須剔除金融中介服務。

43. The classification of external primary income flows (EPIF) basically follows the classification of standard components of the primary income account of Hong Kong's Balance of Payments. These income components include direct investment income (DII), portfolio investment income (PII), other investment income (OII), income on reserve assets (RA) and compensation of employees (CE).

- (i) DII refers to earnings of residents of an economy from their direct investment outside the economic territory of the economy, and earnings of non-residents from their direct investment within the economic territory, in which direct investors acquire a lasting interest and a significant degree of influence or an effective voice in the management of the enterprises concerned. For statistical purpose, an effective voice is taken as being equivalent to a holding of 10% or more of the voting power in an enterprise. These earnings are in the form of receipts of distributed dividends, share of undistributed profits, net interest receipts from inter-company debts and gross rentals. External investment in real estate is also a form of direct investment. By statistical convention, land and other immovable structures and objects (e.g. buildings) in an economy can only be owned by residents of that economy. If a Hong Kong resident owns real estate outside the economic territory of Hong Kong, he / she should be regarded as owning a nominal company in the economy in question which in turn owns the real estate. The relationship between such nominal company and legal owner of the real estate is then treated as a direct investment relationship.
- (ii) PII refers to earnings of residents from investment in non-resident equity securities and debt securities (e.g. bonds and notes, money market instruments), and earnings of non-residents from investment in resident equity securities and debt securities. Compared with direct investors, portfolio investors of an economy holding equity securities and debt securities of non-resident enterprises have no lasting interest or influence in the management of the enterprises concerned. A holding of less than 10% of the voting power in an enterprise is regarded as portfolio investment.
- (iii) OII refers to interest inflow and outflow arising from other financial claims on and liabilities to non-residents that are not classified as DII, PII or income on RA. Other investment includes non-marketable loans, currency and deposits, trade credits and advances, and other assets / liabilities. Interest income receivable and payable should be net of financial intermediation services.

- (iv) 儲備資產收益指一個經濟體的金融當局的儲備資產投資收益。儲備資產是由一個經濟體的金融當局（就香港而言，即香港金融管理局）控制的對外資產，並隨時可供金融當局用來應付國際收支平衡的財務需要、干預外匯市場以調節該經濟體的貨幣匯率，以及用作其他相關目的（如維持大眾對貨幣及經濟的信心，及作為向外地借貸的基礎）。該等投資收益包括股權證券收益、債務證券收益及外幣存款利息收益等。
- (v) 僱員報酬指非居民受僱於一個經濟體的經濟領域內所賺取的勞工收益，及本地居民受僱於經濟領域外所賺取的勞工收益，包括工資、薪金及其他現金或實物報酬。
- (iv) Income on RA refers to investment earnings of the monetary authority of an economy from reserve assets. Reserve assets are external assets that are readily available to and controlled by the monetary authority of an economy (which refers to the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in the case of Hong Kong) for meeting balance of payments financing needs, for intervention in exchange markets to regulate the currency exchange rate of that economy, and for other related purposes (such as maintaining confidence in the currency and the economy, and serving as a basis for foreign borrowing). Examples of such investment earnings include equity securities earnings, debt securities earnings and interest earned from foreign currency deposits.
- (v) CE refers to labour income earned by non-residents from their employment within the economic territory of an economy, and labour income earned by residents from their employment outside the economic territory. It comprises wages, salaries and other remuneration whether paid in cash or in kind.

本地居民總收入的數據來源

44. 本地居民總收入是根據本地生產總值數字及從「對外申索、負債及收益統計調查」所搜集得有關對外初次收入流量的數據，並輔以由其他來源所得數據編製而成的。這項統計調查是根據《普查及統計條例》進行。

實質本地總收入、實質本地居民總收入和本地居民可支配總收入

45. 以對上一年價格計算的實質本地總收入是把本地生產總值的物量數字加上貿易價格比率變動的調整計算所得。由於進出口價格的相對變動，引致以一定數量的出口產品所能換取的進口產品有所改變，這指標可反映實質生產量的對外購買力。計算貿易價格比率變動的調整是 $(\frac{X}{P_m} - \frac{X}{P_x})$ ，其中X為以當時價格計算的貨品出口及服務輸出的總值， P_m 為貨品進口及服務輸入的價格指數， P_x 為貨品出口及服務輸出的價格指數。以環比物量計算的實質本地總收入是採用按年重訂權數及環比連接法編製而成的。

46. 實質本地居民總收入量度一個經濟體的居民所賺取的總收入所帶來的實質購買力，並考慮了進出口價格的相對變動的影響。以對上一年價格計算的實質本地居民總收入是把實質對外初次收入流量淨值加進實質本地總收入。以環比物量計算的實質本地居民總收入是採用按年重訂權數及環比連接法編製而成的。一個經濟體的按人口平均計算的實質本地居民總收入指把該經濟體在某統計年的實質本地居民總收入除以該經濟體在同年的年中人口總數所得的數字。

47. 本地居民可支配總收入是把本地居民總收入加上二次收入淨值計算而成。這指標反映本地居民可用於最終消費和儲蓄總額的收入。

Data sources for compiling GNI

44. GNI is compiled based on GDP figures and data on EPIF collected from the Survey of External Claims, Liabilities and Income (SECLI), supplemented by data from other sources. The survey is conducted under the provision of the Census and Statistics Ordinance.

Real Gross Domestic Income, real Gross National Income and Gross National Disposable Income

45. Real Gross Domestic Income (RGDI) at preceding year prices is calculated as the GDP in volume terms plus terms of trade adjustment. It reflects the external purchasing power of the real output, as the relative movements in import and export prices result in a varying volume of imports being exchangeable for a given volume of exports. The terms of trade adjustment is calculated as $(\frac{X}{P_m} - \frac{X}{P_x})$, where X is the total value of exports of goods and services at current prices, P_m the price index for imports of goods and services and P_x the price index for exports of goods and services. The RGDI in chained dollars is calculated using the annually re-weighted chain linking approach.

46. Real Gross National Income (RGNI) measures the real purchasing power of the total income earned by residents of an economy, taking into account the relative changes in import and export prices. RGNI at preceding year prices is obtained by adding RGDI to the real net EPIF. The RGNI in chained dollars is calculated using the annually re-weighted chain linking approach. Per capita RGNI of an economy is obtained by dividing RGNI in a year by the mid-year population of that economy in the same year.

47. Gross National Disposable Income is derived as the GNI plus net secondary income. It measures the income available to residents for final consumption and gross saving.

有關刊物

48. 有關在本地生產總值編製架構中採用最新國際統計標準作出技術性修訂後的結果，請參考2012年9月出版的《本地生產總值統計特刊》。

49. 有關本地生產總值及相關的國民經濟核算統計的基本概念、定義及編製方法的詳細資料，請參考《2018年本地生產總值》及《理解本地生產總值及本地居民總收入的概念》小冊子。

50. 有關以環比物量計算本地生產總值的詳情，請參考《本地生產總值統計特刊—本地生產總值的環比物量計算》。

51. 數據用戶可以在政府統計處網站 (www.censtatd.gov.hk/hkstat/sub/sp250_tc.jsp) 下載本地生產總值及本地居民總收入統計數字。

Further reference

48. For details on the results of the technical revision exercise to incorporate the latest international statistical standards in the GDP compilation framework, please refer to the *Special Report on Gross Domestic Product* published in September 2012.

49. For details about the basic concepts, definitions and compilation methodology of GDP and related national accounts statistics, please refer to the *2018 Gross Domestic Product* annual report and the pamphlet *Understanding the Concepts of Gross Domestic Product and Gross National Income*.

50. For details on the chain volume measures of GDP, please refer to the *Special Report on Gross Domestic Product – Chain Volume Measures of Gross Domestic Product*.

51. Data users may download GDP and GNI statistics from the C&SD website (www.censtatd.gov.hk/hkstat/sub/sp250.jsp).

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網站

用戶可以在政府統計處網站 (www.censtatd.gov.hk/hkstat/quicklink/index_tc.jsp) 免費下載統計刊物。

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